DESCRIPTION

Vacuum is an international rapid publications journal with a focus on short communication. All papers are peer-reviewed, with the review process for short communication geared towards very fast turnaround times. The journal also published full research papers, thematic issues and selected papers from leading conferences.

A report in Vacuum should represent a major advance in an area that involves a controlled environment at pressures of one atmosphere or below.

The scope of the journal includes:
1. Vacuum; original developments in vacuum pumping and instrumentation, vacuum measurement, vacuum gas dynamics, gas-surface interactions, surface treatment for UHV applications and low outgassing, vacuum melting, sintering, and vacuum metrology. Technology and solutions for large-scale facilities (e.g., particle accelerators and fusion devices). New instrumentation (e.g., detectors and electron microscopes).
2. Plasma science; advances in PVD, CVD, plasma-assisted CVD, ion sources, deposition processes and analysis.
3. Surface science; surface engineering, surface chemistry, surface analysis, crystal growth, ion-surface interactions and etching, nanometer-scale processing, surface modification.

The aim of the short communications is to enable researchers to rapidly share their most exciting work with their colleagues. The expected time from submission to final decision is approximately 6.4 weeks.

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AUDIENCE

Surface Scientists, Materials Scientists.

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INTRODUCTION

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2. Plasma science; advances in PVD, CVD, plasma-assisted CVD, ion sources, deposition processes and analysis.

3. Surface science; surface engineering, surface chemistry, surface analysis, crystal growth, ion-surface interactions and etching, nanometer-scale processing, surface modification.


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Vacuum will consider three types of peer-reviewed manuscripts:

1. Short Communications: should have the format of a letter (main text without headings) and are intended as brief reports of significant, original and timely research results, which require rapid publication. The submitted manuscripts should be kept concise and short; the number of figures and tables should also be kept to a minimum. See below for details. In considering a manuscript for publication, particular attention will be given to the originality of the research and the desirability of speedy publication and the clarity of the presentation. The editors will aim for a rapid review process and only manuscripts that need no changes or only minor revisions will be accepted.

2. Full Research Papers: should be full reports including in-depth analysis and extensive discussion. The described research should be complete and thorough, and there are no limitations to text length or number of figures/tables, as long as they add to the understanding of the described research. Criteria for publication are completeness, novelty, and clarity. Manuscripts may be accepted after major revisions. The editors will aim to apply a thorough review process.

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Subdivision Main Text:
This journal accepts two different types of unsolicited manuscripts with different subdivision of text: Short Communications (Letters) and Full Research Papers.
1. Short Communications
Short Communications should be kept concise and short, the number of figures and tables should also be kept to a minimum. The main text of the manuscripts should not exceed 2,500 words, and the number of combined tables/images/figures should not exceed 5. Abstract should contain less than 150 words. The main text should not contain any headings. The main text should end with a concluding statement and optional acknowledgement.

2. Full Research Papers

The described research should be complete and thorough, and there are no limitations to text or number of figures/tables, as long as they add to the understanding of the described research. The main text of your article should be divided into clearly defined and numbered sections with appropriate headings (Introduction, Materials and Methods, Theory/Calculation, Results, Discussion, Conclusions). Subsections should be numbered 1.1 (then 1.1.1, 1.1.2, ...), 1.2, etc. (the abstract is not included in section numbering). Use this numbering also for internal cross-referencing; do not just refer to 'the text'. Any subsection may be given a brief heading. Each heading should appear on its own separate line.

Introduction
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Provide sufficient details to allow the work to be reproduced by an independent researcher. Methods that are already published should be summarized, and indicated by a reference. If quoting directly from a previously published method, use quotation marks and also cite the source. Any modifications to existing methods should also be described.

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A Theory section should extend, not repeat, the background to the article already dealt with in the Introduction and lay the foundation for further work. In contrast, a Calculation section represents a practical development from a theoretical basis.

Results
Results should be clear and concise.

Discussion
This should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. A combined Results and Discussion section is often appropriate. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature.

Conclusions
The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section.

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Pressure: Authors are asked to use bar (bar), millibar (mbar) or the pascal (Pa). The SI unit of pressure is the pascal (Pa), the special name for the newton per square metre (N m⁻²). The standard atmosphere (atm) is defined in ISO 31/111-1978 (E) as exactly 101.325 kPa. The standard atmosphere should only be used to define a reference environment and not as a pressure unit. The 'bar' has become widely used as a unit of pressure in vacuum measurement.

1 bar = 10⁵ Pa exactly
1 millibar (mbar) = 100 Pa exactly.

Other units of pressure are sometimes to be found in published literature but their use is deprecated in ISO 31/111-1978(E) and in some countries their use is unlawful for certain purposes. A table of conversion factors for such units is given below to allow authors to change their units to pascals or millibars.

The pascal can be combined with other SI units to give the units for other quantities commonly measured in vacuum science and technology. Some examples of these quantities are given below.

Pump speed: Authors are asked to use cubic metre per second (m³ s⁻¹), cubic metre per hour (m³ h⁻¹), or litre per second (l s⁻¹).

The SI unit for volumetric rate of flow such as is used when expressing the speed of a vacuum pump is cubic metre per second (m³ s⁻¹). The speed of most mechanical pumps is expressed in terms of cubic metre per hour (m³ h⁻¹).

1 m³ h⁻¹ = 1/3600 m³ s⁻¹ = 0.000278 m³ s⁻¹.

The speed of most high vacuum pumps such as diffusion and turbomolecular pumps is expressed in terms of liter per second (l s⁻¹).

1 l s⁻¹ = 10⁻³ m³ s⁻¹.

Leak rate: Authors are asked to use pascal metre cube per second (Pa m³ s⁻¹) or millibar litre per second (mbar l s⁻¹).

The SI unit for leak rate is pascal metre cube per second (Pa m³ s⁻¹). Other commonly used units of leak rate with their conversion to the SI unit are given in the table.

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The SI unit for outgassing rate from surfaces is pascal metre cube per second per square metre (Pa m³ s⁻¹ m⁻²). Other commonly used units of outgassing rate with their conversion to the SI unit are given in the table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity measured</th>
<th>Unit used</th>
<th>Conversion to SI unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 (1) Quantity</td>
<td>133.322 Pa</td>
<td>0.01 mbar mm Hg 133.322 Pa</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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