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### DESCRIPTION

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The primary goal of SER is to publish high quality research articles associated with sustainable environmental science and technology and to contribute to improving environmental practice. The scope of SER includes issues of environmental science, technology, management and related fields, especially in response to sustainable water, energy and other natural resources. Potential topics include, but are not limited to:

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  - Watershed management
  - Advanced and innovative treatment
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  - Contaminant site investigation technology
  - Soil and groundwater remediation technology
  - Risk assessment in contaminant sites
3. Air Pollution and Climate Change
  - Ambient air quality management
  - Greenhouse gases control
  - Gaseous and particulate pollution control
  - Indoor air quality management and control
4. Waste Management
  - Waste reduction and minimization
  - Recourse recovery and conservation
  - Solid waste treatment technology and disposal
5. Energy and Resources
  - Sustainable energy
  - Local, regional and global sustainability
  - Environmental management system
  - Life-cycle assessment
  - Environmental policy instruments

## ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

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Technical notes should not exceed 4000 words. Research papers should not exceed 6000 words. Review papers should not exceed 9000 words. Word counts include text, references, tables and figures. Each table or figure should be considered equivalent to 300 words. The number of tables and/or figures should not exceed a total amount of eight.

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Divide your article into clearly defined and numbered sections. Subsections should be numbered 1.1 (then 1.1.1, 1.1.2, ...), 1.2, etc. (the abstract is not included in section numbering). Use this numbering also for internal cross-referencing: do not just refer to 'the text'. Any subsection may be given a brief heading. Each heading should appear on its own separate line.

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Provide sufficient details to allow the work to be reproduced by an independent researcher. Methods that are already published should be summarized, and indicated by a reference. If quoting directly from a previously published method, use quotation marks and also cite the source. Any modifications to existing methods should also be described.

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A Theory section should extend, not repeat, the background to the article already dealt with in the Introduction and lay the foundation for further work. In contrast, a Calculation section represents a practical development from a theoretical basis.

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Reference to a journal publication:

[1] Haydar MM, Khire MV. Geotechnical sensor system to monitor injected liquids in landfills. *Geotech Test J* 2006; 29:37-44.

[2] Kiji M, Suetsugu A. Concurrent purification of organic pollution and nutrients in kitchen wastewater with thin layers of soil (thin carrier). *J Jpn Soc Water Environ* 2005;28:347-52 [in Japanese].

Reference to a book:

[3] Nixon M, Aguado A. *Feature Extraction and Image Processing*. 2nd ed. Oxford, UK: Academic Press; 2008.

[4] APHA. *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater*. 19th ed. Washington, DC: American Public Health Association; 1995.

Reference to a chapter in an edited book:

[5] Sterudel R. The chemical sulfur cycle. In: Lens PNL, Hulshoff Pol L, editors. *Environmental Technologies to Treat Sulfur Pollution*. London, UK: IWA Publishing; 2000. p. 1-32.

Reference to a conference paper

[6] Brachman RWI, Rowe RK, Take WA, Arnepalli DN, Chappel M, Bostwick LE, et al. Queen's composite geosynthetic liner experimental site. In: 60th Canadian Geotechnical Conference. Ottawa, Canada; 2007 Oct 21-25.

Reference to a thesis or dissertation:

[7] Hayes KF. Equilibrium, Spectroscopic, and Kinetic Studies of Ion Adsorption at the Oxide/aqueous Interface [Ph.D. Dissertation]. Stanford (CA): Stanford Univ.; 1987.

Reference to a report

[8] OECD. 2005 Annual Report on Sustainable Development Work in the OECD. Paris, France: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; 2006.

Reference to a user's manual:

[9] LANL. 2006 Software Users Manual (UM) for the FEHM Application Version 2.30. Los Alamos, NM: Los Alamos National Laboratory; 2006.

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