DESCRIPTION

Sleep Medicine has an open access mirror journal Sleep Medicine: X, sharing the same aims and scope, editorial team, submission system and rigorous peer review.

Sleep Medicine aims to be a journal no one involved in clinical sleep medicine can do without.

A journal primarily focussing on the human aspects of sleep, integrating the various disciplines that are involved in sleep medicine: neurology, clinical neurophysiology, internal medicine (particularly pulmonology and cardiology), psychology, psychiatry, sleep technology, pediatrics, neurosurgery, otorhinolaryngology, and dentistry.

The journal publishes the following types of articles: Reviews (also intended as a way to bridge the gap between basic sleep research and clinical relevance); Original Research Articles; Full-length articles; Brief communications; Controversies; Case reports; Letters to the Editor; Journal search and commentaries; Book reviews; Meeting announcements; Listing of relevant organisations plus web sites.

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Neurologists, clinical neurophysiologists, psychologists, psychiatrists, internists, particularly pulmonologists, cardiologists, gastroenterologists, nephrologists; sleep technologists, pediatricians, family physicians, otolaryngologists, neurosurgeons, dentists.

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INTRODUCTION
Sleep Medicine has an open access mirror journal, Sleep Medicine: X. Sleep Medicine is published monthly and all manuscripts are peer-reviewed except proceedings of scientific meetings.

Purpose and Procedure
Articles submitted for review should meet the following criteria:
- Studies of prevention or treatment must meet these criteria: random allocation of participants to comparison groups; follow-up of at least 80% of those entering the investigation; outcome measure of known or probably clinical importance.
- Studies of prognosis must meet these additional criteria: inception cohort of individuals, all initially free of the outcome of interest; follow-up of at least 80% of participants until the occurrence of a major study end point or to the end of the study.
- Studies of causation must meet these additional criteria: clearly identified comparison group for those at risk for, or having, the outcome of interest (e.g. randomized controlled trial, quasi-randomized controlled trial, cohort analytic study with case-by-case matching or statistical adjustment to create comparable groups, case-control study); blinding of observers of outcome to exposure (criterion assumed to be met if outcome is objective, e.g. all-cause mortality, objective test); blinding of observers of exposure to outcomes for case-control studies OR blinding of subjects to exposure for all to be compared on the basis of both the outcomes produced (effectiveness) and resources consumed (costs); evidence of effectiveness must be from a study (or studies) that meets the above-noted criteria for diagnosis, treatment, quality assurance, or a review article; results should be presented in terms of the incremental or additional costs and outcomes of one intervention over another; where there is uncertainty in the estimates or imprecision in the measurement, a sensitivity analysis should be done.

Article Types
The primary emphasis of the journal will be clinical and to this end, a number of different types of articles will be published. Each type will be aimed to provide clinically important information needed to keep up to date with the practice of sleep medicine, written in a way to foster interdisciplinary understanding and make clinical information accessible to all practitioners.

Sleep Medicine publishes the following types of articles:

- **Original Articles** dealing with diagnosis, clinical features, pathophysiology, etiology, treatment (by all relevant modalities, including pharmacological, instrumental, surgical, behavioral, nutritional), genetics, epidemiology, natural history and prognosis of human sleep disorders will be considered for publication, provided these have not been previously published except in abstract form or have not been submitted simultaneously elsewhere. Reports may also include technical aspects of sleep medicine, which are relevant for diagnosis, pathophysiology, etiology, treatment and natural history. Basic research articles will also be published where they have a direct impact on or shed considerable light on clinical aspects of sleep. Submission of original articles based on animal or human experimental studies are encouraged, and these articles should include a comment in the abstract and discussion about the potential clinical relevance of the study.

- **Review articles** on all aspects of clinical sleep medicine and related basic science that contribute to understanding clinical sleep medicine will be published. Reviews will be timely, emphasize areas undergoing new development, and include both state of the art reviews and multi-author discussion of controversial areas.

- **Editorials** on manuscripts published elsewhere in the journal or on a timely and controversial topic will be published occasionally. Editorials may contain up to 1000 words and 20 references.
Brief Communications are preliminary or limited results of investigations (up to 1500 words containing 20 or fewer references, one table and one figure).

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Historical Issues in Sleep Medicine submissions dealing with sleep-related historical figures, whether leaders from the past or characters from literature or mythology, will be considered for publication.

Book Reviews are also published. Upon reception of a book from the publisher, it is sent to the book review editor.

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For tips on preparing your video for submission, see here.

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