



ORAL ONCOLOGY

A Journal Related to Head & Neck Oncology

AUTHOR INFORMATION PACK

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DESCRIPTION

Oral Oncology is an international interdisciplinary journal which publishes high quality original research, clinical trials and review articles, editorials, and commentaries relating to the etiopathogenesis, epidemiology, prevention, clinical features, diagnosis, treatment and management of patients with **neoplasms** in the **head** and **neck**.

Oral Oncology is of interest to head and neck surgeons, radiation and medical oncologists, maxillo-facial surgeons, oto-rhino-laryngologists, plastic surgeons, pathologists, scientists, oral medical specialists, special care dentists, dental care professionals, general dental practitioners, public health physicians, palliative care physicians, nurses, radiologists, radiographers, dieticians, occupational therapists, speech and language therapists, nutritionists, clinical and health psychologists and counselors, professionals in end of life care, as well as others interested in these fields.

Basic, translational, or clinical Research or Review papers of high quality and that make a contribution to new knowledge are invited on the following aspects of neoplasms arising in the head and neck (including lip, tongue, oral cavity, oropharynx, salivary glands, sinuses, nose, nasopharynx, larynx, skull base, thyroid, and craniofacial region, and the related hard and soft tissues and lymph nodes):

- **Etiopathogenesis:** natural history of cancer and pre-cancer; basic pathology, metastatic mechanisms; genetic changes; cellular and molecular changes; microorganisms; growth factors, adhesion and other molecules
- **Epidemiology;** risk factors; biomarkers; protective factors; geographic factors; prevention; screening and intervention
- Clinical features; **orofacial** effects of neoplasms at both local and distant sites; tumor staging and grading
- Diagnosis; **detection** of **cancer** and pre-cancer; cellular and molecular markers for diagnosis; advances in **imaging** and other functional diagnostic modalities for cancer and pre-cancer
- **Management** and **Prognosis;** clinical, cellular and molecular markers for prognosis; **treatment** options including surgical, lasers, photodynamic therapy, cryosurgery, micro-vascular and other forms of surgery, medical, radiotherapy, chemotherapy, immunotherapy, biological and gene therapy advances; molecular targets and new therapeutics (new cytotoxics and molecular-targeted therapies); multimodality treatment; advances in reconstruction and rehabilitation, including flaps and grafts, alloplasty, bone and connective tissue biology; multidisciplinary teamwork in cancer care and **oral health care.**
- Quality of life issues; issues of consent; psychosocial aspects; patient and health professional information; patient involvement; psychological interventions, improving outcomes; the prevention,

diagnosis and management of complications, including, pain, hemorrhage, dysfunction, deformity, osteoradionecrosis, xerostomia, and others; rehabilitation; palliative and end of life care; and support teamwork.

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Review articles that are topical and a critical assessment of any aspect of head and neck are welcome. Review articles collate, describe, and evaluate prior publications of important head and neck subjects, accompanied by critical analysis leading to rational conclusions. These Reviews should contain very little, if any, original data from an author's own study; however, such data can be used to support the overall thesis of the article. We also accept targeted mini-reviews that cover specific topics or therapies as well as meta-analyses. Mechanics: **Review articles should contain a short abstract stating the goal of the review, an introduction, discussion, and conclusion. Review articles can contain up to 5,000 words, 7 figures and/or tables, and 120 references.**

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Types of paper

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A concise and factual abstract of no more than 250 words is required. The abstract must be **structured for original research articles and articles reporting the results of clinical trials**. The abstract should be divided by subheadings as follows: Objectives, Materials and Methods, Results and Conclusion.

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