SMALL RUMINANT RESEARCH
Official Journal of the International Goat Association

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DESCRIPTION

Small Ruminant Research publishes original, basic and applied research articles, technical notes, and review articles on research relating to goats, sheep, deer, the New World camelids llama, alpaca, vicuna and guanaco, and the Old World camels.

Topics covered include nutrition, physiology, anatomy, genetics, microbiology, ethology, product technology, socio-economics, management, sustainability and environment, veterinary medicine and husbandry engineering.

AUDIENCE

Research Scientists working on sheep, goats, deer and other small ruminants.

IMPACT FACTOR

2018: 1.210 © Clarivate Analytics Journal Citation Reports 2019

ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

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1. Original Research Papers (Regular Papers)
2. Review Articles
3. Short Communication
4. Technical Notes
5. Book Reviews

Original Research Papers should report the results of original research. The material should not have been previously published elsewhere, except in a preliminary form.

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What is not encouraged: Papers on polymorphism studies will only be accepted if they contain significant new information for the readers and have direct relevance to those small ruminant species described in the aims and scope of this journal. Submissions on studies involving single-nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) only, without linking them strongly and experimentally to production traits, are not encouraged. Manuscripts with quantitative RT-PCR without multiple normalizer gene products will be declined at preliminary review. In studies on plant extracts for parasitic control or their use as nutraceuticals, advanced chemical analysis of the extracts should be documented. Manuscripts that deal with effects of plant extracts using in-vitro methods only are discouraged, unless a large-scale, long-term in vivo studies are undertaken with those plant extracts. Papers on the use of local feeds in nutrition are publishable only if they have more than local importance. In vitro studies of the nutritional value of feeds are not in our scope unless they provide a background for in vivo studies in the same manuscript. In the field of health, case reports presenting work in individual animals will not be considered. Only case reports presenting population medicine approaches will be accepted for further evaluation on the condition that they have wide implications, well beyond their local interest, and good statistical evidence.

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