INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF PALEOPATHOLOGY
The Official Journal of the Paleopathology Association

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DESCRIPTION

Paleopathology is the study and application of methods and techniques for investigating diseases and related conditions from skeletal and soft tissue remains. The International Journal of Paleopathology (IJPP) will publish original and significant articles on human and animal (including hominids) disease, based upon the study of physical remains, including osseous, dental, and preserved soft tissues at a range of methodological levels, from direct observation to molecular, chemical, histological and radiographic analysis. Discussion of ways in which these methods can be applied to the reconstruction of health, disease and life histories in the past is central to the discipline, so the journal would also encourage papers covering interpretive and theoretical issues, and those that place the study of disease at the centre of a bioarchaeological or biocultural approach. Papers dealing with historical evidence relating to disease in the past (rather than history of medicine) will also be published. The journal will also accept significant studies that applied previously developed techniques to new materials, setting the research in the context of current debates on past human and animal health.

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Members of the Paleopathology Association receive online access to the International Journal of Paleopathology for free as a member benefit.

IMPACT FACTOR

2018: 1.301 © Clarivate Analytics Journal Citation Reports 2019

ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

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To find out more, please visit the Preparation section below.

INTRODUCTION
Paleopathology is the study and application of methods and techniques for investigating diseases and related conditions from skeletal and soft tissue remains. The International Journal of Paleopathology (IJPP) will publish original and significant articles on human and animal (including hominids) disease, based upon the study of physical remains, including osseous, dental, and preserved soft tissues at a range of methodological levels, from direct observation to molecular, chemical, histological and radiopathic analysis. Discussion of ways in which these methods can be applied to the reconstruction of health, disease and life histories in the past is central to the discipline, so the journal also encourages papers covering interpretive and theoretical issues and those that place the study of disease at the center of a bioarchaeological or biocultural approach. Papers dealing with historical evidence relating to disease in the past (rather than history of medicine) are also suitable for the IJPP. The journal will also accept significant studies that applied previously developed techniques to new materials, setting the research in the context of current debates on past human and animal health.

Types of article
RESEARCH ARTICLE: A full-length, original scholarly article, for example a contextually grounded study of disease one or more ancient communities. Both historical and prehistoric perspectives are appropriate for publication in IJPP. Research articles will usually contain the following sections: Introduction, Materials and Methods, Results, Discussion, and Conclusions. Article submissions should not normally exceed 6000 words excluding tables and citations.

CASE STUDY: Case studies of special significance are suitable for publication in IJPP. These must be justified in terms of disease, temporal, and/or locational uniqueness. IMPORTANTLY, a case study must clearly explain how it significantly contributes to understanding disease in the past. As a rule, case studies are normally less lengthy than research reports and should not exceed 3000 words, excluding tables and citations.

TECHNICAL NOTE: Normally shorter than research reports (and not to exceed 1500 words excluding tables and citations), technical notes describe innovative methodologies or validation techniques.

BRIEF COMMUNICATION: No longer than a published page (1500 words maximum, excluding tables and citations), brief communications report the presence of a condition not sufficiently unique to merit a longer treatment (case study). Brief communications register data that may be useful for other researchers wishing to initiate comparative analyses.

REVIEW ARTICLE: Provides a substantive review of the literature, a specific topic, or body of work. IMPORTANTLY, a review must be thorough and focused, and must clearly explain how it significantly contributes to the field of paleopathology.

CLUSTER MEDIA REVIEW: Cluster reviews of periodicals, books or other media related to paleopathology and/or of special interest to the readership of the IJPP are welcome. Cluster reviews should place the publications in thematic, historical and/or disciplinary contexts. Authors who wish to volunteer cluster reviews should consult with the Editor-in-Chief concerning the suitability of material and length of the contribution.

PERFORMANCE ARTICLE: Perspectives include substantive temporal, geographic, methodological or theoretical "state of the field" manuscripts that are evaluative and forward thinking. Authors who wish to contribute a perspective should consult with the Editor-in-Chief concerning the suitability of material and length of the contribution.
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You can use this list to carry out a final check of your submission before you send it to the journal for review. Please check the relevant section in this Guide for Authors for more details.

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**Formatting Requirements**

**Abstract**

A concise and factual abstract of no more than 250 words is required. Please address each of these topics in no more than two sentences using the format and categories (when appropriate) below. An example is as follows:

- **Objective:** This project is designed to estimate the prevalence of skeletal tuberculosis in Maya remains from the site of Xcepe, Guatemala.
- **Materials:** 1435 extremely well preserved human remains of children and adults.
- **Methods:** We observed all remains with the aid of low power magnification.
- **Results:** No examples of skeletal tuberculosis were identified.
- **Conclusions:** No cases of skeletal tuberculosis have yet been recognized in ancient Maya remains.
- **Significance:** This is the first project to explicitly address mycobacterial disease in ancient Maya human skeletal collections. It holds implications for histories of disease spread, the relationship between nutrition and disease, and cross-immunity between mycobacterial diseases.
- **Limitations:** The absence of evidence is not evidence of absence. In addition, many of the skeletal elements most diagnostic of tuberculosis are poorly preserved in the collection studied.
- **Suggestions for Further Research:** Further intensive review of Maya skeletal collections is advised, followed by the application of biomolecular approaches.

**Keywords**

Immediately after the abstract, provide a maximum of 6 keywords - none of which should be included in the title of your manuscript - avoiding general and plural terms and multiple concepts (avoid, for example, "and", "of"). Be sparing with abbreviations: only abbreviations firmly established in the field may be eligible. These keywords will be used for indexing purposes. For further advice on how to use keywords in order to optimize your article for search engines, please see here.
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3. **Three or more authors:** first author's name followed by 'et al.' and the year of publication.

Citations may be made directly (or parenthetically). Groups of references can be listed either first alphabetically, then chronologically, or vice versa.

Examples: ‘as demonstrated (Allan, 2000a, 2000b, 1999; Allan and Jones, 1999).... Or, as demonstrated (Jones, 1999; Allan, 2000)… Kramer et al. (2010) have recently shown …’

**List:** References should be arranged first alphabetically and then further sorted chronologically if necessary. More than one reference from the same author(s) in the same year must be identified by the letters 'a', 'b', 'c', etc., placed after the year of publication.

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Reference to a book:

Reference to a chapter in an edited book:

Reference to a website:

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