DESCRIPTION

Australian Critical Care is the official journal of the Australian College of Critical Care Nurses (ACCCN). It is a bi-monthly peer-reviewed journal, providing clinically relevant research, reviews and articles of interest to the critical care community. Australian Critical Care publishes peer-reviewed scholarly papers that report research findings, research-based reviews, discussion papers and commentaries which are of interest to an international readership of critical care practitioners, educators, administrators and researchers. Interprofessional articles are welcomed.

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ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

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INTRODUCTION

Australian Critical Care is the official journal of the Australian College of Critical Care Nurses and publishes peer-reviewed scholarly papers that report research findings, research-based reviews, discussion papers and commentaries which are of interest to an international readership of critical care practitioners, educators, administrators and researchers.

Papers should address issues of interest to critical care clinicians and present the paper in the context of the existing international research base on the topic. Selection of papers for publication is based on their scientific excellence, distinctive contribution to knowledge (including methodological development) and their importance to contemporary critical care practice.

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**Common reporting guidelines are listed below:**

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  - Strengthening the Reporting of Observational Studies in Epidemiology

- **Quasi-experimental/non-randomised evaluations** - **TREND**
  - Transparent Reporting of Evaluations with Non-randomized Designs

- **Randomised (and quasi-randomised) controlled trial** - **CONSORT**
  - Consolidated Standards of Reporting Trials

- **Study of Diagnostic accuracy/assessment scale** - **STARD**
  - Standards for the Reporting of Diagnostic Accuracy Studies

- **Systematic Review of Controlled Trials** - **PRISMA**
  - Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses

- **Systematic Review of Observational Studies** - **MOOSE**
  - Meta-analysis of Observational Studies in Epidemiology

- **Standards for reporting quality improvement in health care** - **SQUIRE**
  - Standards for Quality Improvement Reporting Excellence

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  - Statistical Analyses and Methods in the Published Literature
Reporting Case Studies - CARE - CASE REports
http://www.equator-network.org/reporting-guidelines/care/


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The title of the research review should be different from the title of the paper being reviewed. There is a strong preference for a declarative title to be used, for example *Early enteral feeding reduces septic complications in critically ill trauma patients*.

The paper should be formatted in two sections. The upper section should provide a summary of the published article and should be no more than 500 words in length. In the summary of the published article please provide detail on the objective, design and setting for the study. The research process used, including any interventions and outcomes measured, a brief summary of results and conclusion reached by the authors should also be presented. Participant details should also be provided. Reproduction of the article abstract is not permitted.

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