DESCRIPTION

*BBA Clinical* is an open access biomedical journal dedicated to human research. It brings together clinical and biochemical human studies, providing a new venue for researchers using observational studies and clinical trials to understand the molecular and biochemical processes involved in human disease.

All articles in *BBA Clinical* should describe, in part or entirely, studies using human patient samples or human cohorts. Manuscripts should emphasize the implications that biochemical mechanisms have for the observed clinical findings, and focus on describing how the data contribute to understanding and treatment of the clinical condition. Highly descriptive and method-development submissions may be declined without review.

Clinical areas of particular interest include aging, cancer, cardiovascular-, metabolic-, neurological-, and immunological-based diseases; the interactions that may occur among these diseases and conditions; and studies that examine early or pre-symptomatic states. Cross-sectional and prospective studies from well-established cohorts, and studies involving imaging methodologies, are particularly encouraged.

Invited reviews and editorials, focused on cutting-edge aspects of clinical research, will appear on a regular basis to complement regular research articles. Unsolicited review articles will be considered only in exceptional cases, and should be preceded by a letter of enquiry from the author, outlining the proposed review and compelling reasons why the subject is timely and important.

*BBA Clinical* is the clinical complement to *BBA Molecular Basis of Disease*, which focuses on the molecular and biochemical basis of such conditions in pre-clinical studies, such as cell culture and animal models.

ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

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Alzheimer’s disease, Parkinson’s disease, psychiatric disorders, stroke, Exercise, Energy metabolism

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Proteases, connective tissue, arthritis, glycoside hydrolases, protein engineering, biomarkers

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pancreatic cancer; gene-environment interactions; oncogenes; environmental health; clinical epidemiology; molecular epidemiology; environmental pollutants

Andrei Sposito, MD
Universidade Estadual de Campinas (UNICAMP), Campinas, Brazil
High-density lipoprotein, endothelial function, myocardial infarction, cardiovascular risk, secondary prevention

Kinga Szigeti, MD, PhD, Buffalo State, The State University of New York, Buffalo, NY, USA

Diederik Van de Beek, MD, PhD, Universiteit van Amsterdam, Academisch Medisch Centrum (AMC), Amsterdam, Netherlands

Neurology, neurological infectious diseases and neurological inflammation, bacterial meningitis, infections after stroke, septic encephalopathy, neurological complications of HIV, and inflammatory neuropathies

Hong-Bing Xiang, MD, PhD, Huazhong University of Science and Technology, Tongji Hospital of Tongji Medical College, Hubei, China

pain, itch, neurodegeneration, deep brain stimulation, virus-mediated multi-synaptic tracer

Li Xiang Ping, Nanfang Hospital, Southern Medical University, Guangzhou, China
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Types of article

Original Research Articles and Review Articles.

Reviews and mini-reviews are typically commissioned by the Editors. All Review Articles should be authoritative, state-of-the-art accounts of the selected research field, be of high interest, balanced and accurate. Beyond summaries of important scientific developments and ideas, authors are encouraged to identify and discuss how the field may be impacted or develop in the future, including insights that may be of significance to the scientific community. All BBA Review Articles undergo rigorous and full peer review, in the same way as regular research papers, and publication cannot be guaranteed.

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Although Reviews are not of any fixed length, they are usually 6,000 to 10,000 words in length (excluding references and figure legends), include an abstract that is no more than 150 words, up to 100 references (should include titles), and a minimum of three figures/illustrations.

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Divide your article into clearly defined and numbered sections. Subsections should be numbered 1.1 (then 1.1.1, 1.1.2, ...), 1.2, etc. (the abstract is not included in section numbering). Use this numbering also for internal cross-referencing: do not just refer to 'the text'. Any subsection may be given a brief heading. Each heading should appear on its own separate line.

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