



# JOURNAL OF PHYSIOTHERAPY

Official Journal of the [Australian Physiotherapy Association](#)

## AUTHOR INFORMATION PACK

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### DESCRIPTION

*Journal of Physiotherapy* is the official journal of the Australian Physiotherapy Association. The journal's mission is to publish significant research which has important implications for physiotherapy (also known as physical therapy). Our vision is for the journal to be the pre-eminent international publication of the science and practice of physiotherapy.

In January 2008 *Journal of Physiotherapy* became the first physiotherapy journal to conform to the ICMJE requirement wherein randomised trials are registered with a recognised Trial Registry.

The journal prioritises systematic reviews and reports of clinical trials, economic analyses, experimental studies, qualitative studies, epidemiological studies, and observational studies.

In January 2014 the journal became the first core physiotherapy / physical therapy journal to make Editorials and peer-reviewed original research freely-available.

In 2016 the APA extended their support of excellence in physiotherapy practice by sponsoring Open Access publication of all *Journal of Physiotherapy* content. All past, present and future journal articles are therefore freely accessible. There are no author fees for publication.

### IMPACT FACTOR

2019: 5.440 © Clarivate Analytics Journal Citation Reports 2020

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## GUIDE FOR AUTHORS

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### INTRODUCTION

Journal of Physiotherapy (JoP) is the first Open Access core physiotherapy journal; it welcomes contributions that are relevant to the science or practice of physiotherapy.

#### *Types of article*

The Editorial Board is committed to publishing excellent research and will consider [these](#) types of papers which can be accessed via the link provided.

### BEFORE YOU BEGIN

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However, animal studies are rarely published in JoP because, while they may help to understand mechanisms of disease and treatment, they do not generate immediate and robust implications for clinical physiotherapy.

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## **Author contributions**

For transparency, we encourage authors to submit an author statement file outlining their individual contributions to the paper using the relevant CRediT roles: Conceptualization; Data curation; Formal analysis; Funding acquisition; Investigation; Methodology; Project administration; Resources; Software; Supervision; Validation; Visualization; Roles/Writing - original draft; Writing - review & editing. Authorship statements should be formatted with the names of authors first and CRediT role(s) following. [More details and an example](#)

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Registration in a public trials registry is a condition for publication of clinical trials in this journal in accordance with [International Committee of Medical Journal Editors](#) recommendations. Trials must register at or before the onset of patient enrolment. The clinical trial registration number should be included at the end of the abstract of the article. A clinical trial is defined as any research study that prospectively assigns human participants or groups of humans to one or more health-related interventions to evaluate the effects of health outcomes. Health-related interventions include any intervention used to modify a biomedical or health-related outcome (for example drugs, surgical procedures, devices, behavioural treatments, dietary interventions, and process-of-care changes). Health outcomes include any biomedical or health-related measures obtained in patients or

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Manuscript length (not including title page, abstract, references, tables or figure legends) depends on the type of study:

- Systematic reviews: up to 5000 words
- Clinical trials, experimental and qualitative studies: up to 3500 words
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Authors may be invited, or in some cases required, to place important supplementary material as electronic addenda (eAddenda) on the JoP web site.

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Immediately after the abstract, provide a maximum of 6 keywords, using Australian/British spelling and avoiding general and plural terms and multiple concepts (avoid, for example, 'and', 'of'). Be sparing with abbreviations: only abbreviations firmly established in the field may be eligible. These keywords will be used for indexing purposes.

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#### *Examples:*

Reference to a journal publication:

1. Van der Geer J, Hanraads JAJ, Lupton RA. The art of writing a scientific article. *J Sci Commun*. 2010;163:51–59.

Reference to a book:

2. Strunk W Jr, White EB. *The Elements of Style*. 4th ed. New York, NY: Longman; 2000.

Reference to a chapter in an edited book:

3. Mettam GR, Adams LB. How to prepare an electronic version of your article. In: Jones BS, Smith RZ, eds. *Introduction to the Electronic Age*. New York, NY: E-Publishing Inc; 2009:281–304.

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4. Cancer Research UK. Cancer statistics reports for the UK. <http://www.cancerresearchuk.org/aboutcancer/statistics/cancerstatsreport/>; 2003 Accessed 13.03.03.

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