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DESCRIPTION

Women’s Health Issues (WHI) is a peer-reviewed, bimonthly, multidisciplinary journal that publishes research and review manuscripts related to women’s health care and policy. As the official journal of the Jacobs Institute of Women’s Health, it is dedicated to improving the health and health care of all women throughout the lifespan and in diverse communities. The journal seeks to inform health services researchers, health care and public health professionals, social scientists, policymakers, and others concerned with women’s health. It has a particular focus on women’s issues in the context of the U.S. health care delivery system and policymaking processes, and it publishes both original research and commentaries.

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AUDIENCE

Health Professionals, Social Scientists, Policy Makers, and others concerned with the complex and diverse facets of health care delivery to women.

IMPACT FACTOR

2019: 2.355 © Clarivate Analytics Journal Citation Reports 2020
ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

Sociological Abstracts
Cumulative Index to Nursing and Allied Health Literature
Embase
PubMed/Medline
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INTRODUCTION

*Women's Health Issues* is a peer-reviewed, bimonthly, multidisciplinary journal that publishes original research and commentaries on women's health care and policy.

The journal has a particular focus on women's issues in the context of the U.S. health care delivery system and policymaking processes, although it invites submissions addressing women's health care issues in global context if relevant to North American readers. As the official journal of the Jacobs Institute of Women's Health, it builds on a history of valuing methodologically rigorous investigation as a basis for improving the quality of health care for women and the health of women across the lifespan.

The journal seeks to inform health services researchers, social scientists, health care and public health professionals, and policymakers and to engage readers in the perspectives of multiple disciplines relevant to the study of women's health.

Please note that we do not accept for review clinical case reports or standard literature reviews. Systematic literature reviews and scoping reviews (see details below) and translational and implementation research studies are welcome.

The editorial board is also interested in empirical, methodological, and commentary pieces focused on the evaluation of sex and gender differences, with an emphasis on the reporting of stratified results over statistical adjustment.

All manuscripts are subject to peer-review under the direction of the editors. Published manuscripts are abstracted and indexed in leading services, including Cumulative Index to Nursing and Allied Health Literature, EMBASE/Excerpta Medica, Index Medicus, ISI's Current Contents/Social & Behavioral Sciences Research Alert and Social SciSearch, Sociological Abstracts, and Studies on Women Abstracts. Unsolicited manuscripts are invited that address women's health issues relating to the mission of the journal. Further information is available at http://publichealth.gwu.edu/projects/jiwh. The Journal is available online at http://whijournal.com and on www.ScienceDirect.com.

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

*Ethics in Publishing*

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The editors of *Women's Health Issues* encourage submission of manuscripts that assess the impact of various quality improvement initiatives in health care. These initiatives may be at the system, organization, clinic, or provider levels. Often the evaluation of these initiatives involves collection of data from patients, health care providers, staff, trainees, or others. Policies and practices with respect to ethics reviews for quality improvement projects vary, and institutional policies are not consistent.

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1. When the manuscript is based on quality improvement activities conducted at an academic institution or a health care organization with an Institutional Review Board, or when the author of the manuscript is employed at an academic institution or a health care organization with an IRB, the author of the manuscript is required to provide a statement to the effect that the study was or was not reviewed by the IRB. If the study was not reviewed by the IRB, the reason must be stated. If the study met the IRB's criteria for exemption or if the study was determined to not constitute research, then that should be explicitly stated.

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The editors reserve the right to contact the authors to clarify the situation or to confirm that ethical practices were used in the conduct of the study.

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Commentaries: Commentaries should make a compelling, novel, evidence-based argument for a research or policy agenda related to any aspect of women's health. Arguments should be supported by references. Commentary submissions will be evaluated based on the topic's timeliness and importance, strength of the argument, use of evidence, and overall writing quality, including clarity and flow. Commentary manuscripts do not require abstracts and do not need to follow the structure of full-length articles. The text should contain no more than 2,000 words.

Each submission from either of these categories must include a Cover Letter and a Title Page as well as a blinded Manuscript without Author Details. If a manuscript is revised and re-submitted, the revision must be accompanied by a Response to Reviewers and by an Author Biography file if this was not submitted with the original manuscript.

Systematic Literature Reviews We consider two types of reviews for publication: systematic literature reviews and scoping reviews. Reviews must address a clear research question of importance to women's health and of interest to WHI readers. Both types of reviews should provide detailed information about how the review was conducted, particularly the inclusion criteria for identifying the studies reviewed. Systematic literature reviews must include data syntheses (rather than just summaries of published work) and evaluate the quality of included studies; see the Cochrane Collaborative for examples. Scoping reviews must be clear about how authors determined the types of
studies to include, the quality of evidence they provide, and how those decisions affected conclusions about what is known and the gaps in knowledge. Please note that we do not accept for review clinical case reports or literature reviews that do not meet these standards for transparency and rigor.

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Reference to a website:

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