DESCRIPTION

Vacuum is an international rapid publications journal with a focus on short communication. All papers are peer-reviewed, with the review process for short communication geared towards very fast turnaround times. The journal also published full research papers, thematic issues and selected papers from leading conferences.

A report in Vacuum should represent a major advance in an area that involves a controlled environment at pressures of one atmosphere or below.

The scope of the journal includes:
1. Vacuum; original developments in vacuum pumping and instrumentation, vacuum measurement, vacuum gas dynamics, gas-surface interactions, surface treatment for UHV applications and low outgassing, vacuum melting, sintering, and vacuum metrology. Technology and solutions for large-scale facilities (e.g., particle accelerators and fusion devices). New instrumentation (e.g., detectors and electron microscopes).
2. Plasma science; advances in PVD, CVD, plasma-assisted CVD, ion sources, deposition processes and analysis.
3. Surface science; surface engineering, surface chemistry, surface analysis, crystal growth, ion-surface interactions and etching, nanometer-scale processing, surface modification.

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AUDIENCE

Surface Scientists, Materials Scientists.

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3. Surface science; surface engineering, surface chemistry, surface analysis, crystal growth, ion-surface interactions and etching, nanometer-scale processing, surface modification.


Types of Paper
Vacuum will consider three types of peer-reviewed manuscripts:

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**Pressure:** Authors are asked to use bar (bar), millibar (mbar) or the pascal (Pa).
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1 bar = 10⁵ Pa exactly
1 millibar (mbar) = 100 Pa exactly.

Other units of pressure are sometimes to be found in published literature but their use is deprecated in ISO 31/111-1978(E) and in some countries their use is unlawful for certain purposes. A table of conversion factors for such units is given below to allow authors to change their units to pascals or millibars.
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The SI unit for volumetric rate of flow such as is used when expressing the speed of a vacuum pump is cubic metre per second (m³ s⁻¹). The speed of most mechanical pumps is expressed in terms of cubic metre per hour (m³ h⁻¹).

1 m³ h⁻¹ = 1/3600 m³ s⁻¹ 0.000278 m³ s⁻¹).
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1 l s⁻¹ = 10⁻³ m³ s⁻¹.

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1 (1) Quantity measured in (2) Multiply by (3) Resulting number in (4) Multiply column (3) by (5) Resulting number in torr 133.322 Pa 0.01 mbar mm Hg 133.322 Pa 0.01 mbar micron 0.133322 Pa 0.01 mbar technical atmospheres (kgf cm⁻²) 98.0665 kPa 10 mbar m⁻³ h⁻¹ 0.000278 m³ s⁻¹ ls⁻¹ 0.001 m³ s⁻¹ torr l s⁻¹ 0.133322 Pa m³ s⁻¹ 10 mbar l s⁻¹ standard atmosphere (cm³ s⁻¹) 0.101325 Pa m⁻³ s⁻¹ 10 mbar l s⁻¹ torr l s⁻¹ cm⁻² 1333.22 Pa m⁻³ s⁻¹ m⁻² 0.001 mbar l s⁻¹ cm⁻² **Table of conversion factors**
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