



# SEDIMENTARY GEOLOGY

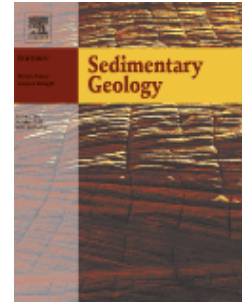
An International Journal of Pure and Applied Sedimentology

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### DESCRIPTION

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*Sedimentary Geology* is a journal that rapidly publishes high quality, cutting edge research papers of general interest across the entire range of subjects falling under the umbrella of sedimentary geology, from techniques of sediment analysis to geodynamical aspects of sedimentary-basin evolution. Papers that discuss the latest developments in topics such as processes, techniques and models that can be applied to sediment analysis, particularly in emerging subject areas, are also actively invited.

In scope, the journal encompasses all aspects of research into sediments and sedimentary rocks at all spatial and temporal scales. We encourage the submission of papers dealing with linkages between sedimentology and other earth systems, for example climate and biogeochemistry. We also welcome papers that deal with sedimentology, sediments and sedimentary rocks from past, present and future contexts.

Papers submitted to *Sedimentary Geology* should place the research in a broad context so that it is of interest to the diverse, international readership of the journal. Thus, papers that are largely descriptive in nature and/or of limited or local significance will not be considered for publication.

### AUDIENCE

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Sedimentologists.

### IMPACT FACTOR

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2016: 2.373 © Thomson Reuters Journal Citation Reports 2017

## ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

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AESIS  
AGI's Bibliography and Index of Geology  
Bulletin Signalétique  
Chemical Abstracts  
Compendex  
Current Contents  
EBSCOhost  
Engineering Village - GEOBASE  
GeoRef  
OCLC Contents Alert  
PASCAL/CNRS  
Petroleum Abstracts  
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## GUIDE FOR AUTHORS

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### INTRODUCTION

All authors must read the [Editorial](#) in vol 241 issues 1-4, which provides advice on how to prepare manuscripts for the journal.

Sedimentary Geology is a journal that rapidly publishes high quality, cutting edge research papers of general interest across the entire range of subjects falling under the umbrella of sedimentary geology, from techniques of sediment analysis to geodynamical aspects of sedimentary-basin evolution. Papers that discuss the latest developments in topics such as processes, techniques and models that can be applied to sediment analysis, particularly in emerging subject areas, are also actively invited.

In scope, the journal encompasses all aspects of research into sediments and sedimentary rocks at all spatial and temporal scales. We encourage the submission of papers dealing with linkages between sedimentology and other earth systems, for example climate and biogeochemistry. We also welcome papers that deal with sedimentology, sediments and sedimentary rocks from past, present and future contexts.

Papers submitted to Sedimentary Geology should place the research in a broad context so that it is of interest to the diverse, international readership of the journal. Thus, papers that are largely descriptive in nature and/or of limited or local significance will not be considered for publication.

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## **PREPARATION**

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### *Use of word processing software*

It is important that the file be saved in the native format of the word processor used. The text should be in single-column format. Keep the layout of the text as simple as possible. Most formatting codes will be removed and replaced on processing the article. In particular, do not use the word processor's options to justify text or to hyphenate words. However, do use bold face, italics, subscripts, superscripts etc. When preparing tables, if you are using a table grid, use only one grid for each individual table and not a grid for each row. If no grid is used, use tabs, not spaces, to align columns. The electronic text should be prepared in a way very similar to that of conventional manuscripts (see also the [Guide to Publishing with Elsevier](#)). Note that source files of figures, tables and text graphics will be required whether or not you embed your figures in the text. See also the section on Electronic artwork.

To avoid unnecessary errors you are strongly advised to use the 'spell-check' and 'grammar-check' functions of your word processor.

### **Article structure**



### *Subdivision - numbered sections*

Divide your article into clearly defined and numbered sections. Subsections should be numbered 1.1 (then 1.1.1, 1.1.2, ...), 1.2, etc. (the abstract is not included in section numbering). Use this numbering also for internal cross-referencing: do not just refer to 'the text'. Any subsection may be given a brief heading. Each heading should appear on its own separate line.

Manuscripts should generally be organized in the following order:

- a. Title
- b. Name(s) of the author(s) and their affiliations and fax and e-mail numbers. Fax and e-mail numbers should be placed as footnotes. In the case of more than one author please indicate to whom the correspondence should be addressed.
- c. Abstract
- d. Keywords
- e. Introduction
- f. Area descriptions, methods and material studied
- g. Results and analyses
- h. Discussion and conclusions
- i. Acknowledgements
- j. Appendices
- k. References
- l. Tables
- m. Figure captions
- n. Figures

### *Introduction*

State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results.

### *Material and methods*

Provide sufficient detail to allow the work to be reproduced. Methods already published should be indicated by a reference: only relevant modifications should be described.

### *Results*

Results should be clear and concise.

### *Discussion*

This should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. A combined Results and Discussion section is often appropriate. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature.

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The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section.

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A concise and factual abstract is required. The abstract should state briefly the purpose of the research, the principal results and major conclusions. An abstract is often presented separately from the article, so it must be able to stand alone. For this reason, References should be avoided, but if essential, then cite the author(s) and year(s). Also, non-standard or uncommon abbreviations should be avoided, but if essential they must be defined at their first mention in the abstract itself.

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3. Tables should be numbered according to their sequence in the text. The text must include references to all tables.

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