DESCRIPTION

*Environmental Research* publishes original reports describing studies of the adverse effects of environmental agents on humans and animals. The principal aim of the journal is to assess the impact of chemicals and microbiological pollutants on human health. Both *in vivo* and *in vitro* studies, focused on defining the etiology of environmentally induced illness and to increase understanding of the mechanisms by which environmental agents cause disease, are especially welcome. Investigations on the effects of global warming/climate change on the environment and public health, as well as those focused on the effects of anthropogenic activities on climate change are also of particular interest.

Although *Environmental Research* is opened to all subjects directly related with this field, areas of special interest include:

- Air purification and air quality management
- Air, soil, and water pollutants and health
- Biomonitoring and adverse human health effects
- Environmental and occupational medicine
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- Environmental microbiology
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- Environmental treatment with novel functional materials
- Global warming/climate change
- Material–environment interface
- Nanomaterials in the environment and nanotoxicology
- Risk analysis, risk assessment and risk management, and public health
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INTRODUCTION
A Multidisciplinary Journal of Environmental Sciences, Ecology, and Public Health

Environmental Research: A Multidisciplinary Journal of Environmental Sciences, Ecology, and Public Health publishes original reports describing studies of the toxic effects of environmental agents and conditions in humans and animals, including both experimental subjects and ecosystems. The principal aims of the journal are to increase understanding of the etiology of preventable disease and environmental impairments, and to increase understanding of the mechanisms by which environmental agents cause disease and ecological effects. Human impact on the biosphere is considerable and, thus, an additional aim of the journal is to explore the means by which the adverse effects of anthropocentric activities can be minimized through new initiatives or changes in policy, at the local, regional, national, and international scales.

The study of environmental health is inherently multidisciplinary and international. Therefore, the journal welcomes relevant articles in epidemiology, risk analysis and policy, environmental medicine, exposure assessment, geosciences and environmental chemistry, and wildlife biology and ecotoxicology, and ecology. Reports that bridge one or more of these disciplines are particularly encouraged, as are studies employing biological markers of exposure and/or effect.

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