THE LEADERSHIP QUARTERLY
An International Journal of Political, Social and Behavioral Science

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DESCRIPTION

The Leadership Quarterly is a social-science journal dedicated to advancing our understanding of leadership as a phenomenon, how to study it, as well as its practical implications.

The journal seeks contributions from various disciplinary perspectives, including psychology broadly defined (i.e., industrial-organizational, social, evolutionary, biological, differential), management (i.e., organizational behavior, strategy, organizational theory), political science, sociology, economics (i.e., personnel, behavioral, labor), anthropology, history, and methodology. Equally desirable are contributions from multidisciplinary perspectives.

The aim of the journal is to publish scholarly research, theory, and developmental application from diverse fields of inquiry about leadership. The journal will consider studies of leaders from all walks of social life, including formal or informal leaders of any type of group or organization; non-human leadership will also be considered.

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INTRODUCTION

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The Leadership Quarterly is a social-science journal dedicated to advancing our understanding of leadership as a phenomenon, how to study it, as well as its practical implications.

The journal seeks contributions from various disciplinary perspectives, including psychology broadly defined (i.e., industrial-organizational, social, evolutionary, biological, differential), management (i.e., organizational behavior, strategy, organizational theory), political science, sociology, economics (i.e., personnel, behavioral, labor), anthropology, history, and methodology. Equally desirable are contributions from multidisciplinary perspectives.

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- Full length articles, including (a) empirical studies, which can consist of deductive (i.e., theory driven) or inductive (i.e., exploratory research having little or no theory), (b) theoretical articles, (c) meta-analyses, (d) systematic or narrative reviews, (e) in-depth critiques and reflections that shed new light on leadership as a phenomenon, (f) applied methodological articles that present more robust ways in which to study leadership, or which make use of methodological developments from other fields, and (g) adversarial collaborations in the form of an exchange of letters or debates on a particular topic. Such manuscripts should normally be between 12,000 to 15,000 words, all inclusive (i.e., abstract, text, figures, tables, and references). Longer manuscripts will be considered as long as their contribution is commensurate. Short communications, including (a) basic research, particularly the sort that makes an important discovery for which there is little theory to guide the interpretation of the results, (b) replication studies, whether providing additional evidence for or against a particular theory or finding, or (c) methodologically strong studies that present null results. As concerns (b) and (c), the key criterion that will determine acceptance is that such studies are robustly designed and well powered, and whose contribution to the research record will be informative for meta-analyses, reviews, and critiques. Short communications manuscripts should normally be between 5,000 to 10,000 words, all inclusive (i.e., abstract, text, figures, tables, and references). Commentaries of published articles should highlight issues that extend, reinterpret, or question findings presented. Such manuscripts should normally be between 3,000 to 5,000 words, all inclusive (i.e., abstract, text, figures, tables, and references). Proposals-these include proposals regarding (a) registered reports, or (b) results-masked articles. Registered reports propose to undertake an original empirical study, wherein data have not yet been gathered; in this case authors submit a proposal consisting of an introduction, literature review with hypotheses, and method, which if found appropriate by the editor, is sent for review. Such a proposal may be accepted, revised, or rejected. Authors whose registered
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