TABLE OF CONTENTS

- Description p.1
- Impact Factor p.1
- Editorial Board p.1
- Guide for Authors p.4

DESCRIPTION

The Spine Journal, the official journal of the North American Spine Society, is an international and multidisciplinary journal that publishes original, peer-reviewed articles on research and treatment related to the spine and spine care, including basic science and clinical investigations. It is a condition of publication that manuscripts submitted to The Spine Journal have not been published, and will not be simultaneously submitted or published elsewhere. The Spine Journal also publishes major reviews of specific topics by acknowledged authorities, technical notes, teaching editorials, and other special features, Letters to the Editor-in-Chief are encouraged.

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Introduction

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a) Randomized controlled trials (RCTs): Complete CONSORT checklist and include flow diagram in article.


Website: http://www.consort-statement.org/

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i. Non-inferiority and Equivalence RCTs:


ii. Cluster RCTs:

**iii. Non-pharmacological treatment interventions:**

**iv. Health-Related Quality of Life Studies:**

**v. RCTs with Patient-Reported Outcomes:**

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5. Cost-Effectiveness Studies

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6. Systematic reviews and meta-analyses

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Website: http://prisma-statement.org/

b) Reviews of observational studies:


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Basic science papers are previously unpublished manuscripts that include laboratory work in areas ranging from basic lab work, cadaver studies, cellular mechanisms, molecular biology, growth factor work, preclinical animal studies and novel imaging (as related to the basic sciences rather than clinical imaging). A structured abstract is required. Abstracts for Basic Science Studies are required to have the following structured subheadings: background context, purpose, study design, methods, results, conclusions, and clinical significance. Important: Each basic science paper should have a paragraph describing the potential clinical relevance of their research in the "Discussion" section.

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12. Level of Evidence form (Clinical Studies only)
13. Appropriate checklists and flow diagrams as specified below in ARTICLE TYPES.

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Manuscripts may be accompanied by a cover letter, to include information on the manuscript's prior publication or previous rejection by another journal. It is also meant to give the author(s) the chance to speak to the originality of the work being presented, as well as any other information the author(s) wish to convey to the editorial office staff and Editor-in-Chief. If the paper has been rejected previously by another journal, the author(s) should describe specifically how it has been improved since being rejected.

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1. Abstract (structured as outlined below. Methods section must include detailed relevant disclosure)
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3. Classifications
4. Title Page (separate from manuscript) with all authors, affiliations and corresponding author's full contact information
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6. Manuscript document (blinded - no author names, headers, acknowledgements)
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- Background Context
- Purpose
- Study Design/Setting
- Patient Sample (MUST be included in Clinical Studies)
- Outcome Measures (MUST be included in Clinical Studies)
- Methods
- Results
- Conclusions

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[6] Oguro M, Imahiro S, Saito S, Nakashizuka T. Mortality data for Japanese oak wilt disease and surrounding forest compositions, Mendeley Data, v1; 2015. https://doi.org/10.17632/xwj98nb39r.1. Note shortened form for last page number. e.g., 51–9, and that for more than 6 authors the first 6 should be listed followed by 'et al.' For further details you are referred to 'Uniform Requirements for Manuscripts submitted to Biomedical Journals' (J Am Med Assoc 1997;277:927–34) (see also Samples of Formatted References).

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