



CLINICAL NUTRITION

Official Journal of **ESPEN**, The European Society for Clinical Nutrition and Metabolism

AUTHOR INFORMATION PACK

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DESCRIPTION

Clinical Nutrition, the official journal of ESPEN, The European Society for Clinical Nutrition and Metabolism, is an international journal providing essential scientific information on nutritional and metabolic care and the relationship between nutrition and disease both in the setting of basic science and clinical practice. Published bi-monthly, each issue combines original articles and reviews providing an invaluable reference for any specialist concerned with these fields.

Nutrition and nutritional care have gained wide clinical and scientific interest during the past decades. The increasing knowledge of metabolic disturbances and nutritional assessment in chronic and acute diseases has stimulated rapid advances in design, development and clinical application of nutritional support. The aims of ESPEN are to encourage the rapid diffusion of knowledge and its application in the field of Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition or, more broadly, Clinical Nutrition and Metabolism.

Being the journal of ESPEN with members from various interests, either focused on basic research or clinical disciplines, the journal reflects the scientific nature of this multidisciplinary background and encourages the coordination of investigation and research from these disciplines. The journal publishes guidelines, consensus statements, original articles, short communications, letters to the Editor and review papers on those factors in acute and chronic diseases, which have metabolic and nutritional implications. It also publishes scientific works related to the development of new techniques and their application in the field of clinical nutrition.

AUDIENCE

Investigators and clinicians (gastroenterologists, surgeons, intensivists, paediatricians, e.o.) in the field of clinical nutrition and metabolism, dieticians, nutritionists, pathologists, clinical biochemists.

IMPACT FACTOR

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To avoid unnecessary errors you are strongly advised to use the 'spell-check' and 'grammar-check' functions of your word processor.

Article structure

Introduction

State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results.

Essential title page information

- **Title.** Concise and informative. Titles are often used in information-retrieval systems. Avoid abbreviations and formulae where possible.
- **Author names and affiliations.** Where the family name may be ambiguous (e.g., a double name), please indicate this clearly. Present the authors' affiliation addresses (where the actual work was done) below the names. Indicate all affiliations with a lower-case superscript letter immediately after the author's name and in front of the appropriate address. Provide the full postal address of each affiliation, including the country name and, if available, the e-mail address of each author.
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Abstract

A concise and factual abstract is required and should be structured according to: Background & Aims - Methods - Results - Conclusions. The abstract should state briefly the purpose of the research, the principal results and major conclusions. An abstract is often presented separately from the article, so it must be able to stand alone. For this reason, References should be avoided, but if essential, then cite the author(s) and year(s). Also, non-standard or uncommon abbreviations should be avoided, but if essential they must be defined at their first mention in the abstract itself.

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Define abbreviations that are not standard in this field in a footnote to be placed on the first page of the article. Such abbreviations that are unavoidable in the abstract must be defined at their first mention there, as well as in the footnote. Ensure consistency of abbreviations throughout the article.

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Electronic artwork

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20402, USA, DHEW Publication No. (NIH) 91-267; ISSN 0093-3821. Provide all authors' names. Provide article titles and inclusive pages. 'Unpublished data' and 'personal communications' do not qualify as References and should be placed in parentheses in the text. Accuracy of reference data is the responsibility of the author. **Refer to the Vancouver style of citation with your reference manager program**

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Sample References

Article in a journal

1. Cummings J H, MacFarlane G T. Role of intestinal bacteria in nutrient metabolism. *Clin Nutr* 1997; 16: 3-11.

Book

1. McLaren D S, Meguid M M. *Nutrition and its disorders*, 4th edn. Edinburgh: Churchill Livingstone, 1988.

Chapter in a book

1. Goodwin S C, Liu S. Radiologic techniques for enteral access. In: Rombeau J L, Rolandelli R H, Eds. *Enteral and tube feeding*, 3rd edn. Philadelphia: W B Saunders, 1997: 193-206.

Website

1. U.S. positions on selected issues at the third negotiating session of the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control. Washington, D.C.: Committee on Government Reform, 2002. (Accessed March 4, 2002, at http://www.house.gov/reform/min/inves_tobacco/index_accord.htm.)

Online journal article

Tenesa A, Noble C, Satsangi J et al. Association of DLG 5 and inflammatory bowel disease across human populations. *Eur Journal Hum Genet* 2006: published online Jan 4. DOI:10.1038/sj.ejhg.5201516

AudioSlides

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