DESCRIPTION

The Journal of Orthopaedic Translation (JOT) is the official peer-reviewed, open access journal of the Chinese Speaking Orthopaedic Society (CSOS) and the International Chinese Musculoskeletal Research Society (ICMRS). It is published quarterly, in January, April, July and October, by Elsevier.

The Journal focuses on the rapidly growing field of orthopaedic translational research. While there are a number of high quality orthopaedic journals, none are solely dedicated to the field of orthopaedic translational research. The importance of translational research is quickly being recognized by all spectrums of the scientific community, from clinicians to basic science researchers. To truly improve the health of people, scientific research on the cellular and molecular level must be utilized and applied appropriately in the clinical setting. A journal that is purely dedicated to the art of translational research is a monumental step in the advancement of musculoskeletal care by bringing cutting edge knowledge to the forefront and allowing pioneers of orthopaedic translation to exchange and mutually enhance expertise. JOT aims to be that linking factor and welcomes high quality manuscripts that will advance the field of orthopaedic translation.

JOT is devoted to research and issues of strong interest in translational medicine on musculoskeletal and related themes. Material that are considered include any original research findings, discussions or analyses that will move the field closer to the goal of improving musculoskeletal health, diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of musculoskeletal disorders or injuries. Multidisciplinary approaches are particularly encouraged. We accept original research papers, review articles, editorials, perspectives, case reports and letters to the Editor.

The main goal of JOT is to publish papers that identify and fill scientific knowledge gaps at the junction of basic research and clinical application (from bench to bedside) or community application (from bench to community). In this vein, original research should report significant progress toward the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of musculoskeletal disorders and serve as templates for future exploration and investments in translational orthopaedics.

Original papers are categorized into the following topics: Animal models Biomaterials Biophysical stimulation Clinical trials Diagnostics Health promotion Industries and markets Medical devices and implants Nutrition and drugs Regenerative medicine Regulations and policies Rehabilitation

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INTRODUCTION

The Journal of Orthopaedic Translation (JOT) is the official peer-reviewed, open access, publication of the Chinese Speaking Orthopaedic Society (CSOS) and the International Chinese Musculoskeletal Research Society (ICMRS). It is published quarterly by Elsevier in January, April, July and October, and is indexed in Embase, ScienceDirect and Scopus.

The journal accepts articles on translation medicine in musculoskeletal and related themes that will identify and fill scientific knowledge gaps at the junction of basic research and clinical application. Authors are welcome to submit original articles, review articles, editorials, perspectives and letters to the editor for consideration.

The Editorial Board requires authors to be in compliance with the Recommendations for the Conduct, Reporting, Editing and Publication of Scholarly Work in Medical Journals, which are compiled by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE), and which are available at http://www.icmje.org.

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The text should be limited to 6000 words in length with not more than 8 figures/tables and 40 references. The journal does not accept original articles of case reports and case series.

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These should provide a balanced synthesis of current knowledge on translational research in musculoskeletal and related themes. These articles have the specific goal of identifying challenges and bottlenecks that are preventing translation of biomedical research advances for a particular disease or clinical disorder into new treatments for patients, with constructive suggestions for ways to overcome these challenges.

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