TABLE OF CONTENTS

● Description p.1
● Impact Factor p.1
● Abstracting and Indexing p.1
● Editorial Board p.2
● Guide for Authors p.5

DESCRIPTION

The *Journal of Vocational Behavior* publishes original empirical and theoretical articles that contribute novel insights to the fields of career choice, career development, and work adjustment across the lifespan and which are also valuable for applications in counseling and career development programs in colleges and universities, business and industry, government, and the military.

The Journal primarily focuses on investigations of individual decision-making about work and careers rather than studies of employer or organizational-level variables. Example topics include initial career choices (e.g., choice of major, initial choice of work or organization, organizational attraction), the development of a career, work transitions, work-family management, work adjustment and attitudes within the workplace (such as work commitment, multiple role management, turnover).

Benefits to authors
We also provide many author benefits, such as free PDFs, a liberal copyright policy, special discounts on Elsevier publications and much more. Please click here for more information on our author services.

Please see our Guide for Authors for information on article submission. If you require any further information or help, please visit our support pages: http://service.elsevier.com.

IMPACT FACTOR

2018: 3.387 © Clarivate Analytics Journal Citation Reports 2019

ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

Scopus
AGRICOLA
Current Contents - Social & Behavioral Sciences
PsycINFO
PsycSCAN
Research Alert
Social Sciences Citation Index
EDITORIAL BOARD

Editor
Nadya A. Fouad, University of Wisconsin, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, United States

Associate Editors
Jos Akkermans, VU Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands
Jinyan Fan, Auburn University, Auburn, Alabama, United States
Yanjun Guan, Durham University, Durham, United Kingdom
Neeta Kantamneni, University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, Nebraska, United States
Amit Kramer, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign School of Labor and Employment Relations, Champaign, Illinois, United States
Simon Lloyd Restubog, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign School of Labor and Employment Relations, Champaign, Illinois, United States
Cort Rudolph, Saint Louis University, Saint Louis, Missouri, United States
Daniel Spurk, University of Bern, Bern, Switzerland
Maria Tims, VU Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands

Editorial Board
Blake Allan, Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, United States
Rajiv Amarnani, The University of Western Australia, Perth, Western Australia, Australia
Michael Arthur, Suffolk University, Boston, Massachusetts, United States
Kelsey Autin, University of Wisconsin Milwaukee, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, United States
Hugh T.J. Bainbridge, University of New South Wales, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia
Amy Nicole Baker, University of New Haven, West Haven, Connecticut, United States
Lisa Baranik, University at Albany State University of New York, Albany, New York, United States
Brian Barker Caza, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada
Yehuda Baruch, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom
Gerard Beenen, California State University Fullerton, Fullerton, California, United States
Nancy E. Betz, OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY, Columbus, Ohio, United States
Lynette H. Bikos, Seattle Pacific University, Seattle, Washington, United States
Jenny Bimore, University of Warwick, Coventry, United Kingdom
Michal Biron, University of Haifa, Haifa, Israel
David L. Blustein, Boston College, Chestnut Hill, Massachusetts, United States
Jill Bradley-Geist, University of Colorado at Colorado Springs, Colorado Springs, Colorado, United States
Alan Brown, University of Warwick, Coventry, United Kingdom
Emily Bullock-Yowell, University of Southern Mississippi, Hattiesburg, Mississippi, United States
Filomena Buonocore, University of Naples - Parthenope, Napoli, Italy
Johnna Capitano, West Chester University of Pennsylvania, West Chester, Pennsylvania, United States
Teresa Cardador, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign School of Labor and Employment Relations, Champaign, Illinois, United States
Paulo Cardoso, University of Évora, Evora, Portugal
Xi Wen (Carys) Chan, RMIT University, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia
Raysen Cheung, Hong Kong Shue Yan University, North Point, Hong Kong
Ying-Yi Chih, Australian National University College of Business and Economics, Canberra, Australia
Eunae Cho, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, Singapore
Krista Chronister, University of Oregon, Eugene, Oregon, United States
Laurie Cohen, University of Nottingham, Nottingham, United Kingdom
Serge P. da Motta Veiga, American University, Washington, District of Columbia, United States
Nele De Cuypers, KU Leuven, Leuven, Belgium
Maike Debus, University of Zurich, Zürich, Switzerland
Eric Deemer, Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, United States
Daantje Derks-Theunissen, Erasmus University Rotterdam, Rotterdam, Netherlands
Lindsay Y. Dhanani, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio, United States
Bryan Dik, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, Colorado, United States
Marco Di Renzo, Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, California, United States
Maria do Ceu Taveira, University of Minho, Braga, Portugal
Ryan Duffy, University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida, United States
Erin Eatough, City College of New York, New York, New York, United States
Nathan Eva, Monash University, Clayton, Victoria, Australia
Ulrike Fasbender, University of Giessen, Giessen, Germany
Lisa Flores, University of Missouri, Columbia, Missouri, United States
Kimberly A. French, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, Georgia, United States
Charlotte Fritz, Portland State University, Portland, Oregon, United States
Zvonimir Galic, University Hospital Centre Zagreb, Zagreb, Croatia
Patrick Raymund James M. Garcia, Macquarie University, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia
Michael Gielnik, Leuphana University of Lüneburg, Luneburg, Germany
Jeffrey H. Greenhaus, Drexel University, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, United States
Margo A. Gregor, University of Akron, Akron, Ohio, United States
Yannick Grie, University of Calgary, Calgary, Alberta, Canada
Barbara Griffin, Macquarie University, Sydney, Australia
Jun Gu, Monash University Business School, Clayton, Australia
Liang Guo, Shandong University Institute of Data Science, Weihai, China
Jian Han, China Europe International Business School Beijing Campus, Beijing, China
Michael B. Harari, Florida Atlantic University, Boca Raton, Florida, United States
Paul J. Hartung, Northeastern Ohio Medical University, Rootstown, Ohio, United States
Barbara Harwick, University of Sydney, Sydney, Australia
Peter A. Heslin, University of New South Wales, Sydney, Australia
Robert Hirschfeld, University of Colorado at Colorado Springs, Colorado Springs, Colorado, United States
Changya Hu, National Chengchi University, Taipei, Taiwan
Jason Huang, Michigan State University, East Lansing, Michigan, United States
Ryan Johnson, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio, United States
Anita C. Keller, University of Groningen, Groningen, Netherlands
Christian Kiewitz, University of Dayton, Dayton, Ohio, United States
Jessie Koen, University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands
Lisa M. Larson, Iowa State University, Ames, Iowa, United States
Katie Lawson, Ball State University, Muncie, Indiana, United States
Huong Le, Deakin University, Geelong, Victoria, Australia
Huy Le, University of Texas at San Antonio, San Antonio, Texas, United States
Bora Lee, Korea University Department of Education, Seongbuk-gu, Korea, Republic of
Hang-Shim Lee, Konkuk University Graduate School of Education, Seoul, Korea, Republic of
Grace Lemmon, DePaul University, Chicago, Illinois, United States
Robert W. Lent, University of Maryland at College Park, College Park, Maryland, United States
Melanie E. Leuty, University of Southern Mississippi, Hattiesburg, Mississippi, United States
Lori Lindley, Gannon University, Erie, Pennsylvania, United States
Melissa Lopez Reyes, De la Salle University, Manila, Philippines
Brad Lyssik, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby, Canada
Evgenia I. Lysova, VU Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands
Justin Marcus, Koc University, Istanbul, Turkey
Lee Martin, Deakin University Department of Management, Burwood, Australia
Courtney Masterson, University of San Francisco, San Francisco, California, United States
Russell Matthews, Bowling Green State University, Bowling Green, Ohio, United States
Peter McIlveen, University of Southern Queensland, Toowoomba, Australia
Ellen McWhirter, University of Oregon, Eugene, Oregon, United States
Jesse Michel, Auburn University, Auburn, Alabama, United States
Maura J. Mills, The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, Alabama, United States
Gabriele Morandin, University of Bologna Department of Management and Bologna Business School, Bologna, Italy
Rachel Navarro, University of North Dakota, Grand Forks, North Dakota, United States
Alexander Newman, Deakin University, Geelong, Victoria, Australia
Thomas Ng, University of Hong Kong, Pokfulam
Laura Nota, University of Padua, Padova, Italy
Martin Obschonka, Queensland University of Technology, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia
Filomena Parada, University of Jyväskylä, Jyväskylä, Finland
Stephanie Payne, Texas A&M University College Station, College Station, Texas, United States
Harsha Perera, University of Nevada Las Vegas, Las Vegas, Nevada, United States
Kristin Perrone-McGovern, Ball State University, Muncie, Indiana, United States
Shaun Pichler, California State University Fullerton, Fullerton, California, United States
Sumita Raghuram, Pennsylvania State University, University Park, Pennsylvania, United States
Shuang Ren, Deakin Graduate School of Business, Burwood, Australia
Jerome Rossier, University of Lausanne, Lausanne, Switzerland
Joyce Russell, Villanova University, Villanova, Pennsylvania, United States
Mark Savickas, Northeastern Ohio University College of Medicine, Rootstown, Ohio, United States
Pauline Schipzand, Oregon State University, Corvallis, Oregon, United States
Antje Schmitt, University of Groningen, Groningen, Netherlands
Donna Schulteiss, Cleveland State University, Cleveland, Ohio, United States
Winny Shen, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ontario, Canada
Hung-Bin Sheu, University at Albany State University of New York, Albany, United States
Mindy Shoss, University of Central Florida, Orlando, Florida, United States
Romila Singh, University of Wisconsin Milwaukee, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, United States
Vladimir Skorikov, University of Hawai‘i at Hilo, Hilo, Hawai‘i, United States
Florence M. Sortheix, University of Jyväskylä, Jyväskylä, Finland
Laura Stanley, University of North Carolina at Charlotte, Charlotte, North Carolina, United States
Rebekka Steiner, University of Bern, Bern, Switzerland
GUIDE FOR AUTHORS

INTRODUCTION

The Journal of Vocational Behavior publishes articles that report empirical research, both quantitative and qualitative, that expands knowledge about an individual's vocational choices and work-related decisions, work adjustment, and career development across the life-span.

Editors will consider manuscripts that make significant contributions to the literature in the following areas:

Studies of individuals' career and work-related choices examining topics such as:

- Theories of career choice; occupational interests and their measurement
- The inter-relation of abilities, needs, values, and personality
- Occupational aspirations and the vocational decision-making process
- Career adaptability; vocational development processes and stages
- The effects of culture, demographic variables, and experiential factors on vocational choice
- Career exploration
- Job search
- Organizational socialization.

Studies of work decisions and adjustment within the workplace, investigating topics such as:

- Job performance and satisfaction
- Career success;
- Theories of work adjustment
- Adult vocational development and career patterns
- Organizational commitment and job involvement
- Multiple-role management and the work-family interface
- Work-role salience
- Culture, demographic variables, and experiential factors on workplace decisions
- Work-leisure relations
- Midlife career change
- Occupational re-entry and transition from work to retirement.
- Individual job characteristics and job design.
- Work-related stress and well-being.

The journal also publishes research on career interventions; mentoring; and psychometric research that reports the construction and initial validation of new inventories as well as studies that evaluate the reliability and validity of instruments that measure career related constructs.

Please note: the Journal does not publish research on organization-, team-, or group-level variables nor does it publish studies on vocational education.

Manuscripts may be desk rejected (i.e. rejected without editorial review) for the following reasons:

- Outside the scope of the journal as outlined above,
- Has significant flaws in writing style, structure or language (please see APA style guide http://www.apastyle.org).
- Does not make a substantive contribution to the field due to, for example, limited theoretical or practical relevance, a nonexistent or outdated review of literature, or a study based on single-source cross-sectional data that does not investigate new relationships or phenomena.
- Has substantial overlap with other manuscripts, including by the author(s). All manuscripts are submitted to Ithenticate and manuscripts with significant overlap will be returned to the author for revision.
- Any prior use of data is not explicitly stated and thoroughly explained. Note: any prior use of data must be clearly stated, see ‘Prior publication of data’ section below.
Please note that submitted manuscripts must not exceed 40 double-spaced pages including all references, tables, and figures. Exceptions may be made at the discretion of the editor for certain studies, please enquire about this before you submit your manuscript. The Journal normally publishes empirical articles but will occasionally invite reviews or conceptual articles. Uninvited conceptual manuscripts must make a substantive theoretical contribution, and should be sent to the editor for consideration before submission. The Editor will also consider proposals for special issues on one of the above topics.

**New article type: Results-Masked Reviewed (RMR) Article** ([click here for more details](#)). These submissions are initially sent for review without the results, discussion or conclusion and reviewers are asked to evaluate the article on the hypothesis and the methodology only.

**Prior publication of data**

Prior publication of data in manuscripts should be clearly stated in the covering letter, including detail of any articles currently 'in press' or being considered for publication which use the data. Authors may include a table of variables, instruments, and/or participants from this study that have been published elsewhere.

**Contact details**

Journal of Vocational Behavior Editorial Office:
jvb@elsevier.com
(619) 699-6297; Fax: (619) 699-6855

**BEFORE YOU BEGIN**

**Ethics in publishing**
Please see our information pages on [Ethics in publishing](#) and [Ethical guidelines for journal publication](#).

**Studies in humans and animals**

If the work involves the use of human subjects, the author should ensure that the work described has been carried out in accordance with The Code of Ethics of the World Medical Association (Declaration of Helsinki) for experiments involving humans. The manuscript should be in line with the [Recommendations for the Conduct, Reporting, Editing and Publication of Scholarly Work in Medical Journals](#) and aim for the inclusion of representative human populations (sex, age and ethnicity) as per those recommendations. The terms sex and gender should be used correctly.

Authors should include a statement in the manuscript that informed consent was obtained for experimentation with human subjects. The privacy rights of human subjects must always be observed.

All animal experiments should comply with the [ARRIVE guidelines](#) and should be carried out in accordance with the U.K. Animals (Scientific Procedures) Act, 1986 and associated guidelines, EU Directive 2010/63/EU for animal experiments, or the National Institutes of Health guide for the care and use of Laboratory animals (NIH Publications No. 8023, revised 1978) and the authors should clearly indicate in the manuscript that such guidelines have been followed. The sex of animals must be indicated, and where appropriate, the influence (or association) of sex on the results of the study.

**Declaration of interest**

All authors must disclose any financial and personal relationships with other people or organizations that could inappropriately influence (bias) their work. Examples of potential competing interests include employment, consultancies, stock ownership, honoraria, paid expert testimony, patent applications/registrations, and grants or other funding. Authors must disclose any interests in two places: 1. A summary declaration of interest statement in the title page file (if double-blind) or the manuscript file (if single-blind). If there are no interests to declare then please state this: 'Declarations of interest: none'. This summary statement will be ultimately published if the article is accepted. 2. Detailed disclosures as part of a separate Declaration of Interest form, which forms part of the journal's official records. It is important for potential interests to be declared in both places and that the information matches. [More information](#).

**Submission declaration and verification**

Submission of an article implies that the work described has not been published previously (except in the form of an abstract, a published lecture or academic thesis, see 'Multiple, redundant or concurrent publication' for more information), that it is not under consideration for publication elsewhere, that
its publication is approved by all authors and tacitly or explicitly by the responsible authorities where
the work was carried out, and that, if accepted, it will not be published elsewhere in the same form, in
English or in any other language, including electronically without the written consent of the copyright-
holder. To verify originality, your article may be checked by the originality detection service Crossref
Similarity Check.

Preprints
Please note that preprints can be shared anywhere at any time, in line with Elsevier’s sharing policy.
Sharing your preprints e.g. on a preprint server will not count as prior publication (see ‘Multiple,
redundant or concurrent publication’ for more information).

Use of inclusive language
Inclusive language acknowledges diversity, conveys respect to all people, is sensitive to differences,
and promotes equal opportunities. Articles should make no assumptions about the beliefs or
commitments of any reader, should contain nothing which might imply that one individual is superior
to another on the grounds of race, sex, culture or any other characteristic, and should use inclusive
language throughout. Authors should ensure that writing is free from bias, for instance by using 'he
or she', 'his/her' instead of 'he' or 'his', and by making use of job titles that are free of stereotyping
(e.g. 'chairperson' instead of 'chairman' and 'flight attendant' instead of 'stewardess').

Author contributions
For transparency, we encourage authors to submit an author statement file outlining their individual
contributions to the paper using the relevant CRediT roles: Conceptualization; Data curation;
Formal analysis; Funding acquisition; Investigation; Methodology; Project administration; Resources;
Software; Supervision; Validation; Visualization; Roles/Writing - original draft; Writing - review &
editing. Authorship statements should be formatted with the names of authors first and CRediT role(s)
following. More details and an example

Changes to authorship
Authors are expected to consider carefully the list and order of authors before submitting their
manuscript and provide the definitive list of authors at the time of the original submission. Any
addition, deletion or rearrangement of author names in the authorship list should be made only
before the manuscript has been accepted and only if approved by the journal Editor. To request such
a change, the Editor must receive the following from the corresponding author: (a) the reason
for the change in author list and (b) written confirmation (e-mail, letter) from all authors that they
agree with the addition, removal or rearrangement. In the case of addition or removal of authors,
this includes confirmation from the author being added or removed.
Only in exceptional circumstances will the Editor consider the addition, deletion or rearrangement of
authors after the manuscript has been accepted. While the Editor considers the request, publication
of the manuscript will be suspended. If the manuscript has already been published in an online issue,
any requests approved by the Editor will result in a corrigendum.

Copyright
Upon acceptance of an article, authors will be asked to complete a 'Journal Publishing Agreement' (see
more information on this). An e-mail will be sent to the corresponding author confirming receipt of
the manuscript together with a 'Journal Publishing Agreement' form or a link to the online version
of this agreement.

Subscribers may reproduce tables of contents or prepare lists of articles including abstracts for internal
circulation within their institutions. Permission of the Publisher is required for resale or distribution
outside the institution and for all other derivative works, including compilations and translations. If
excerpts from other copyrighted works are included, the author(s) must obtain written permission
from the copyright owners and credit the source(s) in the article. Elsevier has preprinted forms for
use by authors in these cases.

For gold open access articles: Upon acceptance of an article, authors will be asked to complete an
Exclusive License Agreement' (more information). Permitted third party reuse of gold open access
articles is determined by the author's choice of user license.

Author rights
As an author you (or your employer or institution) have certain rights to reuse your work. More
information.
Elsevier supports responsible sharing
Find out how you can share your research published in Elsevier journals.

Role of the funding source
You are requested to identify who provided financial support for the conduct of the research and/or preparation of the article and to briefly describe the role of the sponsor(s), if any, in study design; in the collection, analysis and interpretation of data; in the writing of the report; and in the decision to submit the article for publication. If the funding source(s) had no such involvement then this should be stated.

Open access
Please visit our Open Access page from the Journal Homepage for more information.

Elsevier Researcher Academy
Researcher Academy is a free e-learning platform designed to support early and mid-career researchers throughout their research journey. The "Learn" environment at Researcher Academy offers several interactive modules, webinars, downloadable guides and resources to guide you through the process of writing for research and going through peer review. Feel free to use these free resources to improve your submission and navigate the publication process with ease.

Language (usage and editing services)
Please write your text in good English (American or British usage is accepted, but not a mixture of these). Authors who feel their English language manuscript may require editing to eliminate possible grammatical or spelling errors and to conform to correct scientific English may wish to use the English Language Editing service available from Elsevier's Author Services.

Submission
Our online submission system guides you stepwise through the process of entering your article details and uploading your files. The system converts your article files to a single PDF file used in the peer-review process. Editable files (e.g., Word, LaTeX) are required to typeset your article for final publication. All correspondence, including notification of the Editor's decision and requests for revision, is sent by e-mail.

Submit your article
Please submit your article via http://ees.elsevier.com/jvb/

PREPARATION

Peer review
This journal operates a double blind review process. All contributions will be initially assessed by the editor for suitability for the journal. Papers deemed suitable are then typically sent to a minimum of two independent expert reviewers to assess the scientific quality of the paper. The Editor is responsible for the final decision regarding acceptance or rejection of articles. The Editor's decision is final. More information on types of peer review.

Double-blind review
This journal uses double-blind review, which means the identities of the authors are concealed from the reviewers, and vice versa. More information is available on our website. To facilitate this, please include the following separately:

Title page (with author details): This should include the title, authors' names, affiliations, acknowledgements and any Declaration of Interest statement, and a complete address for the corresponding author including an e-mail address.

Blinded manuscript (no author details): The main body of the paper (including the references, figures, tables and any acknowledgements) should not include any identifying information, such as the authors’ names or affiliations.

Use of word processing software
It is important that the file be saved in the native format of the word processor used. The text should be in single-column format. Keep the layout of the text as simple as possible. Most formatting codes will be removed and replaced on processing the article. In particular, do not use the word processor's options to justify text or to hyphenate words. However, do use bold face, italics, subscripts, superscripts etc. When preparing tables, if you are using a table grid, use only one grid for each individual table and not a grid for each row. If no grid is used, use tabs, not spaces, to align columns. The electronic text should be prepared in a way very similar to that of conventional manuscripts (see
also the Guide to Publishing with Elsevier). Note that source files of figures, tables and text graphics will be required whether or not you embed your figures in the text. See also the section on Electronic artwork.

To avoid unnecessary errors you are strongly advised to use the 'spell-check' and 'grammar-check' functions of your word processor.

**Article structure**

**Introduction**
State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results.

**Material and methods**
Provide sufficient details to allow the work to be reproduced by an independent researcher. Methods that are already published should be summarized, and indicated by a reference. If quoting directly from a previously published method, use quotation marks and also cite the source. Any modifications to existing methods should also be described.

**Theory/calculation**
A Theory section should extend, not repeat, the background to the article already dealt with in the Introduction and lay the foundation for further work. In contrast, a Calculation section represents a practical development from a theoretical basis.

**Results**
Results should be clear and concise.

**Discussion**
This should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. A combined Results and Discussion section is often appropriate. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature.

**Conclusions**
The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section.

**Essential title page information**

- **Title.** Concise and informative. Titles are often used in information-retrieval systems. Avoid abbreviations and formulae where possible.
- **Author names and affiliations.** Please clearly indicate the given name(s) and family name(s) of each author and check that all names are accurately spelled. You can add your name between parentheses in your own script behind the English transliteration. Present the authors' affiliation addresses (where the actual work was done) below the names. Indicate all affiliations with a lower-case superscript letter immediately after the author's name and in front of the appropriate address. Provide the full postal address of each affiliation, including the country name and, if available, the e-mail address of each author.
- **Corresponding author.** Clearly indicate who will handle correspondence at all stages of refereeing and publication, also post-publication. This responsibility includes answering any future queries about Methodology and Materials. **Ensure that the e-mail address is given and that contact details are kept up to date by the corresponding author.**
- **Present/permanent address.** If an author has moved since the work described in the article was done, or was visiting at the time, a 'Present address' (or 'Permanent address') may be indicated as a footnote to that author's name. The address at which the author actually did the work must be retained as the main, affiliation address. Superscript Arabic numerals are used for such footnotes.

**Highlights**
Highlights are optional yet highly encouraged for this journal, as they increase the discoverability of your article via search engines. They consist of a short collection of bullet points that capture the novel results of your research as well as new methods that were used during the study (if any). Please have a look at the examples here: example Highlights.

Highlights should be submitted in a separate editable file in the online submission system. Please use 'Highlights' in the file name and include 3 to 5 bullet points (maximum 85 characters, including spaces, per bullet point).
Abstract
A concise and factual abstract is required. The abstract should state briefly the purpose of the research, the principal results and major conclusions. An abstract is often presented separately from the article, so it must be able to stand alone. For this reason, References should be avoided, but if essential, then cite the author(s) and year(s). Also, non-standard or uncommon abbreviations should be avoided, but if essential they must be defined at their first mention in the abstract itself.

Graphical abstract
Although a graphical abstract is optional, its use is encouraged as it draws more attention to the online article. The graphical abstract should summarize the contents of the article in a concise, pictorial form designed to capture the attention of a wide readership. Graphical abstracts should be submitted as a separate file in the online submission system. Image size: Please provide an image with a minimum of 531 × 1328 pixels (h × w) or proportionally more. The image should be readable at a size of 5 × 13 cm using a regular screen resolution of 96 dpi. Preferred file types: TIFF, EPS, PDF or MS Office files. You can view Example Graphical Abstracts on our information site. Authors can make use of Elsevier's Illustration Services to ensure the best presentation of their images and in accordance with all technical requirements.

Keywords
Immediately after the abstract, provide a maximum of 6 keywords, using British spelling and avoiding general and plural terms and multiple concepts (avoid, for example, 'and', 'of'). Be sparing with abbreviations: only abbreviations firmly established in the field may be eligible. These keywords will be used for indexing purposes.

Formatting of funding sources
List funding sources in this standard way to facilitate compliance to funder's requirements:

Funding: This work was supported by the National Institutes of Health [grant numbers xxxx, yyyy]; the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, Seattle, WA [grant number zzzz]; and the United States Institutes of Peace [grant number aaaa].

It is not necessary to include detailed descriptions on the program or type of grants and awards. When funding is from a block grant or other resources available to a university, college, or other research institution, submit the name of the institute or organization that provided the funding.

If no funding has been provided for the research, please include the following sentence:

This research did not receive any specific grant from funding agencies in the public, commercial, or not-for-profit sectors.

Footnotes
Footnotes should be used sparingly. Number them consecutively throughout the article. Many word processors can build footnotes into the text, and this feature may be used. Otherwise, please indicate the position of footnotes in the text and list the footnotes themselves separately at the end of the article. Do not include footnotes in the Reference list.

Artwork
Electronic artwork
General points
- Make sure you use uniform lettering and sizing of your original artwork.
- Embed the used fonts if the application provides that option.
- Aim to use the following fonts in your illustrations: Arial, Courier, Times New Roman, Symbol, or use fonts that look similar.
- Number the illustrations according to their sequence in the text.
- Use a logical naming convention for your artwork files.
- Provide captions to illustrations separately.
- Size the illustrations close to the desired dimensions of the published version.
- Submit each illustration as a separate file.
- Ensure that color images are accessible to all, including those with impaired color vision.

A detailed guide on electronic artwork is available. You are urged to visit this site; some excerpts from the detailed information are given here.

Formats
If your electronic artwork is created in a Microsoft Office application (Word, PowerPoint, Excel) then please supply 'as is' in the native document format. Regardless of the application used other than Microsoft Office, when your electronic artwork is finalized, please 'Save as' or convert the images to one of the following formats (note the resolution requirements for line drawings, halftones, and line/halftone combinations given below):

- EPS (or PDF): Vector drawings, embed all used fonts.
- TIFF (or JPEG): Color or grayscale photographs (halftones), keep to a minimum of 300 dpi.
- TIFF (or JPEG): Bitmapped (pure black & white pixels) line drawings, keep to a minimum of 1000 dpi.
- TIFF (or JPEG): Combinations bitmapped line/halftone (color or grayscale), keep to a minimum of 500 dpi.

**Please do not:**
- Supply files that are optimized for screen use (e.g., GIF, BMP, PICT, WPG); these typically have a low number of pixels and limited set of colors;
- Supply files that are too low in resolution;
- Submit graphics that are disproportionately large for the content.

**Color artwork**
Please make sure that artwork files are in an acceptable format (TIFF (or JPEG), EPS (or PDF), or MS Office files) and with the correct resolution. If, together with your accepted article, you submit usable color figures then Elsevier will ensure, at no additional charge, that these figures will appear in color online (e.g., ScienceDirect and other sites) regardless of whether or not these illustrations are reproduced in color in the printed version. **For color reproduction in print, you will receive information regarding the costs from Elsevier after receipt of your accepted article.** Please indicate your preference for color: in print or online only. Further information on the preparation of electronic artwork.

**Figure captions**
Ensure that each illustration has a caption. Supply captions separately, not attached to the figure. A caption should comprise a brief title (not on the figure itself) and a description of the illustration. Keep text in the illustrations themselves to a minimum but explain all symbols and abbreviations used.

**Tables**
Please submit tables as editable text and not as images. Tables can be placed either next to the relevant text in the article, or on separate page(s) at the end. Number tables consecutively in accordance with their appearance in the text and place any table notes below the table body. Be sparing in the use of tables and ensure that the data presented in them do not duplicate results described elsewhere in the article. Please avoid using vertical rules and shading in table cells.

**References**

**Citation in text**
Please ensure that every reference cited in the text is also present in the reference list (and vice versa). Any references cited in the abstract must be given in full. Unpublished results and personal communications are not recommended in the reference list, but may be mentioned in the text. If these references are included in the reference list they should follow the standard reference style of the journal and should include a substitution of the publication date with either 'Unpublished results' or 'Personal communication'. Citation of a reference as 'in press' implies that the item has been accepted for publication.

**Web references**
As a minimum, the full URL should be given and the date when the reference was last accessed. Any further information, if known (DOI, author names, dates, reference to a source publication, etc.), should also be given. Web references can be listed separately (e.g., after the reference list) under a different heading if desired, or can be included in the reference list.

**Data references**
This journal encourages you to cite underlying or relevant datasets in your manuscript by citing them in your text and including a data reference in your Reference List. Data references should include the following elements: author name(s), dataset title, data repository, version (where available), year, and global persistent identifier. Add [dataset] immediately before the reference so we can properly identify it as a data reference. The [dataset] identifier will not appear in your published article.

**References in a special issue**
Please ensure that the words 'this issue' are added to any references in the list (and any citations in the text) to other articles in the same Special Issue.
Reference management software

Most Elsevier journals have their reference template available in many of the most popular reference management software products. These include all products that support Citation Style Language styles, such as Mendeley. Using citation plug-ins from these products, authors only need to select the appropriate journal template when preparing their article, after which citations and bibliographies will be automatically formatted in the journal’s style. If no template is yet available for this journal, please follow the format of the sample references and citations as shown in this Guide. If you use reference management software, please ensure that you remove all field codes before submitting the electronic manuscript. More information on how to remove field codes from different reference management software.

Users of Mendeley Desktop can easily install the reference style for this journal by clicking the following link:
http://open.mendeley.com/use-citation-style/journal-of-vocational-behavior

When preparing your manuscript, you will then be able to select this style using the Mendeley plug-ins for Microsoft Word or LibreOffice.

Reference style

Text: Citations in the text should follow the referencing style used by the American Psychological Association. You are referred to the Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association, Sixth Edition, ISBN 978-1-4338-0561-5, copies of which may be ordered online or APA Order Dept., P.O.B. 2710, Hyattsville, MD 20784, USA or APA, 3 Henrietta Street, London, WC3E 8LU, UK.

List: references should be arranged first alphabetically and then further sorted chronologically if necessary. More than one reference from the same author(s) in the same year must be identified by the letters 'a', 'b', 'c', etc., placed after the year of publication.

Examples:
Reference to a journal publication:

Reference to a journal publication with an article number:

Reference to a book:

Reference to a chapter in an edited book:

Reference to a website:

Reference to a dataset:

Reference to a conference paper or poster presentation:

Video

Elsevier accepts video material and animation sequences to support and enhance your scientific research. Authors who have video or animation files that they wish to submit with their article are strongly encouraged to include links to these within the body of the article. This can be done in the same way as a figure or table by referring to the video or animation content and noting in the body text where it should be placed. All submitted files should be properly labeled so that they directly relate to the video file's content. In order to ensure that your video or animation material is directly usable, please provide the file in one of our recommended file formats with a preferred maximum size of 150 MB per file, 1 GB in total. Video and animation files supplied will be published online in the electronic version of your article in Elsevier Web products, including ScienceDirect. Please supply
'stills' with your files: you can choose any frame from the video or animation or make a separate image. These will be used instead of standard icons and will personalize the link to your video data. For more detailed instructions please visit our video instruction pages. Note: since video and animation cannot be embedded in the print version of the journal, please provide text for both the electronic and the print version for the portions of the article that refer to this content.

**Data visualization**

Include interactive data visualizations in your publication and let your readers interact and engage more closely with your research. Follow the instructions here to find out about available data visualization options and how to include them with your article.

**Supplementary material**

Supplementary material such as applications, images and sound clips, can be published with your article to enhance it. Submitted supplementary items are published exactly as they are received (Excel or PowerPoint files will appear as such online). Please submit your material together with the article and supply a concise, descriptive caption for each supplementary file. If you wish to make changes to supplementary material during any stage of the process, please make sure to provide an updated file. Do not annotate any corrections on a previous version. Please switch off the 'Track Changes' option in Microsoft Office files as these will appear in the published version.

**Research data**

This journal encourages and enables you to share data that supports your research publication where appropriate, and enables you to interlink the data with your published articles. Research data refers to the results of observations or experimentation that validate research findings. To facilitate reproducibility and data reuse, this journal also encourages you to share your software, code, models, algorithms, protocols, methods and other useful materials related to the project.

Below are a number of ways in which you can associate data with your article or make a statement about the availability of your data when submitting your manuscript. If you are sharing data in one of these ways, you are encouraged to cite the data in your manuscript and reference list. Please refer to the "References" section for more information about data citation. For more information on depositing, sharing and using research data and other relevant research materials, visit the research data page.

**Data linking**

If you have made your research data available in a data repository, you can link your article directly to the dataset. Elsevier collaborates with a number of repositories to link articles on ScienceDirect with relevant repositories, giving readers access to underlying data that gives them a better understanding of the research described.

There are different ways to link your datasets to your article. When available, you can directly link your dataset to your article by providing the relevant information in the submission system. For more information, visit the database linking page.

For supported data repositories a repository banner will automatically appear next to your published article on ScienceDirect.

In addition, you can link to relevant data or entities through identifiers within the text of your manuscript, using the following format: Database: xxxx (e.g., TAIR: AT1G01020; CCDC: 734053; PDB: 1XFN).

**Mendeley Data**

This journal supports Mendeley Data, enabling you to deposit any research data (including raw and processed data, video, code, software, algorithms, protocols, and methods) associated with your manuscript in a free-to-use, open access repository. During the submission process, after uploading your manuscript, you will have the opportunity to upload your relevant datasets directly to Mendeley Data. The datasets will be listed and directly accessible to readers next to your published article online.

For more information, visit the Mendeley Data for journals page.

**Data in Brief**

You have the option of converting any or all parts of your supplementary or additional raw data into one or multiple data articles, a new kind of article that houses and describes your data. Data articles ensure that your data is actively reviewed, curated, formatted, indexed, given a DOI and publicly
available to all upon publication. You are encouraged to submit your article for *Data in Brief* as an additional item directly alongside the revised version of your manuscript. If your research article is accepted, your data article will automatically be transferred over to *Data in Brief* where it will be editorially reviewed and published in the open access data journal, *Data in Brief*. Please note an open access fee of 600 USD is payable for publication in *Data in Brief*. Full details can be found on the *Data in Brief* website. Please use this template to write your Data in Brief.

**Data statement**

To foster transparency, we encourage you to state the availability of your data in your submission. This may be a requirement of your funding body or institution. If your data is unavailable to access or unsuitable to post, you will have the opportunity to indicate why during the submission process, for example by stating that the research data is confidential. The statement will appear with your published article on ScienceDirect. For more information, visit the Data Statement page.

**Submission checklist**

The following list will be useful during the final checking of an article prior to sending it to the journal for review. Please consult this Guide for Authors for further details of any item.

**Ensure that the following items are present:**

One Author designated as corresponding Author:
- E-mail address
- Full postal address
- Telephone and fax numbers
- All necessary files have been uploaded
- Keywords
- All figure captions
- All tables (including title, description, footnotes)

Further considerations:
- Manuscript has been "spellchecked" and "grammar-checked".
- Manuscripts must not exceed 40 double-spaced typewritten pages including all references, tables and figures. If you have any questions about the length of your paper, please contact the Editor-in-Chief directly. If she grants you permission to submit a longer paper, please include this information in your cover letter.
- References are in the correct format for this journal
- All references mentioned in the Reference list are cited in the text, and vice versa
- Permission has been obtained for use of copyrighted material from other sources (including the Web)
- Color figures are clearly marked as being intended for color reproduction on the Web (free of charge) and in print or to be reproduced in color on the Web (free of charge) and in black-and-white in print
- If only color on the Web is required, black and white versions of the figures are also supplied for printing purposes

For any further information please visit our customer support site at [http://service.elsevier.com](http://service.elsevier.com).

**AFTER ACCEPTANCE**

**Online proof correction**

To ensure a fast publication process of the article, we kindly ask authors to provide us with their proof corrections within two days. Corresponding authors will receive an e-mail with a link to our online proofing system, allowing annotation and correction of proofs online. The environment is similar to MS Word: in addition to editing text, you can also comment on figures/tables and answer questions from the Copy Editor. Web-based proofing provides a faster and less error-prone process by allowing you to directly type your corrections, eliminating the potential introduction of errors.

If preferred, you can still choose to annotate and upload your edits on the PDF version. All instructions for proofing will be given in the e-mail we send to authors, including alternative methods to the online version and PDF.

We will do everything possible to get your article published quickly and accurately. Please use this proof only for checking the typesetting, editing, completeness and correctness of the text, tables and figures. Significant changes to the article as accepted for publication will only be considered at this stage with permission from the Editor. It is important to ensure that all corrections are sent back to us in one communication. Please check carefully before replying, as inclusion of any subsequent corrections cannot be guaranteed. Proofreading is solely your responsibility.
**Offprints**
The corresponding author will, at no cost, receive a customized Share Link providing 50 days free access to the final published version of the article on ScienceDirect. The Share Link can be used for sharing the article via any communication channel, including email and social media. For an extra charge, paper offprints can be ordered via the offprint order form which is sent once the article is accepted for publication. Both corresponding and co-authors may order offprints at any time via Elsevier's Author Services. Corresponding authors who have published their article gold open access do not receive a Share Link as their final published version of the article is available open access on ScienceDirect and can be shared through the article DOI link.

**AUTHOR INQUIRIES**
Visit the Elsevier Support Center to find the answers you need. Here you will find everything from Frequently Asked Questions to ways to get in touch.
You can also check the status of your submitted article or find out when your accepted article will be published.