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DESCRIPTION

To visit the *HPB* journal website click here: [http://www.hpbonline.org/](http://www.hpbonline.org/)

*HPB* is an international forum for clinical, scientific and educational communication.

Twelve issues a year bring the reader leading articles, expert reviews, original articles, images, editorials, and reader correspondence encompassing all aspects of benign and malignant hepatobiliary disease and its management. *HPB* features relevant aspects of clinical and translational research and practice.

Specific areas of interest include HPB diseases encountered globally by clinical practitioners in this specialist field of gastrointestinal surgery. The journal addresses the challenges faced in the management of cancer involving the liver, biliary system and pancreas. While surgical oncology represents a large part of *HPB* practice, submission of manuscripts relating to liver and pancreas transplantation, the treatment of benign conditions such as acute and chronic pancreatitis, and those relating to hepatobiliary infection and inflammation are also welcomed. There will be a focus on developing a multidisciplinary approach to diagnosis and treatment with endoscopic and laparoscopic approaches, radiological interventions and surgical techniques being strongly represented. *HPB* welcomes submission of manuscripts in all these areas and in scientific focused research that has clear clinical relevance to *HPB* surgical practice.

*HPB* aims to help its readers - surgeons, physicians, radiologists and basic scientists - to develop their knowledge and practice. *HPB* will be of interest to specialists involved in the management of hepatobiliary and pancreatic disease however will also inform those working in related fields.

Abstracted and Indexed in: MEDLINE®EMBASEPubMedScience Citation Index ExpandedAcademic Search (EBSCO)

*HPB* is owned by the International Hepato-Pancreato-Biliary Association (IHPBA) and is also the official Journal of the American Hepato-Pancreato-Biliary Association (AHPBA), the Asian-Pacific Hepato Pancreatic Biliary Association (A-PHPBA) and the European-African Hepato-Pancreatic Biliary Association (E-AHPBA).
IMPACT FACTOR

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Priority will be given to work that addresses a topic of current interest. All meta-analyses of randomized trials must adhere to the guidelines outlined in the PRISMA statement, which is designed to improve manuscript quality. Authors must include a suitable PRISMA flow chart in their submission (click here for an example) as well as the checklist (upload the checklist under the file designation 'Other'). Further advice on suitability is available from the Editorial Office: HPBJournal@elsevier.com.

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The Abstract must contain fewer than 200 words and presented in a structured format. **Background:** state why the study was done, the main aim and the nature of the study (randomized clinical trial, retrospective review, experimental study etc). **Methods:** describe patients, laboratory material and other methods used. **Results:** state the main findings, including important numerical values. **Discussion:** state the main conclusions, highlighting controversial or unexpected observations.

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Avoid using abbreviations. Terms that are mentioned frequently may be abbreviated but only if this does not impair comprehension. Abbreviations must be used consistently and must be defined on first use.

**Acknowledgements**
Collate acknowledgements in a separate section at the end of the article before the references and do not, therefore, include them on the title page, as a footnote to the title or otherwise. List here those individuals who provided help during the research (e.g., providing language help, writing assistance or proof reading the article, etc.).

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Set out clearly the objectives of the study; identify the primary and secondary hypotheses, the chosen end-points and justify the sample size with a power calculation.

Clearly describe methods used for analysis; methods not in common usage should be referenced. Report results of statistical tests by stating the value of the test statistic, the number of degrees of freedom and the P value. Actual P values should always be reported to three decimal places, especially when the result is not significant. The results of the primary analyses should be reported using confidence intervals instead of, or in addition to, P values. For detailed guidance on the handling of statistical material consult the article by Murray 11.

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For continuous data non parametric descriptors (median and range) and statistical analysis (e.g. Mann Whitney U) should be performed unless it can be shown (statistically) that data are normally distributed in which case it is reasonable to use parametric tests (e.g. student t-test).

Extensive use of tables is encouraged and data provided in tables should not be repeated in text. All tables, figures and graphs must have a stand alone legend which enables interpretation without the need to refer to the text.

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For Kaplan-Meier curves the following should be adhered to:

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