DESCRIPTION

The Spine Journal, the official journal of the North American Spine Society, is an international and multidisciplinary journal that publishes original, peer-reviewed articles on research and treatment related to the spine and spine care, including basic science and clinical investigations. It is a condition of publication that manuscripts submitted to The Spine Journal have not been published, and will not be simultaneously submitted or published elsewhere. The Spine Journal also publishes major reviews of specific topics by acknowledged authorities, technical notes, teaching editorials, and other special features, Letters to the Editor-in-Chief are encouraged.

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Introduction

The Spine Journal, the official journal of the North American Spine Society, is an international and multidisciplinary journal that publishes original, peer-reviewed articles on research and treatment related to the spine. The Spine Journal (TSJ) seeks to publish high-quality, ethical, evidence-based spine care, including basic science and clinical investigations. TSJ also publishes major reviews of specific topics as well as editorials. TSJ is not currently seeking case reports, technical reports, or small case series, with rare exceptions.

All submissions are accepted with the understanding that they have not been, and will not be, published elsewhere substantially in any format. Also, there should be no ethical concerns with the content or data collection. TSJ reserves the right to request any research materials on which the paper is based.

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Article Types

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TSJ has adopted guidelines designed to improve the reporting of clinical studies. By following these guidelines, many of which include checklists and flow charts, authors ensure that readers can assess the validity of their findings. Submissions to TSJ must adhere to the guideline that applies to their study, as specified below.

Clinical studies should be between 1500 and 4500 words (approx. 6 to 12 double-spaced pages).

1. Controlled Trials

a) Randomized controlled trials (RCTs): a) Randomized controlled trials (RCTs): Complete CONSORT checklist and include flow diagram in article.


Website: http://www.consort-statement.org/

CONSORT extensions may apply to specific study types:

i. Non-inferiority and Equivalence RCTs:

ii. Cluster RCTs:

iii. Non-pharmacological treatment interventions:

iv. Health-Related Quality of Life Studies:

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A controlled trial is defined by the ICMJE as any research project that prospectively assigns human subjects to intervention and comparison groups to study the cause-and-effect relationship between a medical intervention and a health outcome. A controlled trial, whether randomized or not, must be registered in a public registry meeting ICMJE requirements prior to submission to TSJ.

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Website: http://prisma-statement.org/

b) Reviews of observational studies:


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