DESCRIPTION

_Veterinary and Animal Science_ is a new fully open access publication from Elsevier which strongly encourages a multidisciplinary approach to research in the animal and health spectrum. The scope of the journal is streamlined into two major sections and covers ruminant, monogastric, aquaculture, wild life, equine, cameldid and other animal species: 1) Animal Science and 2) Veterinary Science.

The Animal Science Section will consider multidisciplinary and innovative research submissions in the following areas:
- Animal Genetics, Breeding and Bioinformatics;
- Animal Nutrition, Feeds and Feeding;
- Animal Behaviour, Welfare and Ethics;
- Livestock Production and Management - Meat, Dairy, Wool, Equine and Poultry Sciences;
- Food Safety and Microbiology.

The Veterinary Science Section will consider manuscripts in these areas of multidisciplinary and innovative research:
- Veterinary Physiology, Reproduction and Endocrinology;
- Veterinary Surgery and Clinical Sciences;
- Veterinary Epidemiology and Public Health;
- Veterinary Pathology, Immunology, Virology and Pharmacology;
- Veterinary and Animal Science Education.

This is a guide to the main areas which _Veterinary and Animal Science_ considers; however, it is not an exhaustive list.

Submissions on topics related to wild animal science and animals which are not under the care or direct management of humans will not be considered.

Please visit the Guide for Authors for more information on how to make a submission.

ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

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**Types Of Article**

1.) Full Length Article
2.) Review Articles
3.) Case Reports
4.) Short Communication
5.) Opinion Paper
6.) Correspondence (and Replies)

**Full Length Article**

Full length articles are original, high-quality, research papers presenting novel scientific findings. The material should not have been previously published elsewhere, except in a preliminary form.

**Review Articles**

Reviews should address topics or issues of current interest. They may be submitted or invited. Review articles must include a methods section explaining how the literature for review was selected.

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Case Reports can focus on any species under the management or care of humans but, by definition, must include core clinical content and must present novel findings. Content can focus on a report of a new condition, treatment and follow-up of complex presentations. The format for Case Reports is generally as follows: presentation, history and presenting signs, physical and laboratory evaluation and any other diagnostic assessments deemed relevant, diagnosis, treatment, follow-up, summary and discussion, acknowledgements, and references.

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A Short Communication is a concise but complete description of a limited investigation, which will not be included in a later paper. Short communications should be as completely documented, both by reference to the literature and description of the experimental procedures employed, as a regular paper.

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An Opinion Paper is a short, opinion-type contribution that normally does not offer original research. The number of Opinion Papers per journal volume may be limited at the discretion of the editors.

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Editorials will be solicited by the Editors. Authors wishing to submit an Editorial should first seek the advice of the Editors.

**BEFORE YOU BEGIN**

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If the work involves the use of animal subjects, the author should ensure that the work described has been carried out in accordance with the [NC3Rs ARRIVE Guidelines](https://www.nc3rs.org.uk/arrive-guidelines) (Animals in Research: Reporting In Vivo Experiments). Visit [https://www.nc3rs.org.uk/arrive-guidelines](https://www.nc3rs.org.uk/arrive-guidelines) for more information.

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The privacy rights of human subjects must always be observed.

*Resources*

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EU Directive 2010/63/EU for animal experiments
http://ec.europa.eu/environment/chemicals/lab_animals/legislation_en.htm

**Declaration of interest**

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Results should be clear and concise.

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Reference to a dataset:
xwj98nb39r.1.
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Poster session presentation at the meeting of the Association for Behavioural and Cognitive Therapies,
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