SENSORS AND ACTUATORS A: PHYSICAL
An international journal devoted to research and development of physical transducers

AUTHOR INFORMATION PACK

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DESCRIPTION

Sensors and Actuators A: Physical brings together multidisciplinary interests in one journal entirely devoted to disseminating information on all aspects of research and development of solid-state devices for transducing physical signals. Sensors and Actuators A: Physical regularly publishes original papers, letters to the Editors and from time to time invited review articles within the following device areas:

- Fundamentals and Physics, such as: classification of effects, physical effects, measurement theory, modelling of sensors, measurement standards, measurement errors, units and constants, time and frequency measurement. Modeling papers should bring new modeling techniques to the field and be supported by experimental results.

- Materials and their Processing, such as: piezoelectric materials, polymers, metal oxides, III-V and II-VI semiconductors, thick and thin films, optical glass fibres, amorphous, polycrystalline and monocrystalline silicon.

- Optoelectronic sensors, such as: photovoltaic diodes, photoconductors, photodiodes, phototransistors, positron-sensitive photodetectors, optoisolators, photodiode arrays, charge-coupled devices, light-emitting diodes, injection lasers and liquid-crystal displays.

- Mechanical sensors, such as: metallic, thin-film and semiconductor strain gauges, diffused silicon pressure sensors, silicon accelerometers, solid-state displacement transducers, piezo junction devices, piezoelectric field-effect transducers (PiFETs), tunnel-diode strain sensors, surface acoustic wave devices, silicon micromechanical switches, solid-state flow meters and electronic flow controllers.

- Thermal sensors, such as: platinum resistors, thermistsors, diode temperature sensors, silicon transistor thermometers, integrated temperature transducers, PTAT circuits, thermocouples, thermopiles, pyroelectric thermometers, quartz thermometers, power transistors and thick-film thermal print heads.

- Magnetic sensors, such as: magnetoresistors, Corbino disks, magnetodiodes, Hall-effect devices, integrated Hall devices, silicon depletion-layer magnetometers, magneto-injection transistors, magnistors, lateral magnetotransistors, carrier-domain magnetometers, MOS magnetic-field sensors, solid-state read and write heads.
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Fundamentals and Physics such as: classification of effects, physical effects, measurement theory,
modelling of sensors, measurement standards, measurement errors, units and constants, time and
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Materials and their Processing such as: piezoelectric materials, polymers, metal oxides, III Vand
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Optoelectronic sensors such as: photovoltaic diodes, photoconductors, photodiodes,
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Mechanical sensors such as: metallic, thin-film and semiconductor strain gauges, diffused
silicon pressure sensors, silicon accelerometers, solid-state displacement transducers, piezo junction
deVICES, piezoelectric field-effect transducers (PiFETS), tunnel-diode strain sensors, surface acoustic
wave devices, silicon micromechanical switches, solid-state flow meters and electronic flow
controllers.

Thermal sensors such as: platinum resistors, thermistors, diode temperature sensors, silicon
transistor thermometers, integrated temperature transducers, PTAT circuits, thermocouples,
thermopiles, pyroelectric thermometers, quartz thermometers, power transistors and thick-film
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Magnetic sensors such as: magnetoresistors, Corbino disks, magnetodiodes, Hall-effect devices,
integrated Hall devices, silicon depletion-layer magnetometers, magneto-injection transistors,
magnistors, lateral magnetotransistors, carrier-domain magnetometers, MOS magnetic-field sensors,
solid-state read and write heads.

Micromechanics such as: research papers on actuators, structures, integrated sensors actuators,
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microsystems; exploration of new topics related to micromechanics; microsystem-related problems
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interest to micromechanics.

Interface electronics: electronic circuits which are designed to interface directly with the above
transducers and which are used for improving or complementing the characteristics of these devices,
such as linearization, A/D conversion, temperature compensation, light-intensity compensation,
current/frequency conversion and microcomputer interfacing.

Sensor Systems and Applications such as: sensor buses, multiple-sensor systems, sensor
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- aging
- antireflection
- artifact
- band bending
- bandgap
- bandwidth
- co-evaporate
- cross section
- cross-sectional
- crosstalk
- feedback (adj.)
- flat-band (adj.)
- Gaussian
- Kirchhoff
- lifetime
linewidth
microelectronics
micromechanics midpoint
multilayer
multi-target
non-crystalline
n-type (adj.)
open-circuit (adj.)
photoemission
photogenerate
photoresist
p-type (adj.)
printout
readout
reverse-bias (adj.)
rod-like (adj.)
semicontinuous
short-circuit (adj.)
single-crystal (adj.)

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