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DESCRIPTION

This international, multidisciplinary journal covers all aspects of neuromuscular disorders in childhood and adult life (including the muscular dystrophies, spinal muscular atrophies, hereditary neuropathies, congenital myopathies, myasthenias, myotonic syndromes, metabolic myopathies and inflammatory myopathies).

The Editors welcome original articles from all areas of the field:
- Clinical aspects, such as new clinical entities, case studies of interest, treatment, management and rehabilitation (including biomechanics, orthotic design and surgery).
- Basic scientific studies of relevance to the clinical syndromes, including advances in the fields of molecular biology and genetics.
- Studies of animal models relevant to the human diseases.

The journal is aimed at a wide range of clinicians, pathologists, associated paramedical professionals and clinical and basic scientists with an interest in the study of neuromuscular disorders.

In addition to original research papers, the journal also publishes reviews and mini-reviews, preliminary short communications and book reviews, and has editorial, correspondence and news sections. Reports on congresses and workshops, taking the form of a digested or very comprehensive commentary, pointing out some of the particular highlights in relation to the contributors and giving some detail of the area covered, important contributions and a list of participants, are also welcome.

The journal is published monthly and aims at rapid publication of high quality papers of scientific merit as well as general interest to a wide readership. There is also a fast track for rapid publication of new material of outstanding scientific merit and importance.

Neuromuscular Disorders is the official journal of the World Muscle Society an international, multidisciplinary, scientific society, dedicated to the advancement and dissemination of knowledge in the field of neuromuscular disorders.

AUDIENCE

Clinicians, pathologists, associated paramedical professionals and clinical and basic scientists with an interest in the study of neuromuscular disorders.
IMPACT FACTOR

2018: 2.612 © Clarivate Analytics Journal Citation Reports 2019

ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

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GUIDE FOR AUTHORS

Types of Paper

Research Articles
Regular original research articles should be sent to the main Editorial Office. There is no restriction on length though most articles are between 2500 and 6000 words long. Please contact the Editorial Office if you wish to discuss. The Editor-in-Chief or an appropriate Executive Associate Editor will handle the submission. (For more information on Executive Associate Editors please see Editor's Commentary. Neuromuscular Disorders, Volume 26, Issue 1, January 2016, Pages 1–4.)

Animal Models for Neuromuscular Diseases
Gillian Butler-Browne will be allocated research articles submitted under this section. There is no restriction on length though most articles are between 2500 and 6000 words long. Please contact the Editorial Office if you would like to discuss.

Veterinary Myology
Diane Shelton will be pleased to receive research articles covering clinical or investigative aspects of spontaneously occurring myopathies, neuropathies or disorders of neuromuscular transmission in domestic animals. There is no restriction on length though most articles are between 2500 and 6000 words long. Please contact the Editorial Office if you would like to discuss.

In addition to submitting regular original research articles, letters and meeting reports, we invite readers to submit interesting articles to the special sections listed below. All items should be submitted online in the usual way to the main Editorial Office in London, with the relevant article type selected from the drop-down menu. If you wish to discuss anything with section editors prior to submission please refer to the journal homepage online or the inside front cover of the printed journal for up-to-date contact information of each section editor.

Reviews
Review papers should cover recent, important developments related to diagnosis, pathogenesis or therapy of a neuromuscular disorder. They can be either in-depth and comprehensive, or short, mini-reviews. Please include an abstract and key words. Reviews will be directed to Anders Oldfors who will co-ordinate peer review. There is no upper limit on the length though most articles do not exceed 6000 words. Please contact the Editorial Office if you would like to discuss.

Case Reports
Case reports should be of interest to the multidisciplinary readership of Neuromuscular Disorders and have a neuromuscular component. Topics such as sensory neuropathies and ataxias are of limited interest to our readership. Case reports should not exceed 2000 words and may include up to three tables or figures and a maximum of 25 references. They should take the form of Title, Abstract (up to 150 words), Introduction, Case Report, Discussion, Acknowledgements and References. Please note that key clinical information must be included in the abstract. Case reports will be directed to Beril Talim who will co-ordinate the editorial process.

Picture of the Month
Please send an interesting picture, clinical, pathological or imaging, of clinical challenge or interest. This should be accompanied by a brief case presentation and discussion, highlighting the special features of the picture, in no more than 300 words and up to three references (no abstract is required). The picture should be the main part of the presentation and be of adequate size and good quality.

Clinical Casebook
Contributions will be welcome for this section for cases that show a conflict of interpretation between the clinical and the investigative aspects of a case, with a view to raising questions, promoting thinking and discussion and potentially opening new channels of research to advance our knowledge.

Historical Reports
We welcome articles of historical interest. These can be sent to the Editorial Office in the first instance and will be redirected to the Historical Section Editor.

ENMC Workshop Reports
These submissions will be treated as a report on a workshop, with the convenor(s) listed as corresponding author(s). They will not be subjected to peer review and, after approval by the Editor, will be published in the next available issue of the journal. The workshop report should be concise and follow the agenda of the workshop - it has the nature of a workshop report, not of a review article (setting the stage for future developments).

The length of a report will vary depending on the number of topics discussed. Workshop reports need to be succinct, focusing on the new information. The references should be confined to those directly relevant to the workshop. Up to three tables, figures or photos may be included. No abstract is required.

1. The basic format of the ENMC-based workshop reports will be the same as in the past with a TITLE reflecting the number of the ENMC workshop, the number if appropriate of the topic workshop and the location and date.

2. A full list of all PARTICIPANTS will be included at the end of the report, with their city and country. This list will also include any ENMC representative as appropriate with [ENMC] after their name.

3. Full ACKNOWLEDGEMENT will be given to ENMC and all its sponsoring organisations at the end of the report using the exact wording as requested by ENMC as one of the conditions in their original letter of acceptance of the workshop.

4. In principle, only the workshop organizers will be the author(s) of the workshop report.

The organizers are to make sure that the tasks of all workshop participants regarding the preparation of the meeting report will have been discussed prior to closing the workshop.

All workshop participants will be included in the “ENMC XXXX Workshop Study Group*“, so that they can be found in PubMed as co-authors of the workshop report. The workshop participants/report authors will be mentioned in an Appendix under the asterisk. The maximum number of authors for a workshop report (including the “ENMC study group”) will be five – so a maximum of four (organizer) names can be used for the workshop report.

The list of authors will be included on the first page of the report, under the title, with a similar format to original papers in the journal. A full but preferably brief address can be included for each author, and the corresponding author for proofs and reprints should also be indicated.

5. As in the past, these reports will not be subjected to any peer review and it will be assumed that the content has the approval of all participants of the workshop. Once approved by the editor, the report will be given priority publication in the next available issue of the journal.

6. Keywords can be provided for reference.

Contact details for submission
Authors may send queries concerning the submission process, manuscript status or journal procedures to the Editorial Office (jane.miller@ucl.ac.uk).

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

Ethics in publishing
Please see our information pages on Ethics in publishing and Ethical guidelines for journal publication.

Description of variants (mutations)
Authors are required to follow the recommendations of the HGVS to describe sequence variants (see http://www.HGVS.org/mutnomen/ for a summary of the current recommendations).

Submission of data to a genetic database
In keeping with the recommendations of the Human Variome Project (Cotton RG et al 207. Nat Genet 39:433 http://www.nature.com/ng/journal/v39/n4/full/ng2024.html) authors submitting a manuscript to Neuromuscular Disorders are required to submit all variants and phenotype descriptions to a public database prior to acceptance. Authors must declare the status of database submission in their covering letter upon submission to the journal. In addition, authors should indicate in
their manuscript the database(s) to which they have submitted the variants, and provide the URL. For further information and links to gene variant databases either use GeneSymbol.lovd.nl (e.g. TP53.lovd.nl) or visit the following website: http://www.hgvs.org/dblist/dblist.html.

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All authors must disclose any financial and personal relationships with other people or organizations that could inappropriately influence (bias) their work. Examples of potential competing interests include employment, consultancies, stock ownership, honoraria, paid expert testimony, patent applications/registrations, and grants or other funding. Authors must disclose any interests in two places: 1. A summary declaration of interest statement in the title page file (if double-blind) or the manuscript file (if single-blind). If there are no interests to declare then please state this: 'Declarations of interest: none'. This summary statement will be ultimately published if the article is accepted.

2. Detailed disclosures as part of a separate Declaration of Interest form, which forms part of the journal's official records. It is important for potential interests to be declared in both places and that the information matches. More information.

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Submission of an article implies that the work described has not been published previously (except in the form of an abstract, a published lecture or academic thesis, see 'Multiple, redundant or concurrent publication' for more information), that it is not under consideration for publication elsewhere, that its publication is approved by all authors and tacitly or explicitly by the responsible authorities where the work was carried out, and that, if accepted, it will not be published elsewhere in the same form, in English or in any other language, including electronically without the written consent of the copyright-holder. To verify originality, your article may be checked by the originality detection service Crossref Similarity Check.

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Contributors

Each author is required to declare his or her individual contribution to the article: all authors must have materially participated in the research and/or article preparation, so roles for all authors should be described. The statement that all authors have approved the final article should be true and included in the disclosure.

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PREPARATION

Peer review
This journal operates a single blind review process. All contributions will be initially assessed by the editor for suitability for the journal. Papers deemed suitable are then typically sent to a minimum of two independent expert reviewers to assess the scientific quality of the paper. The Editor is responsible for the final decision regarding acceptance or rejection of articles. The Editor's decision is final. More information on types of peer review.

Use of word processing software
It is important that the file be saved in the native format of the word processor used. The text should be in single-column format. Keep the layout of the text as simple as possible. Most formatting codes will be removed and replaced on processing the article. In particular, do not use the word processor's options to justify text or to hyphenate words. However, do use bold face, italics, subscripts, superscripts etc. When preparing tables, if you are using a table grid, use only one grid for each individual table and not a grid for each row. If no grid is used, use tabs, not spaces, to align columns. The electronic text should be prepared in a way very similar to that of conventional manuscripts (see also the Guide to Publishing with Elsevier). Note that source files of figures, tables and text graphics will be required whether or not you embed your figures in the text. See also the section on Electronic artwork.
To avoid unnecessary errors you are strongly advised to use the 'spell-check' and 'grammar-check' functions of your word processor.

Article structure
Text
Papers should be organized in the following format: Abstract (which must consist of a single paragraph only and no sub-headings), Introduction, Materials (or Patients) and Methods, Results and Discussion. Other descriptive headings and sub-headings may be used if appropriate. Every effort should be made to avoid jargon and non-standard abbreviations. Contents of the study should be presented as clearly and as concisely as possible.

Subdivision - numbered sections
Divide your article into clearly defined and numbered sections. Subsections should be numbered 1.1 (then 1.1.1, 1.1.2, ...), 1.2, etc. (the abstract is not included in section numbering). Use this numbering also for internal cross-referencing: do not just refer to 'the text'. Any subsection may be given a brief heading. Each heading should appear on its own separate line.

Introduction
State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results.

Material and methods
Provide sufficient details to allow the work to be reproduced by an independent researcher. Methods that are already published should be summarized, and indicated by a reference. If quoting directly from a previously published method, use quotation marks and also cite the source. Any modifications to existing methods should also be described.

Results
Results should be clear and concise.

Discussion
This should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. A combined Results and Discussion section is often appropriate. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature.

Conclusions
The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section.

Appendices
If there is more than one appendix, they should be identified as A, B, etc. Formulae and equations in appendices should be given separate numbering: Eq. (A.1), Eq. (A.2), etc.; in a subsequent appendix, Eq. (B.1) and so on. Similarly for tables and figures: Table A.1; Fig. A.1, etc.
Essential title page information

- **Title.** Concise and informative. Titles are often used in information-retrieval systems. Avoid abbreviations and formulae where possible.

- **Author names and affiliations.** Please clearly indicate the given name(s) and family name(s) of each author and check that all names are accurately spelled. You can add your name between parentheses in your own script behind the English transliteration. Present the authors' affiliation addresses (where the actual work was done) below the names. Indicate all affiliations with a lower-case superscript letter immediately after the author’s name and in front of the appropriate address. Provide the full postal address of each affiliation, including the country name and, if available, the e-mail address of each author.

- **Corresponding author.** Clearly indicate who will handle correspondence at all stages of refereeing and publication, also post-publication. This responsibility includes answering any future queries about Methodology and Materials. **Ensure that the e-mail address is given and that contact details are kept up to date by the corresponding author.**

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Highlights are mandatory for this journal as they help increase the discoverability of your article via search engines. They consist of a short collection of bullet points that capture the novel results of your research as well as new methods that were used during the study (if any). Please have a look at the examples here: example Highlights.

Highlights should be submitted in a separate editable file in the online submission system. Please use 'Highlights' in the file name and include 3 to 5 bullet points (maximum 85 characters, including spaces, per bullet point).

**Abstract**

A concise and factual abstract (up to 200 words for full length articles and 150 words for case reports) is required. The abstract should state briefly the purpose of the research, the principal results and major conclusions. An abstract is often presented separately from the article, so it must be able to stand alone. For this reason, references should be avoided, but if essential, then cite the author(s) and year(s). It should comprise one complete paragraph with no subheadings. Also, non-standard or uncommon abbreviations should be avoided, but if essential they must be defined at their first mention in the abstract itself.

**Keywords**

Immediately after the abstract, provide a maximum of 6 keywords, using American spelling and avoiding general and plural terms and multiple concepts (avoid, for example, 'and', 'of'). Be sparing with abbreviations: only abbreviations firmly established in the field may be eligible. These keywords will be used for indexing purposes.

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Define abbreviations that are not standard in this field in a footnote to be placed on the first page of the article. Such abbreviations that are unavoidable in the abstract must be defined at their first mention there, as well as in the footnote. Ensure consistency of abbreviations throughout the article. Any ambiguous symbols (e.g. the letter 'O' vs the numeral '0', the letter 'I' vs the numeral '1') should be identified. Unnecessary abbreviations should be avoided.

At his discretion the Editor-in-Chief will convert any such abbreviations into their unabbreviated form in order to maintain the flow and sense of the text.

**Acknowledgements**

Collate acknowledgements in a separate section at the end of the article before the references and do not, therefore, include them on the title page, as a footnote to the title or otherwise. List here those individuals who provided help during the research (e.g., providing language help, writing assistance or proof reading the article, etc.).

**Formatting of funding sources**

List funding sources in this standard way to facilitate compliance to funder's requirements:
Funding: This work was supported by the National Institutes of Health [grant numbers xxxx, yyyy]; the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, Seattle, WA [grant number zzzz]; and the United States Institutes of Peace [grant number aaaa].

It is not necessary to include detailed descriptions on the program or type of grants and awards. When funding is from a block grant or other resources available to a university, college, or other research institution, submit the name of the institute or organization that provided the funding.

If no funding has been provided for the research, please include the following sentence:

This research did not receive any specific grant from funding agencies in the public, commercial, or not-for-profit sectors.

Footnotes
Footnotes should be used sparingly. Number them consecutively throughout the article. Many word processors can build footnotes into the text, and this feature may be used. Otherwise, please indicate the position of footnotes in the text and list the footnotes themselves separately at the end of the article. Do not include footnotes in the Reference list.

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• Embed the used fonts if the application provides that option.
• Aim to use the following fonts in your illustrations: Arial, Courier, Times New Roman, Symbol, or use fonts that look similar.
• Number the illustrations according to their sequence in the text.
• Use a logical naming convention for your artwork files.
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