



### TABLE OF CONTENTS

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●	<b>Description</b>	<b>p.1</b>
●	<b>Abstracting and Indexing</b>	<b>p.2</b>
●	<b>Editorial Board</b>	<b>p.2</b>
●	<b>Guide for Authors</b>	<b>p.4</b>



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### DESCRIPTION

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The primary goal of SER is to publish high quality research articles associated with sustainable environmental science and technology and to contribute to improving environmental practice. The scope of SER includes issues of environmental science, technology, management and related fields, especially in response to sustainable water, energy and other natural resources. Potential topics include, but are not limited to:

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  - Contaminant site investigation technology
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  - Risk assessment in contaminant sites
3. Air Pollution and Climate Change
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  - Greenhouse gases control
  - Gaseous and particulate pollution control
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4. Waste Management
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  - Resource recovery and conservation
  - Solid waste treatment technology and disposal
5. Energy and Resources
  - Sustainable energy
  - Local, regional and global sustainability
  - Environmental management system
  - Life-cycle assessment
  - Environmental policy instruments

## ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

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Technical notes should not exceed 4000 words. Research papers should not exceed 6000 words. Review papers should not exceed 9000 words. Word counts include text, references, tables and figures. Each table or figure should be considered equivalent to 300 words. The number of tables and/or figures should not exceed a total amount of eight.

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Divide your article into clearly defined and numbered sections. Subsections should be numbered 1.1 (then 1.1.1, 1.1.2, ...), 1.2, etc. (the abstract is not included in section numbering). Use this numbering also for internal cross-referencing: do not just refer to 'the text'. Any subsection may be given a brief heading. Each heading should appear on its own separate line.

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Results should be clear and concise.



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This should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. A combined Results and Discussion section is often appropriate. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature.

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The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section.

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[1] Haydar MM, Khire MV. Geotechnical sensor system to monitor injected liquids in landfills. *Geotech Test J* 2006; 29:37-44.

[2] Kiji M, Suetsugu A. Concurrent purification of organic pollution and nutrients in kitchen wastewater with thin layers of soil (thin carrier). *J Jpn Soc Water Environ* 2005;28:347-52 [in Japanese].

Reference to a book:

[3] Nixon M, Aguado A. *Feature Extraction and Image Processing*. 2nd ed. Oxford, UK: Academic Press; 2008.

[4] APHA. *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater*. 19th ed. Washington, DC: American Public Health Association; 1995.

Reference to a chapter in an edited book:

[5] Sterudel R. The chemical sulfur cycle. In: Lens PNL, Hulshoff Pol L, editors. *Environmental Technologies to Treat Sulfur Pollution*. London, UK: IWA Publishing; 2000. p. 1-32.

Reference to a conference paper

[6] Brachman RWI, Rowe RK, Take WA, Arnepalli DN, Chappel M, Bostwick LE, et al. Queen's composite geosynthetic liner experimental site. In: 60th Canadian Geotechnical Conference. Ottawa, Canada; 2007 Oct 21-25.

Reference to a thesis or dissertation:

[7] Hayes KF. *Equilibrium, Spectroscopic, and Kinetic Studies of Ion Adsorption at the Oxide/aqueous Interface* [Ph.D. Dissertation]. Stanford (CA): Stanford Univ.; 1987.

Reference to a report

[8] OECD. *2005 Annual Report on Sustainable Development Work in the OECD*. Paris, France: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; 2006.

Reference to a user's manual:

[9] LANL. *2006 Software Users Manual (UM) for the FEHM Application Version 2.30*. Los Alamos, NM: Los Alamos National Laboratory; 2006.

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