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### DESCRIPTION

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*BioSystems* encourages experimental, computational, and theoretical articles that link **biology**, **evolutionary thinking**, and the **information processing sciences**. The link areas form a circle that encompasses the fundamental nature of biological information processing, computational modeling of complex biological systems, evolutionary models of computation, the application of biological principles to the design of novel computing systems, and the use of biomolecular materials to synthesize artificial systems that capture essential principles of natural biological information processing.

The categories and topics listed below are examples, the editors will be happy to comment on the relevance of other topics:

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Self-organizing and self-replicating systems  
Origins and evolution of the genetic mechanism

#### **Biological Information Processing**

Molecular recognition  
Cellular control  
Neuromolecular computing  
Biological adaptability  
Molecular computing technologies

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## ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

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*BioSystems* encourages experimental, computational, and theoretical articles that link biology, evolutionary thinking, and the information processing sciences. The link areas form a circle that encompasses the fundamental nature of biological information processing, computational modeling of complex biological systems, evolutionary models of computation, the application of biological principles to the design of novel computing systems, and the use of biomolecular materials to synthesize artificial systems that capture essential principles of natural biological information processing.

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Mettam, G.R., Adams, L.B., 2009. How to prepare an electronic version of your article, in: Jones, B.S., Smith, R.Z. (Eds.), *Introduction to the Electronic Age*. E-Publishing Inc., New York, pp. 281–304.

Reference to a website:

Cancer Research UK, 1975. Cancer statistics reports for the UK. <http://www.cancerresearchuk.org/aboutcancer/statistics/cancerstatsreport/> (accessed 13 March 2003).

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