AUSTRALIAN CRITICAL CARE
Official journal of the Australian College of Critical Care Nurses (ACCCN)

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DESCRIPTION
Australian Critical Care is the official journal of the Australian College of Critical Care Nurses (ACCCN). It is a bi-monthly peer-reviewed journal, providing clinically relevant research, reviews and articles of interest to the critical care community. Australian Critical Care publishes peer-reviewed scholarly papers that report research findings, research-based reviews, discussion papers and commentaries which are of interest to an international readership of critical care practitioners, educators, administrators and researchers. Interprofessional articles are welcomed.

IMPACT FACTOR
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ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING
PubMed/Medline

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GUIDE FOR AUTHORS

INTRODUCTION

_Australian Critical Care_ is the official journal of the Australian College of Critical Care Nurses and publishes peer-reviewed scholarly papers that report research findings, research-based reviews, discussion papers and commentaries which are of interest to an international readership of critical care practitioners, educators, administrators and researchers.

Papers should address issues of interest to critical care clinicians and present the paper in the context of the existing international research base on the topic. Selection of papers for publication is based on their scientific excellence, distinctive contribution to knowledge (including methodological development) and their importance to contemporary critical care practice.

The journal does not accept manuscripts containing animal experimentation.

**Submission checklist**

You can use this list to carry out a final check of your submission before you send it to the journal for review. Please check the relevant section in this Guide for Authors for more details.

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Submitted material will be handled in confidence except for the purposes of review and in order to investigate possible misconduct, including but not limited to concurrent submissions to multiple journals, high percentage of text matching and concerns around research validity, conduct and reporting.
Submitted papers should be relevant to critical care practice. As Australian Critical Care has a global readership, authors should place their paper within the international context. Details of national practices, policies, law, etc. should be provided in the paper to provide information for all readers. If possible, authors should consult a recent issue of the journal to assess style and presentation of manuscripts published. The journal is widely distributed internationally, and for many readers English is a second language, therefore authors are requested to write in plain English and use terminology which is internationally acceptable. While Australian Critical Care accepts manuscripts from a range of health professionals, it is important to recognise that nurses are the primary readers of this journal.

**CONSIDERATIONS SPECIFIC TO TYPES OF RESEARCH DESIGNS**

The editors require that manuscripts adhere to recognised reporting guidelines relevant to the research design used. These identify matters that should be addressed in your paper. These are not quality assessment frameworks and your study need not meet all the criteria implied in the reporting guideline to be worthy of publication in the journal. The checklists do identify essential matters that should be considered and reported. For example, a controlled trial may or may not be blinded but it is important that the paper identifies whether or not participants, clinicians and outcome assessors were aware of treatment assignments.

You are required to submit a checklist from the appropriate reporting guideline together with your paper as a guide to the editors and reviewers of your paper. Authors are required to consult the EQUATOR Network website for updated and new reporting guidelines (see [http://www.equator-network.org/](http://www.equator-network.org/)). The relevant reporting guideline must be uploaded with the submitted manuscript.

**Common reporting guidelines are listed below:**

- **Observational cohort, case-control and cross-sectional studies** - STROBE
  - Strengthening the Reporting of Observational Studies in Epidemiology

- **Quasi-experimental/non-randomised evaluations** - TREND
  - Transparent Reporting of Evaluations with Non-randomized Designs

- **Randomised (and quasi-randomised) controlled trial** - CONSORT
  - Consolidated Standards of Reporting Trials

- **Study of Diagnostic accuracy/assessment scale** - STARD
  - Standards for the Reporting of Diagnostic Accuracy Studies

- **Systematic Review of Controlled Trials** - PRISMA
  - Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses

- **Systematic Review of Observational Studies** - MOOSE
  - Meta-analysis of Observational Studies in Epidemiology

- **Standards for reporting quality improvement in health care** - SQUIRE
  - Standards for Quality Improvement Reporting Excellence

- **Basic statistical reporting for articles published in biomedical journals** - SAMPL
  - Statistical Analyses and Methods in the Published Literature

- **Reporting Case Studies** - CARE

- **Qualitative studies** - SRQR
  - Standards for reporting qualitative research

- **Synthesis of Qualitative Research** - ENTREQ
  - Enhancing transparency in reporting the synthesis of qualitative research
Types of article

*Australian Critical Care* publishes original research, reviews, case studies and discussion papers. In addition we publish letters, editorials and commentaries on existing content with the journal. Where a case is made we will also publish study protocols.

**Word limits** - Our experience suggests that all things being equal, readers find shorter papers more useful than longer ones. Given this, and competition for space in the Journal, papers of between 2,000 and 3,500 words are preferred. Word limits are exclusive of figures, table and references. Additional information to enhance the manuscript, such as copies of developed tools or additional data, can be made available as supplementary files.

**Exceptions** - Authors of any manuscripts that do not comply with these restrictions should make preliminary enquiry to the Editor-in-Chief before submitting the manuscript.

**Editorials** - 1,000–1,500 words

Authors who have ideas for editorials which address issues of substantive concern to the discipline, particularly those of a controversial nature or linked directly to forthcoming content in the journal, should contact the Editor-in-Chief (editor.acc@acccn.com.au).

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Full papers reporting original research can be a maximum of 3,500 words in length, although shorter papers are preferred. In some instances, qualitative papers may be up to 5,000 words in length, where appropriate. Research papers should adhere to recognised standards for reporting (see above guidance and Author Checklist).

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*Australian Critical Care* accepts quantitative, qualitative and integrative reviews for publication. Preference is given to reviews which have previously been registered on the PROSPERO, the International Prospective Register of Systematic Reviews (https://www.crd.york.ac.uk/prospero/). Authors are encouraged to clearly report the process by which literature was selected for inclusion in the review. Relevant reporting guidelines (eg PRISMA, ENTREQ) should be adhered to.
• **Reviews**, including:
  - systematic reviews, which address focused practice questions;
  - literature reviews, which provide a thorough analysis of the literature on a broad topic;
  - policy reviews, i.e. reviews of published literature and policy documents which inform critical care-practice, the organisation of critical care services, or the education and preparation of critical care clinicians will be considered.

• **Discussion papers and Commentaries 2,000-2,500 words** Discussion papers and commentaries are welcome, particularly where the subject of discussion is topical. Such papers are designed to stimulate academic debate and discussion the Editor invites readers to submit commentaries.

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**Research Critiques** - up to 1,500 words + 15 references
Critiques of research published in other peer reviewed journals may be included in each issue of *Australian Critical Care*. Authors wanting to contribute to this feature should contact a member of the editorial team editor.acc@acccn.com.au prior to undertaking work on submission. The research selected for critique should be of interest to the Australian and international critical care community, be referenced in an established database (for example, CINAHL, MEDLINE, or EMBASE) and have been previously published in English.

The title of the research review should be different from the title of the paper being reviewed. There is a strong preference for a declarative title to be used, for example *Early enteral feeding reduces septic complications in critically ill trauma patients*.

The paper should be formatted in two sections. The upper section should provide a summary of the published article and should be no more than 500 words in length. In the summary of the published article please provide detail on the objective, design and setting for the study. The research process used, including any interventions and outcomes measured, a brief summary of results and conclusion reached by the authors should also be presented. Participant details should also be provided. Reproduction of the article abstract is not permitted.

The second section of the submission, which is the critique of the article, should include the relevance of the article to Australian critical care practice, a critique of the methodological quality of the study, ethical considerations, and any limitations of the study. If the conclusions of this study are not congruent with other published work, this should be acknowledged. An assessment of the overall value of the article as a contribution to the literature and its usefulness to critical care practice should be included.

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300-400 words Letters to the Editor (about 300 words and 5 references) specific to papers published in the Journal are welcome. Letters to the editor should be submitted through the online submission process.
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Contributions that are of general interest, stimulating and meet the standards of scholarship associated with the Journal may be selected for publication in a commentary section or as a standalone contribution. Contributions should be submitted online in the usual way.

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**Other/multiple and parallel publications**
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