



JOURNAL OF VETERINARY BEHAVIOR: CLINICAL APPLICATIONS AND RESEARCH

AUTHOR INFORMATION PACK

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DESCRIPTION

Journal of Veterinary Behavior: Clinical Applications and Research is the official journal of the Australian Veterinary Behaviour Interest Group; the British Veterinary Behaviour Association; Gesellschaft für Tierverhaltensmedizin und Therapie; the International Working Dog Breeding Association; and The Pet Professional Guild.

It is an international journal that focuses on all aspects of **veterinary behavioral medicine**, with a particular emphasis on clinical applications and research. Articles cover such topics as basic research involving normal **signaling** or **social behaviors, welfare** and/or **housing issues**, molecular or quantitative **genetics**, and applied **behavioral issues** (eg, working dogs, et cetera) that may have implications for clinical interest or assessment.

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AUDIENCE

Veterinarians, Breeders, Trainers

IMPACT FACTOR

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GUIDE FOR AUTHORS

INTRODUCTION

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Aims and scope

Journal of Veterinary Behavior: Clinical Applications and Research Research is an international journal that focuses on all aspects of veterinary behavioral medicine, with a particular emphasis on clinical applications and research. Articles on basic research involving normal signaling or social behaviors, welfare and, or housing issues, molecular or quantitative genetics, and applied behavioral issues (e.g., working dogs) that may have implications for clinical interest or assessment are encouraged. Focus is not restricted by species of interest.

Types of article

1. Original Research Papers (Regular Papers)
2. Review Articles
3. Case Reports
4. Discussion/Roundtable
5. Point/Counterpoint
6. In Brief: Practice and Procedure
7. Short Communication

Original Research Papers should report the results of original research. The material should not have been previously published elsewhere, except in a preliminary form.

Review Articles should cover subjects falling within the scope of the journal that are of active current interest. They may be submitted or invited. Because of the nature of review papers, scrupulous attention must be paid to relevant attribution and this should be reflected in the literature cited section and in the acknowledgements.

Case Reports can focus on any species, but by definition, must include core clinical content. Content can focus on a report of new condition, treatment and follow-up of complex presentations, working with variants of normal versus abnormal behaviors, a report of a familial condition with a proposed mode of inheritance, et cetera, as long as the nature of a case report is respected. The format for case reports, generally, is as follows: Presentation, history and presenting signs, physical and laboratory evaluation and any other diagnostic assessments deemed relevant, diagnosis, treatment, follow-up, summary and discussion, acknowledgements, and references. Laboratory and other data can be appended in tabular form after the references.

Discussions/Roundtables can include synopses of, or reports from 'think tanks' or discussion groups, topical issues that have stirred debate, or invited discussion and commentary suggested by members of the Board of Editorial Advisors. Discussion contributions are not peer-reviewed, must be published with attribution, must be more formal than those in list serves, should include citations, where relevant, and may be edited prior to publication.

Point/Counterpoint submissions focus on subjects for which there may not be sufficient published data to generate a consensus view, or on approaches that may seem radical to some reviewers. Some papers submitted as "Original Research Papers/Regular Papers" may be published in this section, but independent submission for this section is also encouraged. Papers suitable for this section include those involving specific types of data that would need to be collected to make the case, but which are unavailable, and the case made within the paper justifies their collection.

In Brief: Practice and Procedure seeks to forge links between the research and practitioner communities. This section features submissions on common behavioral issues about which practitioners ask, and about techniques and approaches used in different types of research. The hope is that those who come from a research background will learn to appreciate the practical issues facing many who read their articles, and those who come from a more patient-oriented approach will learn to appreciate the nuances and intrigue of key aspects of research.

Short Communication A Short Communication is a concise but complete description of a limited investigation, which will not be included in a later paper. Short Communications should be as completely documented, both by reference to the literature and description of the experimental procedures employed, as a regular paper. They should not occupy more than six printed pages (about 12 manuscript pages, including figures, tables and references).

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