ARCHIVES OF ORAL BIOLOGY
A Multidisciplinary Journal of Oral & Craniofacial Sciences

AUTHOR INFORMATION PACK

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DESCRIPTION

Archives of Oral Biology is an international journal which aims to publish papers of the highest scientific quality in the oral and craniofacial sciences including:

- Developmental biology
- Cell and molecular biology
- Molecular genetics
- Immunology
- Pathogenesis
- Microbiology
- Biology of dental caries and periodontal disease
- Forensic dentistry
- Neuroscience
- Salivary biology
- Mastication and swallowing
- Comparative anatomy
- Paeleodontology

Archives of Oral Biology will also publish expert reviews and articles concerned with advancement in relevant methodologies. The journal will only consider clinical papers where they make a significant contribution to the understanding of a disease process.

AUDIENCE

Oral biologists, physiologists, anatomists, pathologists.
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Nutrition Abstracts and Reviews Series
PharmacoEconomics and Outcomes News
Pig News and Information
Reactions Weekly
Review of Medical and Veterinary Entomology
Science Citation Index
SIIC Data Bases
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Sugar Industry Abstracts
Tropical Diseases Bulletin
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Archives of Oral Biology is an international journal which aims to publish papers of the highest scientific quality reporting new knowledge from the orofacial region including:

- developmental biology
- cell and molecular biology
- molecular genetics
- immunology
- pathogenesis
- microbiology
- biology of dental caries and periodontal disease
- forensic dentistry
- neuroscience
- salivary biology
- mastication and swallowing
- comparative anatomy
- paeleodontology

Archives of Oral Biology will also publish expert reviews and articles concerned with advancement in relevant methodologies. The journal will consider clinical papers only where they make a significant contribution to the understanding of a disease process.

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• Post hoc tests being used following an ANOVA which has yielded a non-significant result.

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• n values being given in a way which obscures how many independent samples there were (e.g. stating simply n=50 when 10 samples/measurements were obtained from each of 5 animals/human subjects).

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