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DESCRIPTION

The Journal of Exotic Pet Medicine provides clinicians with a convenient, comprehensive, "must have" resource to enhance and elevate their expertise with exotic pet medicine. Each issue contains wide ranging peer-reviewed articles that cover many of the current and novel topics important to clinicians caring for exotic pets. Diagnostic challenges, consensus articles and selected review articles are also included to help keep veterinarians up to date on issues affecting their practice. In addition, the Journal of Exotic Pet Medicine serves as the official publication of both the Association of Exotic Mammal Veterinarians (AEMV) and the European Association of Avian Veterinarians (EAAV). The Journal of Exotic Pet Medicine is the most complete resource for practitioners who treat exotic pets.

IMPACT FACTOR

2018: 0.244 © Clarivate Analytics Journal Citation Reports 2019

ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

CAB International
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Global Health (Index Veterinarius, Veterinary Bulletin)
Science Citation Index
Scopus

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GUIDE FOR AUTHORS

INTRODUCTION

Types of article
All the article types excluding narrative reviews will undergo peer-review. Based on the scope of the journal, articles should focus on medical conditions in exotic pets. Articles including wildlife or animals in zoological, production or laboratory setting that may have relevant clinical implications for pet exotic animals will be also considered.

All articles (except Correspondence) are expected to include a statement describing what sources (e.g., databases, proceedings) have been searched to determine novelty of the findings. The typical statement "To the authors' knowledge this is the first report?" is not considered acceptable.

Research articles report the results of original research, including case series in clinical setting. The material submitted should not have been previously published elsewhere. Research articles should shed additional light on one or more of the following aspects related to a condition in exotic pets: Etiology Frequency Diagnosis Treatment Prognosis

Research articles are limited to 4000 words (excluding references), and should be divided in the following sections: Introduction, Materials and Methods, Results, Discussion. Case series including more than 6 animals should follow this format, while case series including 5 or less animals must provide individual case description (e.g., Case 1; Case 2; etc). The use of reporting guidelines, including CONSORT or ARRIVE for trials, STROBE for observational studies, STARD for diagnostic studies, PRISMA for systematic reviews, is highly encouraged.

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Case reports are reports meant to communicate symptoms, signs, diagnosis, treatment, and follow-up of an individual (n=1) exotic pet. Typically to be of interest for the journal substantial novelties on occurrence, diagnosis, treatment or prognosis for a condition are required. Simple descriptions of novel disease presentations (e.g., a neoplasm, a well-known infectious agent) where there is no additional information such as clinically-relevant diagnostics, treatments or long-term survival are not appropriate for this category of articles and should be submitted as "Correspondence". Case reports describing a treatment should not focus on the effectiveness of the intervention provided since research articles are required for such aim. Case reports are limited to 1500 words (excluding references), and should be divided in the following sections: Introduction (brief), Case presentation, Discussion.

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Research articles: Introduction, Materials and Methods, Results, Discussion

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State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background. Perform a detailed literature survey. If mentioning that the case is novel in the literature, avoid using the wording "to the authors' knowledge this is the first case of..." but rather specifically explain what sources have been covered to prove the novelty of the case, including eventual search strategies. Do not state results or opinions here.

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