CLINICAL SKIN CANCER

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DESCRIPTION

Clinical Skin Cancer is an international peer-reviewed, quarterly, journal dedicated to disseminating cutting-edge data to the practicing clinician by providing physicians and healthcare professionals with the most up-to-date, clinically relevant information available in order to enhance caregivers' ability to provide optimal care for their cancer patients.

Clinical Skin Cancer publishes original articles describing various aspects of clinical and translational research of skin malignancies and is devoted to articles on detection, diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of skin malignancies. Specific areas of interest include clinical research and mechanistic approaches; drug sensitivity and resistance; gene and antisense therapy; pathology, markers, and prognostic indicators; chemoprevention strategies; multimodality therapy; and integration of various approaches. Our mission is to be the premier source of clinically relevant information through promoting excellence in clinical research and facilitating the timely translation of that science to health care and clinical practice. Key objectives to achieve these goals include the nurturing and development of future generations of clinical scientists, and the dissemination of new knowledge related to skin malignancies.

AUDIENCE

Practicing clinicians, physicians and healthcare professionals

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GUIDE FOR AUTHORS

INTRODUCTION

Clinical Skin Cancer is a peer-reviewed quarterly journal that publishes original articles describing various aspects of clinical and translational research of skin cancer. Clinical Skin Cancer is devoted to articles on detection, diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of skin cancer. The main emphasis is on recent scientific developments in all areas related to skin cancer. Specific areas of interest include clinical research and mechanistic approaches; drug sensitivity and resistance; gene and antisense therapy; pathology, markers, and prognostic indicators; chemoprevention strategies; multimodality therapy; and integration of various approaches.

Types of articles

Reviews: Review articles collate, describe, and evaluate prior publications of important clinical subjects, accompanied by critical analysis leading to rational conclusions. These Reviews should contain very little, if any, original data from an author's own study; however, such data can be used to support the overall thesis of the article. We also accept targeted mini-reviews that cover specific topics or therapies.

Mechanics: Reviews articles should contain a short abstract stating the goal of the review, an introduction, discussion, and conclusion. We recommend that Review articles contain 2000-10,000 words, less or equal to 7 figures and/or tables, and 50-120 references.

Perspectives: Perspectives are more focused than reviews and seek to review a topic from a particular view or opinion. Perspectives should review a particular field to identify outstanding issues and/or challenges and propose new hypotheses or directions. A Perspective may highlight emerging science, controversial opinions, or issues within the field and seek to address these controversies. They may be accepted from a single individual or a team.

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Original Studies: Original Studies articles present results of original clinical and/or translational (basic research with clinical applications) research. This article focuses on new data collected by the author(s) during the course of a clinical or preclinical trial, although other studies may be cited for support. The Original Study should contain the following sections: Title Page, Structured Abstract, Introduction, Patients (or Materials) and Methods, Results, Discussion, and Conclusion.

Mechanics: Original Studies should contain a MicroAbstract and a structured abstract with the following sections: Background (or Purpose), Patients (or Materials) and Methods, Results, and Conclusion. Original Studies should also contain a short clinical practice points section after the conclusion of the manuscript. We recommend that Original Studies contain 2000-8000 words, less or equal to 7 figures and/or tables, and 30-60 references.

Case Reports: Case Reports of educational value may describe a single case or a small series of cases. Case Reports should draw attention to important clinical situations, unusual clinical phenomena, new treatment protocols, or new complications in a single patient or in a small number of patients. Case reports may also cover novel diagnostic imaging techniques, eg, MRI, CT, PET, SPECT. Modalities for diagnostic purposes, on outcome according to the pathologic grade or to monitor distant lesions, are of interest to the readership.

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Current Trial Reports: Current trials of educational value describe the rationale, criteria, treatment plan, and anticipated results of a planned or ongoing trial. The format for this article may follow a format similar to that of an Original Study (see above); however, because this type of article discusses an ongoing or planned trial, conclusive data regarding outcomes should not be included.

Mechanics: Current Trial Reports should contain the following sections: Title Page, Structured Abstract, Introduction, Discussion, and Conclusion. We recommend that Current Trial Reports contain 500-1500 words, 1-2 figures and/or tables, and 5-15 references.
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We strongly recommend authors employ the format and guidelines detailed below.

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Order: Title Page, Conflict of Interest Page, MicroAbstract (Original Studies), Abstract, Introduction, Materials and Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusion, Clinical Practice Points, Acknowledgments, References, Tables, Figures. (Number ALL pages consecutively)

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The electronic text should be prepared in a way very similar to that of conventional manuscripts (see also the Guide to Publishing with Elsevier). Note that source files of figures, tables and text graphics will be required whether or not you embed your figures in the text. See also the section on Electronic artwork.

To avoid unnecessary errors you are strongly advised to use the 'spell-check' and 'grammar-check' functions of your word processor.

**Article structure**

*Subdivision - unnumbered sections*

Divide your article into clearly defined sections. Each subsection is given a brief heading. Each heading should appear on its own separate line. Subsections should be used as much as possible when cross-referencing text: refer to the subsection by heading as opposed to simply 'the text'.

**Introduction**

State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results.

**Material and methods**

Provide sufficient detail to allow the work to be reproduced. Methods already published should be indicated by a reference: only relevant modifications should be described.

**Results**

Results should be clear and concise.

**Discussion**

This should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. A combined Results and Discussion section is often appropriate. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature.

**Conclusions**

The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section.

**Appendices**

If there is more than one appendix, they should be identified as A, B, etc. Formulae and equations in appendices should be given separate numbering: Eq. (A.1), Eq. (A.2), etc.; in a subsequent appendix, Eq. (B.1) and so on. Similarly for tables and figures: Table A.1; Fig. A.1, etc.

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The entire Abstract should not be more than 250 words. The abstract should be self-explanatory without reference to the text. Original Contributions should include a structured abstract with the following sections: Introduction/Background, Materials (or Patients) and Methods, Results, Conclusion.
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Each manuscript should start its abstract with a microabstract limited to 3-4 sentences (60 words). The microabstract is not included as part of the structured abstract and will be excerpted in the Table of Contents to each issue. It may also be used for wider circulation. It should describe the: Area and reason for the study Approach taken including sample size aspects Overall result General significance of the findings

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Authors should complete a short summary (250 words or less) detailing the clinical importance of the study. The summary should address the following questions: What is already known about this subject? What are the new findings? How might it impact on clinical practice in the foreseeable future?

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**Acknowledgements**
Collate acknowledgements in a separate section at the end of the article before the references and do not, therefore, include them on the title page, as a footnote to the title or otherwise. List here those individuals who provided help during the research (e.g., providing language help, writing assistance or proof reading the article, etc.).

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