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DESCRIPTION

Published six times per year, the Journal of Great Lakes Research is multidisciplinary in its coverage, publishing manuscripts on a wide range of theoretical and applied topics in the natural science fields of biology, chemistry, physics, geology, as well as social sciences of the large lakes of the world and their watersheds. Large lakes generally are considered as those lakes which have a mean surface area of >500 km² (see Herdendorf, C.E. 1982. Large lakes of the world. J. Great Lakes Res. 8:379-412, for examples), although smaller lakes may be considered, especially if they are very deep. We also welcome contributions on saline lakes and research on estuarine waters where the results have application to large lakes. The journal is published six times per year.

AUDIENCE

- Limnologists;
- Freshwater ecologists and ecotoxicologists;
- Fishery biologists;
- Geologists;
- Environmental engineers;
- Ecosystem and watershed managers;
- Policy makers;
- Modellers.

IMPACT FACTOR

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ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

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**Important documents**
- Author Quick Reference Guide
- Submission Checklist

**INTRODUCTION**

**General requirements**
Original contributions reporting new information pertaining to the science of large lakes of the world and their watersheds will be considered for publication in the Journal. A manuscript should advance knowledge on a subject or promote a better understanding of existing concepts. It cannot have been published elsewhere, nor can it be simultaneously submitted for publication elsewhere.

**Focus**
Published six times per year, the Journal of Great Lakes Research is multidisciplinary in its coverage, publishing manuscripts on a wide range of theoretical and applied topics in the natural science fields of biology, chemistry, physics, geology, as well as social sciences of the large lakes of the world and their watersheds. Large lakes generally are considered as those lakes which have a mean surface area of 500 km² (see Herdendorf, C.E. 1982. Large lakes of the world. J. Great Lakes Res. 8:379-412, for examples), although smaller lakes may be considered, especially if they are very deep. We also welcome contributions on saline lakes and research on estuarine waters where the results have application to large lakes.

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