The *International Journal of Food Microbiology* publishes papers dealing with all aspects of food microbiology. Articles must present information that is novel, has high impact and interest, and is of high scientific quality. They should provide scientific or technological advancement in the specific field of interest of the journal and enhance its strong international reputation. Preliminary or confirmatory results as well as contributions not strictly related to *food microbiology* will not be considered for publication.

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This journal also publishes special issues of selected, peer-reviewed papers from suitable meetings, workshops, conferences, etc, related to the field of food microbiology.

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GUIDE FOR AUTHORS

INTRODUCTION

Types of paper

• Full-length Research Articles are complete reports of original, scientifically sound research. They must contribute new knowledge and be organized as described in this Guide. Manuscripts should not exceed 8000 words. Please follow carefully the organization of the sections described in "Preparation of text files" (see below). • Short Communications are brief reports of scientifically sound research, but of limited scope (for example, limited number of samples analysed), that contribute new knowledge. They should be prepared as described in this Guide, and should not exceed 4000 words. Please follow carefully the organization of the sections described in "Preparation of text files" (see below). • Reviews are papers which provide an analysis of a scientific or applied field, which include all important findings and bring together reports from a number of sources. Manuscripts should not exceed 12,000 words (excluding references). Review articles may be invited by the Editor or the Editorial Board. Alternatively, potential authors considering the preparation of a Review article should contact the Editor to suggest the topic and its scope, providing an outline in the form of major headings and a summary statement. In any case, such articles are subject to the normal processes of peer review and revision.

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• Development of methods if not validated in situ. To be suitable for publication in IJFM, new methods for the detection and/or quantification of target microorganisms must be validated in artificially and naturally contaminated foods. Such papers focusing on method development without application in the food matrix should be submitted to journals dealing with microbiological methods or applied microbiology.

• Natural and safe antimicrobial substances: since an extended literature is available on this subject, IJFM publishes only relevant and innovative papers. More specifically:
  - in the case of essential oils, spices and chemical compounds: the antimicrobial activity should be tested in real food systems to validate their efficacy, testing in vitro only would not be sufficient for publication in IJFM. Moreover a detailed chemical analysis of the natural extract should be presented with indication of which compounds are exerting the antimicrobial activity;
  - for bacteriocins, surveys of bacteriocin-producing strains in food products would not be considered unless the genes responsible for production were genetically characterized to show originality of such genes. IJFM gives priority to papers describing new bacteriocins (as determined by genetic approaches, N-terminal sequencing or results on antimicrobial spectrum and mechanisms) and application of bacteriocinogenic strains in situ, other than surveys of bacteriocin-producing strains in food products.

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• Gut microbiology and probiotic-targeted papers will have to present relevant direct links to food microbiology/safety. Animal models or studies in which the host is the main target of investigation should be submitted to appropriate journals and not to IJFM.

• Microbiological aspects of the production of ingredients should be submitted to suitable biotechnology journals. However, papers that consider the use of microorganisms to enhance the level of specific vitamins, amino acids, flavours, colours, polysaccharides etc in foods/beverages will be considered by IJFM.

• Papers where the microbiology is only focused on primary production, without a clear connection to quality and safety of foods, should be sent to journals related to primary production.

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