DESCRIPTION

The Journal of Accounting Education (JAEd) is a refereed journal dedicated to promoting and publishing research on accounting education issues and to improving the quality of accounting education worldwide.

The Journal provides a vehicle for making results of empirical studies available to educators and for exchanging ideas, instructional resources, and best practices that help improve accounting education. The Journal includes four sections: a Main Articles Section, a Teaching and Educational Notes Section, an Educational Case Section, and a Best Practices Section. Manuscripts published in the Main Articles Section generally present results of empirical studies, although non-empirical papers (such as policy-related or essay papers) are sometimes published in this section. Papers published in the Teaching and Educational Notes Section include short empirical pieces (e.g., replications) as well as instructional resources that are not properly categorized as cases, which are published in a separate Case Section. Note: as part of the Teaching Note accompany educational cases, authors must include implementation guidance (based on actual case usage) and evidence regarding the efficacy of the case vis-a-vis a listing of educational objectives associated with the case. To meet the efficacy requirement, authors must include direct assessment (e.g., grades by case requirement/objective or pre-post tests). Although interesting and encouraged, student perceptions (surveys) are considered indirect assessment and do not meet the efficacy requirement. The case must have been used more than once in a course to avoid potential anomalies and to vet the case before submission. Authors may be asked to collect additional data, depending on course size/circumstances.

The Best Practices section includes individual and institutional practices related to, for example, student recruitment, student advising, student retention, alumni relations, and efforts to integrate accounting practice and accounting education. These articles are typically shorter in length than Main Section (i.e., research-based) articles. While such papers do not need evidence obtained on the basis of an experimental design (e.g., pre- versus post-test comparison), some evidence regarding the value or benefit of the best practice should be included, along with a discussion of relevant costs (out-of-pocket as well as opportunity costs, such as faculty time, practitioner involvement, etc.). Finally, note that the JAEd publishes manuscripts on all topics that are relevant to accounting education, including uses of technology, learning styles, assessment, curriculum, and faculty-related issues.
AUDIENCE

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- Educational Objectives (i.e., what it is that the case user is trying to accomplish): this set of objectives is the focus of the information reported in the following section. Authors should review the literature and provide a summary of how the submitted case differs from other published cases/exercises.

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- Implementation Guidance (based on actual class testing of the case): the authors should provide recommendations for successful use of the case; this discussion is enhanced to the extent that the case writer also addresses potential pitfalls in case usage, along with strategies to deal successfully with these issues; authors should discuss the assumed context for the case (for example: What is the required student background for successful case usage? Where in the curriculum can or should the case be used? Where and how has the case been implemented [staged] within a given course?)
• Recommended Solutions (to the case assignments/requirements): Although not published, authors must include solutions with the submission. It is helpful to point out areas of potential disagreement or areas of potential difficulty by students. It is sometimes helpful, depending on the nature of the case, to provide alternative answers or viewpoints.

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Examples: "as demonstrated (Allan, 1996a, 1996b, 1999; Allan & Jones, 1995)." "...Kramer et al. (2000, 998) have recently shown ...."

List: References should be arranged first alphabetically and then further sorted chronologically if necessary. More than one reference from the same author(s) in the same year must be identified by the letters "a", "b", "c", etc., placed after the year of publication. For multiple authors, always use an ampersand ("&") between the name of the last and the next-to-last author's name. Note that the standard format for all authors of a given work is the same: last name, first initial (followed by a period), then middle initial (followed by a period). Place the year of publication in parentheses, after the name of the last author. Use a period after the listed date. Italicize the names of journals and the titles of books. In terms of the latter, capitalize only the first letter of the first word in the title; if a colon ("::") appears in the title of a book, capitalize the first letter of the first word following the colon. Note that the volume of the work cited from a journal should be italicized, with a comma placed both before and after the volume number. Finally, do not use "p." or "pp." before page numbers for a listed article.

Journals and books: When referring to a book or journal in the text, the full title must be written out in italics with the title acronym in round brackets. Thereafter, the acronym may be used when referring to the title, provided the acronym is italicized.

Examples:


Journal abbreviations source
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