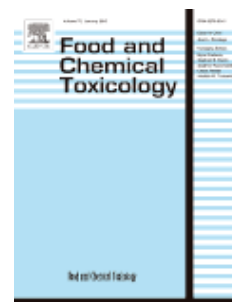




TABLE OF CONTENTS

●	Description	p.1
●	Audience	p.2
●	Impact Factor	p.2
●	Abstracting and Indexing	p.2
●	Editorial Board	p.2
●	Guide for Authors	p.5



ISSN: 0278-6915

DESCRIPTION

For a journal statement regarding "Long term toxicity of a Roundup herbicide and a Roundup-tolerant genetically modified maize", published in *Food and Chemical Toxicology*, Volume 50, Issue 11, November 2012, Pages 4221-4231, please click [here](#).

Food and Chemical Toxicology (FCT), an internationally renowned journal, that publishes original research articles and reviews on **toxic effects**, in animals and humans, of natural or synthetic chemicals occurring in the human environment with particular emphasis on **food, drugs, and chemicals, including agricultural and industrial safety, and consumer product safety**. Areas such as safety evaluation of **novel foods and ingredients, biotechnologically-derived** products, and **nanomaterials** are included in the scope of the journal. FCT also encourages submission of papers on **inter-relationships between nutrition and toxicology** and on *in vitro* techniques, particularly those fostering the **3 Rs**.

The principal aim of the journal is to publish high impact, scholarly work and to serve as a multidisciplinary forum for research in toxicology. Papers submitted will be judged on the basis of scientific originality and contribution to the field, quality and subject matter. **Studies should address at least one of the following:** Adverse physiological/biochemical, or pathological changes induced by **specific defined** substances New techniques for assessing potential toxicity, including molecular biology Mechanisms underlying toxic phenomena Toxicological examinations of specific chemicals or consumer products, both those showing adverse effects and those demonstrating safety, that meet current standards of scientific acceptability

Authors must **clearly and briefly identify what novel toxic effect (s) or toxic mechanism (s)** of the chemical are being reported and what their **significance** is in the abstract. Furthermore, sufficient doses should be included in order to provide information on NOAEL/LOAEL values.

Manuscripts describing research involving the following areas will not be considered: materials/substances of only local interest materials/substances for which the chemical composition is not clearly defined only pharmacological properties, or potentially beneficial effects using *in vitro* or *in vivo* systems chemical analyses of toxins in foods without addressing the toxic implication to humans [risk assessment should be included] unrealistic human doses, inappropriate route of exposure, or *in vitro* experiments that do not reflect serum levels in humans

FCT is committed to the highest standards. Only papers that have not been previously published, that fit in the above mentioned scope, and that have been reviewed by experts in the field prior to

publication will be accepted. Cover letters must state that the manuscript is new and original and not under consideration for publication elsewhere. Co-authors should be individuals who have contributed substantially to the content of the papers. All authors must declare any potential conflict of interest and all financial support.

Benefits to authors

We provide many author benefits, such as free PDFs, a liberal copyright policy, special discounts on Elsevier publications and much more. Please click here for more information on our [author services](#).

Please see the [Guide for Authors](#) for information on article submission. If you require further information or help, please visit our support pages: <http://support.elsevier.com>

AUDIENCE

Food scientists, toxicologists, chemists and researchers working in the pharmaceutical industry. Sponsored Articles: Food and Chemical Toxicology offers authors or their institutions the option to sponsor non-subscriber access to their articles on Elsevier's electronic publishing platforms. For more information please click <http://www.elsevier.com/wps/find/authorshome.authors/fcthere>.

IMPACT FACTOR

2013: 2.610 © Thomson Reuters Journal Citation Reports 2014

ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

Analytical Abstracts
Aqualine Abstracts
BIOSIS
Elsevier BIOBASE
Cambridge Scientific Abstracts
Chemical Abstracts
Chemical Hazards in Industry
Current Contents/BIOMED Database
Current Contents/SciSearch Database
Current Contents/Science Citation Index
MEDLINE®
International Packaging Abstracts
EMBASE
Health and Safety Science Abstracts
Research Alert
Toxicology Abstracts
Scopus
EMBiology

EDITORIAL BOARD

Editor-in-Chief

José L. Domingo, Lab. of Toxicology and Environmental Health, School of Medicine, IISPV, Universitat Rovira i Virgili, Sant Llorens 21, 43201, Reus, Catalonia, Spain

A. Wallace Hayes, Dept. of Environmental Health, Harvard School of Public Health, 300 Longwood Ave., Boston, MA 02115-5747, Massachusetts, USA

Co-Editors

Bryan Delaney, Research Fellow – Toxicology, DuPont Pioneer, Global Industry Affairs and Regulatory, 7100 NW 62nd Avenue, Johnston, 50131, Iowa, USA

Stephen Harris, Stephen B. Harris Group, 6109 Madra Avenue, San Diego, CA 92120, California, USA

Siegfried Knasmueller, Inst. of Cancer Research, Environmental Toxicology Group, Medical University Vienna, Inner Medicine I, A-1090, Vienna, Austria

Chada Reddy, Dept. of Biomedical Sciences, University of Missouri, E102 Veterinary Medical Building, 1600 Rollins, Columbia, 65211, Missouri, USA

Aristidis Tsatsakis, Dept. of Forensic Sciences and Toxicology, Medical School, University of Crete, 71409, Heraklion, Greece

Review Editor

Susan Barlow, Brighton, East Sussex, England, UK

Associate Editors

Silvia Berlanga de Moraes Barros, School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Universidade de São Paulo, Av. Prof. Lineu Prestes, 580, 05508-000 São Paulo, Brazil

David J. Brusick, Brusick Consultancy, Virginia, USA

Qasim Chaudhry, DEFRA Central Science Laboratory, The Food and Environment Research Agency, Sand Hutton, York, YO41 1LZ, UK

Roger Clemens, Horn, La Mirada, California, USA

Adrian Covaci, Toxicological Center, Universiteit Antwerpen, Universiteitsplein 1, 2610, Wilrijk-Antwerpen, Belgium

Mark Feeley, Bureau of Chemical Safety, Chemical Hazard Assessment Division, Health Canada, Tunney's Pasture, Ottawa, K1A 0L2, Ontario, Canada

Swaran Jeet Singh Flora, Defence Research and Development Establishment, Div. of Regulatory Toxicology, Ministry of Defence, Government of India, Jhansi Road, 474 002, Gwalior, India

William C. Hall, Hall Consulting, Inc., 12337 Sherwood Forest Dr., C26, Mt. Airy, MD 21771, Maryland, USA

Janis Hulla, Sacramento District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 1325 J Street, Sacramento, CA 95814, California, USA

Salmaan Inayat-Hussain, Environmental Health Program, Fac. of Allied Health Sciences, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, Jalan Raja Muda Abdul Aziz, 50300, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Demetrios Kouretas, Dept. of Biochemistry & Biotechnology, University of Thessaly, Greece

Claire L. Kruger, Director of Health Sciences, Spherix Incorporated, 6430 Rockledge Dr., Westmoreland Bldg. #503, Bethesda, MD 20817, USA

Byung-Mu Lee, College of Pharmacy, Div. of Toxicology, Sungkyunkwan University (SKKU), Cheoncheon-dong 300, 440-746, Suwon, Gyeonggi-do, South Korea

Juan M. Llobet, Dept. de Salut Pública, GRET-CERETOX, Catedràtic de Toxicologia, University of Barcelona, Barcelona, Spain

Palma Ann Marone, 1804 Keelingwood Lane Virginia Beach, VA 23454

Yeonhwa Park, Dept. of Food Science, University of Massachusetts at Amherst, Amherst, MA, Massachusetts, USA

Ivonne M.C.M. Rietjens, Sectie Toxicologie, Agrotechnologie en voedingswetenschappen (AFSG), Wageningen Universiteit, Postbus 8000, Bodenummer 92, 6700 EA, Wageningen, Netherlands

Dieter Schrenk, Dept. of Food Chemistry and Environmental Toxicology, Technische Universität Kaiserslautern, Erwin-Schroedinger-Str. 52, D-67663, Kaiserslautern, Germany

Jean-Luc Volatier, Anses DER, 27-31 avenue général Leclerc, 94701, Maisons Alfort cédex, France

Ping-Kun Zhou, Dept. of Radiation Toxicology & Oncology, Beijing Institute of Radiation Medicine, 27 Taiping Rd., 100850, Haidian District, Beijing, China

Emeritus Editors

Alan R. Boobis, Experimental Medicine and Toxicology, Div. of Investigative Science, Imperial College London, Hammersmith Campus, Du Cane Road, London, W12 0NN, UK

Joseph F. Borzelleca, President, Toxicology & Pharmacology, Inc., 8718 September Drive, Richmond, VA 23229-7319, Virginia, USA

Hans Verhagen, Centre for Nutrition and Health (PB84), Rijksinstituut voor Volksgezondheid en Milieu (RIVM), Postbus 1, 3720 BA Bilthoven, Netherlands

Founding Editor

The late Leon Golberg

International Editorial Board

P. Baldrick, Harrogate, England, UK

J.K. Chipman, Birmingham, England, UK

S.M. Cohen, Omaha, Nebraska, USA

T.F.X. Collins, Chevy Chase, Maryland, USA

Y.P. Dragan, Wilmington, Delaware, USA

L.O. Dragsted, Frederiksberg C, Denmark

L.R. Ferguson, Auckland, New Zealand

H.-R. Glatt, Nuthetal, Germany

W.H. Glinsmann, Owings, Maryland, USA

Y. Hashimoto, Chiyoda-Ku, Japan
Y. Hua, Hangzhou, China
S. Kacew, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada
I. Kimber, Manchester, England, UK
B.G. Lake, Surrey, England, UK
R.W. Lane, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, USA
P. Magee, Coleraine, Co. Londonderry, Northern Ireland, UK
H.I. Maibach, San Francisco, California, USA
D.B. McGregor, Aberdour, Scotland
K.T. Morgan, Loughborough, England, UK
R.J. Nicolosi, Lowell, Massachusetts, USA
K. Rozman, Kansas City, Kansas, USA
S.C. Sahu, Laurel, Maryland, USA
W.H.M. Saris, Maastricht, Netherlands
R.C. Shank, Irvine, California, USA
M. Smith, Vlaardingen, Netherlands
S.K. Srivastava, Amarillo, Texas, USA
Y.-J. Surh, Seoul, South Korea
R.G. Tardiff, Vienna, Virginia, USA
S.L. Taylor, Lincoln, Nebraska, USA
J.A. Thomas, Indianapolis, Indiana, USA
E. Vavasour, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada
H. Verhagen, Bilthoven, Netherlands
A. Visconti, Bari, Italy
X. Wang, Nanjing, China
S. Yannai, Haifa, Israel

GUIDE FOR AUTHORS

Your Paper Your Way

We now differentiate between the requirements for new and revised submissions. You may choose to submit your manuscript as a single Word or PDF file to be used in the refereeing process. Only when your paper is at the revision stage, will you be requested to put your paper in to a 'correct format' for acceptance and provide the items required for the publication of your article.

To find out more, please visit the Preparation section below.

INTRODUCTION

Food and Chemical Toxicology (FCT), an internationally renowned journal, aspires to publish original research articles and reviews on **toxic effects**, in animals or humans, of natural or synthetic chemicals occurring in the human environment with particular emphasis on **food, drugs, and chemicals, including agricultural and industrial safety, and consumer product safety**. Areas such as safety evaluation of **novel foods and ingredients, biotechnologically-derived products, and nanomaterials** are included in the scope of the journal. FCT also encourages submission of papers on **inter-relationships between nutrition and toxicology** and on *in vitro* techniques, particularly those fostering the **3 Rs**.

The principal aim of the journal is to publish high impact, scholarly work and to serve as a multidisciplinary forum for research in toxicology. Papers submitted will be judged on the basis of scientific originality and contribution to the field, quality and subject matter. Studies should address at least one of the following: Physiological, biochemical, or pathological changes induced by specific substances Techniques for assessing potential toxicity, including molecular biology Mechanisms underlying toxic phenomena Toxicological examinations of specific chemicals or consumer products, both those showing adverse effects and those demonstrating safety, that meet current standards of scientific acceptability

Manuscripts concerning materials/substances of only local interest for which the chemical composition of the material/substance is **not clearly defined** will **not** be considered. Manuscripts addressing only pharmacological properties, or only potentially beneficial effects using *in vitro* or *in vivo* systems, are not within the scope of the journal.

FCT is committed to the highest standards. Only papers that have not been previously published, that fit in the above mentioned scope, and that have been reviewed by experts in the field prior to publication will be accepted. Cover letters must state that the paper is new and original and not under consideration for publication elsewhere. Papers pending in other journals will not be considered. Co-authors should be individuals who have contributed substantially to the content of the papers.

Types of paper

The Journal's main purpose is the publication of papers reporting and interpreting original unpublished toxicological research, particularly studies promoting an understanding of the mechanisms underlying toxic effects or improvements in methods for predicting adverse effects. Papers reporting the toxicological examination of specific foods, chemicals or consumer products will be published, irrespective of the positive or negative nature of the results, provided the tests and reporting meet current standards of acceptability. In addition, Short Communications will also be considered, as will concise interpretative Reviews of toxicological topics of contemporary significance. Letters to the Editor will be limited to comments on contributions already published in the journal; if a letter is accepted, a response (for simultaneous publication) will be invited from the authors of the original contribution. All Letters to the Editor should be submitted to the Editor in Chief, A. Wallace Hayes at the following address: awallacehayes@comcast.net.

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

Ethics in publishing

For information on Ethics in publishing and Ethical guidelines for journal publication see <http://www.elsevier.com/publishingethics> and <http://www.elsevier.com/journal-authors/ethics>.

Conflict of interest

Food and Chemical Toxicology follows the ICMJE recommendations regarding conflict of interest disclosures. All authors are required to report the following information with each submission: All third-party financial support for the work in the submitted manuscript. All financial relationships with any entities that could be viewed as relevant to the general area of the submitted manuscript. All sources of revenue with relevance to the submitted work who made payments to you, or to your institution on your behalf, in the 36 months prior to submission. Any other interactions with the sponsor of outside of the submitted work should also be reported. Any relevant patents or copyrights (planned, pending, or issued). Any other relationships or affiliations that may be perceived by readers to have influenced, or give the appearance of potentially influencing, what you wrote in the submitted work.

As a general guideline, it is usually better to disclose a relationship than not. This information will be acknowledged at publication in a Transparency Document. Additional information on the ICMJE recommendations can be found at: <http://www.icmje.org>. The form for conflict of interest disclosure can be downloaded [here](#), or at http://www.icmje.org/coi_disclosure.pdf (if this link does not display properly in your browser, please right-click the link and select "Save Target As..." or "Save Link as..." from the popup menu.)

Submission declaration and verification

Submission of an article implies that the work described has not been published previously (except in the form of an abstract or as part of a published lecture or academic thesis or as an electronic preprint, see <http://www.elsevier.com/postingpolicy>), that it is not under consideration for publication elsewhere, that its publication is approved by all authors and tacitly or explicitly by the responsible authorities where the work was carried out, and that, if accepted, it will not be published elsewhere in the same form, in English or in any other language, including electronically without the written consent of the copyright-holder. To verify originality, your article may be checked by the originality detection service CrossCheck <http://www.elsevier.com/editors/plagdetect>.

Each manuscript must also be accompanied by a cover letter outlining the basic findings of the paper and their significance. Furthermore, it is understood that with submission of this article the authors have complied with the institutional policies governing the humane and ethical treatment of the experimental subjects (i.e. animals and human subjects), and that they are willing to share the original data and materials if so requested.

Changes to authorship

This policy concerns the addition, deletion, or rearrangement of author names in the authorship of accepted manuscripts:

Before the accepted manuscript is published in an online issue: Requests to add or remove an author, or to rearrange the author names, must be sent to the Journal Manager from the corresponding author of the accepted manuscript and must include: (a) the reason the name should be added or removed, or the author names rearranged and (b) written confirmation (e-mail, fax, letter) from all authors that they agree with the addition, removal or rearrangement. In the case of addition or removal of authors, this includes confirmation from the author being added or removed. Requests that are not sent by the corresponding author will be forwarded by the Journal Manager to the corresponding author, who must follow the procedure as described above. Note that: (1) Journal Managers will inform the Journal Editors of any such requests and (2) publication of the accepted manuscript in an online issue is suspended until authorship has been agreed.

After the accepted manuscript is published in an online issue: Any requests to add, delete, or rearrange author names in an article published in an online issue will follow the same policies as noted above and result in a corrigendum.

Article transfer service

This journal is part of our Article Transfer Service. This means that if the Editor feels your article is more suitable in one of our other participating journals, then you may be asked to consider transferring the article to one of those. If you agree, your article will be transferred automatically on your behalf with no need to reformat. Please note that your article will be reviewed again by the new journal. More information about this can be found here: <http://www.elsevier.com/authors/article-transfer-service>.

Copyright

This journal offers authors a choice in publishing their research: Open access and Subscription.

For subscription articles

Upon acceptance of an article, authors will be asked to complete a 'Journal Publishing Agreement' (for more information on this and copyright, see <http://www.elsevier.com/copyright>). An e-mail will be sent to the corresponding author confirming receipt of the manuscript together with a 'Journal Publishing Agreement' form or a link to the online version of this agreement.

Subscribers may reproduce tables of contents or prepare lists of articles including abstracts for internal circulation within their institutions. Permission of the Publisher is required for resale or distribution outside the institution and for all other derivative works, including compilations and translations (please consult <http://www.elsevier.com/permissions>). If excerpts from other copyrighted works are included, the author(s) must obtain written permission from the copyright owners and credit the source(s) in the article. Elsevier has preprinted forms for use by authors in these cases: please consult <http://www.elsevier.com/permissions>.

For open access articles

Upon acceptance of an article, authors will be asked to complete an 'Exclusive License Agreement' (for more information see <http://www.elsevier.com/OAauthoragreement>). Permitted reuse of open access articles is determined by the author's choice of user license (see <http://www.elsevier.com/openaccesslicenses>).

Retained author rights

As an author you (or your employer or institution) retain certain rights. For more information on author rights for:

Subscription articles please see <http://www.elsevier.com/journal-authors/author-rights-and-responsibilities>.

Open access articles please see <http://www.elsevier.com/OAauthoragreement>.

Role of the funding source

You are required to identify who provided financial support for the conduct of the research and/or preparation of the article and to briefly describe the role of the sponsor(s), if any, in study design; in the collection, analysis and interpretation of data; in the writing of the report; and in the decision to submit the article for publication. If the funding source(s) had no such involvement then this should be stated. Please see <http://www.elsevier.com/funding>.

Funding body agreements and policies

Elsevier has established agreements and developed policies to allow authors whose articles appear in journals published by Elsevier, to comply with potential manuscript archiving requirements as specified as conditions of their grant awards. To learn more about existing agreements and policies please visit <http://www.elsevier.com/fundingbodies>.

Open access

This journal offers authors a choice in publishing their research:

Open access

- Articles are freely available to both subscribers and the wider public with permitted reuse
- An open access publication fee is payable by authors or their research funder

Subscription

- Articles are made available to subscribers as well as developing countries and patient groups through our access programs (<http://www.elsevier.com/access>)
- No open access publication fee

All articles published open access will be immediately and permanently free for everyone to read and download. Permitted reuse is defined by your choice of one of the following Creative Commons user licenses:

Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY): lets others distribute and copy the article, to create extracts, abstracts, and other revised versions, adaptations or derivative works of or from an article (such as a translation), to include in a collective work (such as an anthology), to text or data mine the article, even for commercial purposes, as long as they credit the author(s), do not represent the author as endorsing their adaptation of the article, and do not modify the article in such a way as to damage the author's honor or reputation.

Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike (CC BY-NC-SA): for non-commercial purposes, lets others distribute and copy the article, to create extracts, abstracts and other revised versions, adaptations or derivative works of or from an article (such as a translation),

to include in a collective work (such as an anthology), to text and data mine the article, as long as they credit the author(s), do not represent the author as endorsing their adaptation of the article, do not modify the article in such a way as to damage the author's honor or reputation, and license their new adaptations or creations under identical terms (CC BY-NC-SA).

Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivs (CC BY-NC-ND): for non-commercial purposes, lets others distribute and copy the article, and to include in a collective work (such as an anthology), as long as they credit the author(s) and provided they do not alter or modify the article.

To provide open access, this journal has a publication fee which needs to be met by the authors or their research funders for each article published open access.

Your publication choice will have no effect on the peer review process or acceptance of submitted articles.

The open access publication fee for this journal is **\$2,200**, excluding taxes. Learn more about Elsevier's pricing policy: <http://www.elsevier.com/openaccesspricing>.

Language (usage and editing services)

Please write your text in good English (American or British usage is accepted, but not a mixture of these). Authors who feel their English language manuscript may require editing to eliminate possible grammatical or spelling errors and to conform to correct scientific English may wish to use the English Language Editing service available from Elsevier's WebShop (<http://webshop.elsevier.com/languageediting/>) or visit our customer support site (<http://support.elsevier.com>) for more information.

Submission

Our online submission system guides you stepwise through the process of entering your article details and uploading your files. The system converts your article files to a single PDF file used in the peer-review process. Editable files (e.g., Word, LaTeX) are required to typeset your article for final publication. All correspondence, including notification of the Editor's decision and requests for revision, is sent by e-mail.

Referees

The Editors require submissions by the authors of the names and addresses of 4 potential reviewers for this submission. The institutional address and e-mail address are required. At least 2 of the referees should be from a different country to the corresponding author's. The Editors reserve the right to use these or other reviewers.

PREPARATION

NEW SUBMISSIONS

Submission to this journal proceeds totally online and you will be guided stepwise through the creation and uploading of your files. The system automatically converts your files to a single PDF file, which is used in the peer-review process.

As part of the Your Paper Your Way service, you may choose to submit your manuscript as a single file to be used in the refereeing process. This can be a PDF file or a Word document, in any format or layout that can be used by referees to evaluate your manuscript. It should contain high enough quality figures for refereeing. If you prefer to do so, you may still provide all or some of the source files at the initial submission. Please note that individual figure files larger than 10 MB must be uploaded separately.

References

There are no strict requirements on reference formatting at submission. References can be in any style or format as long as the style is consistent. Where applicable, author(s) name(s), journal title/book title, chapter title/article title, year of publication, volume number/book chapter and the pagination must be present. Use of DOI is highly encouraged. The reference style used by the journal will be applied to the accepted article by Elsevier at the proof stage. Note that missing data will be highlighted at proof stage for the author to correct.

Formatting requirements

There are no strict formatting requirements but all manuscripts must contain the essential elements needed to convey your manuscript, for example Abstract, Keywords, Introduction, Materials and Methods, Results, Conclusions, Artwork and Tables with Captions.

If your article includes any Videos and/or other Supplementary material, this should be included in your initial submission for peer review purposes.

Divide the article into clearly defined sections.

Please ensure the text of your paper is double-spaced– this is an essential peer review requirement.

Figures and tables embedded in text

Please ensure the figures and the tables included in the single file are placed next to the relevant text in the manuscript, rather than at the bottom or the top of the file.

REVISED SUBMISSIONS

Use of word processing software

Regardless of the file format of the original submission, at revision you must provide us with an editable file of the entire article. Keep the layout of the text as simple as possible. Most formatting codes will be removed and replaced on processing the article. The electronic text should be prepared in a way very similar to that of conventional manuscripts (see also the Guide to Publishing with Elsevier: <http://www.elsevier.com/guidepublication>). See also the section on Electronic artwork.

To avoid unnecessary errors you are strongly advised to use the 'spell-check' and 'grammar-check' functions of your word processor.

Article structure

Subdivision - numbered sections

Divide your article into clearly defined and numbered sections. Subsections should be numbered 1.1 (then 1.1.1, 1.1.2, ...), 1.2, etc. (the abstract is not included in section numbering). Use this numbering also for internal cross-referencing: do not just refer to 'the text'. Any subsection may be given a brief heading. Each heading should appear on its own separate line.

Introduction

State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results.

Material and methods

Provide sufficient detail to allow the work to be reproduced. Methods already published should be indicated by a reference: only relevant modifications should be described.

Results

Results should be clear and concise.

Discussion

This should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. A combined Results and Discussion section is often appropriate. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature.

Conclusions

The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section.

Essential title page information

- **Title.** Concise and informative. Titles are often used in information-retrieval systems. Avoid abbreviations and formulae where possible.

- **Author names and affiliations.** Where the family name may be ambiguous (e.g., a double name), please indicate this clearly. Present the authors' affiliation addresses (where the actual work was done) below the names. Indicate all affiliations with a lower-case superscript letter immediately after the author's name and in front of the appropriate address. Provide the full postal address of each affiliation, including the country name and, if available, the e-mail address of each author.

- **Corresponding author.** Clearly indicate who will handle correspondence at all stages of refereeing and publication, also post-publication. **Ensure that phone numbers (with country and area code) are provided in addition to the e-mail address and the complete postal address. Contact details must be kept up to date by the corresponding author.**

- **Present/permanent address.** If an author has moved since the work described in the article was done, or was visiting at the time, a 'Present address' (or 'Permanent address') may be indicated as a footnote to that author's name. The address at which the author actually did the work must be retained as the main, affiliation address. Superscript Arabic numerals are used for such footnotes.

Abstract

A concise and factual abstract is required. The abstract should state briefly the purpose of the research, the principal results and major conclusions. An abstract is often presented separately from the article, so it must be able to stand alone. For this reason, References should be avoided, but if essential, then cite the author(s) and year(s). Also, non-standard or uncommon abbreviations should be avoided, but if essential they must be defined at their first mention in the abstract itself.

Graphical abstract

Although a graphical abstract is optional, its use is encouraged as it draws more attention to the online article. The graphical abstract should summarize the contents of the article in a concise, pictorial form designed to capture the attention of a wide readership. Graphical abstracts should be submitted as a separate file in the online submission system. Image size: Please provide an image with a minimum of 531 × 1328 pixels (h × w) or proportionally more. The image should be readable at a size of 5 × 13 cm using a regular screen resolution of 96 dpi. Preferred file types: TIFF, EPS, PDF or MS Office files. See <http://www.elsevier.com/graphicalabstracts> for examples.

Authors can make use of Elsevier's Illustration and Enhancement service to ensure the best presentation of their images and in accordance with all technical requirements: [Illustration Service](#).

Highlights

Please amend your research highlights so that they consist of 3 to 5 brief bullet points which convey the core findings of your work. Please ensure EACH bullet point does NOT exceed 125 characters (including spaces). An example is given below:

RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS EXAMPLE:

* Research highlights are a mandatory field of a submitted paper & therefore should not exceed 125 characters including spaces.

Keywords

Immediately after the abstract, provide a maximum of 6 keywords, using British spelling and avoiding general and plural terms and multiple concepts (avoid, for example, 'and', 'of'). Be sparing with abbreviations: only abbreviations firmly established in the field may be eligible. These keywords will be used for indexing purposes.

Abbreviations

Abbreviations should be used sparingly; they should be defined when first used in the paper but also listed in alphabetical order under *Abbreviations* as a footnote to the title page (see above).

Acknowledgements

Collate acknowledgements in a separate section at the end of the article before the references and do not, therefore, include them on the title page, as a footnote to the title or otherwise. List here those individuals who provided help during the research (e.g., providing language help, writing assistance or proof reading the article, etc.).

Nomenclature and units

All measurements should be expressed in metric, preferably SI, units. Test chemicals and enzymes must be clearly identified, IUPAC and CAS names being used, wherever possible with the aid of CAS Registry and EC numbers. Pesticides should be referred to be their ISO names and human and veterinary drugs by their INNs.

Database linking

Elsevier encourages authors to connect articles with external databases, giving their readers one-click access to relevant databases that help to build a better understanding of the described research. Please refer to relevant database identifiers using the following format in your article: Database: xxxx (e.g., TAIR: AT1G01020; CCDC: 734053; PDB: 1XFN). See <http://www.elsevier.com/databaselinking> for more information and a full list of supported databases.

Footnotes

Footnotes should be used sparingly. Number them consecutively throughout the article. Many word processors build footnotes into the text, and this feature may be used. Should this not be the case, indicate the position of footnotes in the text and present the footnotes themselves separately at the end of the article.

Artwork

Electronic artwork

General points

- Make sure you use uniform lettering and sizing of your original artwork.
 - Preferred fonts: Arial (or Helvetica), Times New Roman (or Times), Symbol, Courier.
 - Number the illustrations according to their sequence in the text.
 - Use a logical naming convention for your artwork files.
 - Indicate per figure if it is a single, 1.5 or 2-column fitting image.
 - For Word submissions only, you may still provide figures and their captions, and tables within a single file at the revision stage.
 - Please note that individual figure files larger than 10 MB must be provided in separate source files.
- A detailed guide on electronic artwork is available on our website:

<http://www.elsevier.com/artworkinstructions>.

You are urged to visit this site; some excerpts from the detailed information are given here.

Formats

Regardless of the application used, when your electronic artwork is finalized, please 'save as' or convert the images to one of the following formats (note the resolution requirements for line drawings, halftones, and line/halftone combinations given below):

EPS (or PDF): Vector drawings. Embed the font or save the text as 'graphics'.

TIFF (or JPG): Color or grayscale photographs (halftones): always use a minimum of 300 dpi.

TIFF (or JPG): Bitmapped line drawings: use a minimum of 1000 dpi.

TIFF (or JPG): Combinations bitmapped line/half-tone (color or grayscale): a minimum of 500 dpi is required.

Please do not:

- Supply files that are optimized for screen use (e.g., GIF, BMP, PICT, WPG); the resolution is too low.
- Supply files that are too low in resolution.
- Submit graphics that are disproportionately large for the content.

Color artwork

Please make sure that artwork files are in an acceptable format (TIFF (or JPEG), EPS (or PDF), or MS Office files) and with the correct resolution. If, together with your accepted article, you submit usable color figures then Elsevier will ensure, at no additional charge, that these figures will appear in color online (e.g., ScienceDirect and other sites) regardless of whether or not these illustrations are reproduced in color in the printed version. **For color reproduction in print, you will receive information regarding the costs from Elsevier after receipt of your accepted article.** Please indicate your preference for color: in print or online only. For further information on the preparation of electronic artwork, please see <http://www.elsevier.com/artworkinstructions>.

Please note: Because of technical complications that can arise by converting color figures to 'gray scale' (for the printed version should you not opt for color in print) please submit in addition usable black and white versions of all the color illustrations.

Figure captions

Ensure that each illustration has a caption. A caption should comprise a brief title (**not** on the figure itself) and a description of the illustration. Keep text in the illustrations themselves to a minimum but explain all symbols and abbreviations used.

Tables

Please submit tables as editable text and not as images. Tables can be placed either next to the relevant text in the article, or on separate page(s) at the end. Number tables consecutively in accordance with their appearance in the text and place any table notes below the table body. Be sparing in the use of tables and ensure that the data presented in them do not duplicate results described elsewhere in the article. Please avoid using vertical rules.

References

Citation in text

Please ensure that every reference cited in the text is also present in the reference list (and vice versa). Any references cited in the abstract must be given in full. Unpublished results and personal communications are not recommended in the reference list, but may be mentioned in the text. If these references are included in the reference list they should follow the standard reference style of the journal and should include a substitution of the publication date with either 'Unpublished results' or 'Personal communication'. Citation of a reference as 'in press' implies that the item has been accepted for publication.

Reference links

Increased discoverability of research and high quality peer review are ensured by online links to the sources cited. In order to allow us to create links to abstracting and indexing services, such as Scopus, CrossRef and PubMed, please ensure that data provided in the references are correct. Please note that incorrect surnames, journal/book titles, publication year and pagination may prevent link creation. When copying references, please be careful as they may already contain errors. Use of the DOI is encouraged.

Reference management software

This journal has standard templates available in key reference management packages EndNote (<http://www.endnote.com/support/enstyles.asp>) and Reference Manager (<http://refman.com/support/rmstyles.asp>). Using plug-ins to wordprocessing packages, authors only need to select the appropriate journal template when preparing their article and the list of references and citations to these will be formatted according to the journal style which is described below.

Reference formatting

There are no strict requirements on reference formatting at submission. References can be in any style or format as long as the style is consistent. Where applicable, author(s) name(s), journal title/book title, chapter title/article title, year of publication, volume number/book chapter and the pagination must be present. Use of DOI is highly encouraged. The reference style used by the journal will be applied to the accepted article by Elsevier at the proof stage. Note that missing data will be highlighted at proof stage for the author to correct. If you do wish to format the references yourself they should be arranged according to the following examples:

Reference formatting

There are no strict requirements on reference formatting at submission. References can be in any style or format as long as the style is consistent. Where applicable, author(s) name(s), journal title/book title, chapter title/article title, year of publication, volume and issue/book chapter and the pagination must be present. Use of DOI is highly encouraged. The reference style used by the journal will be applied to the accepted article by Elsevier at the proof stage. Note that missing data will be highlighted at proof stage for the author to correct. If you do wish to format the references yourself they should be arranged according to the following examples:

Reference style

Text: All citations in the text should refer to:

1. *Single author:* the author's name (without initials, unless there is ambiguity) and the year of publication;
2. *Two authors:* both authors' names and the year of publication;
3. *Three or more authors:* first author's name followed by 'et al.' and the year of publication.

Citations may be made directly (or parenthetically). Groups of references should be listed first alphabetically, then chronologically.

Examples: 'as demonstrated (Allan, 2000a, 2000b, 1999; Allan and Jones, 1999). Kramer et al. (2010) have recently shown'

List: References should be arranged first alphabetically and then further sorted chronologically if necessary. More than one reference from the same author(s) in the same year must be identified by the letters 'a', 'b', 'c', etc., placed after the year of publication.

Examples:

Reference to a journal publication:

Van der Geer, J., Hanraads, J.A.J., Lupton, R.A., 2010. The art of writing a scientific article. *J. Sci. Commun.* 163, 51–59.

Reference to a book:

Strunk Jr, W., White, E.B., 2000. *The Elements of Style*, fourth ed. Longman, New York.

Reference to a chapter in an edited book:

Mettam, G.R., Adams, L.B., 2009. How to prepare an electronic version of your article, in: Jones, B.S., Smith, R.Z. (Eds.), *Introduction to the Electronic Age*. E-Publishing Inc., New York, pp. 281–304.

Journal abbreviations source

Journal names should be abbreviated according to the List of Title Word Abbreviations: <http://www.issn.org/services/online-services/access-to-the-ltwa/>.

Video data

Elsevier accepts video material and animation sequences to support and enhance your scientific research. Authors who have video or animation files that they wish to submit with their article are strongly encouraged to include links to these within the body of the article. This can be done in the same way as a figure or table by referring to the video or animation content and noting in the body text where it should be placed. All submitted files should be properly labeled so that they directly relate to the video file's content. In order to ensure that your video or animation material is directly usable, please provide the files in one of our recommended file formats with a preferred maximum size of 50 MB. Video and animation files supplied will be published online in the electronic version of your article in Elsevier Web products, including ScienceDirect: <http://www.sciencedirect.com>. Please supply 'stills' with your files: you can choose any frame from the video or animation or make a separate image. These will be used instead of standard icons and will personalize the link to your video data. For more detailed instructions please visit our video instruction pages at <http://www.elsevier.com/artworkinstructions>. Note: since video and animation cannot be embedded in the print version of the journal, please provide text for both the electronic and the print version for the portions of the article that refer to this content.

AudioSlides

The journal encourages authors to create an AudioSlides presentation with their published article. AudioSlides are brief, webinar-style presentations that are shown next to the online article on ScienceDirect. This gives authors the opportunity to summarize their research in their own words and to help readers understand what the paper is about. More information and examples are available at <http://www.elsevier.com/audioslides>. Authors of this journal will automatically receive an invitation e-mail to create an AudioSlides presentation after acceptance of their paper.

Supplementary data

Elsevier accepts electronic supplementary material to support and enhance your scientific research. Supplementary files offer the author additional possibilities to publish supporting applications, high-resolution images, background datasets, sound clips and more. Supplementary files supplied will be published online alongside the electronic version of your article in Elsevier Web products, including ScienceDirect: <http://www.sciencedirect.com>. In order to ensure that your submitted material is directly usable, please provide the data in one of our recommended file formats. Authors should submit the material in electronic format together with the article and supply a concise and descriptive caption for each file. For more detailed instructions please visit our artwork instruction pages at <http://www.elsevier.com/artworkinstructions>.

Submission checklist

The following list will be useful during the final checking of an article prior to sending it to the journal for review. Please consult this Guide for Authors for further details of any item.

Ensure that the following items are present:

One author has been designated as the corresponding author with contact details:

- E-mail address
- Full postal address
- Telephone

All necessary files have been uploaded, and contain:

- Keywords
- All figure captions
- All tables (including title, description, footnotes)

Further considerations

- Manuscript has been 'spell-checked' and 'grammar-checked'
- All references mentioned in the Reference list are cited in the text, and vice versa
- Permission has been obtained for use of copyrighted material from other sources (including the Internet)

Printed version of figures (if applicable) in color or black-and-white

- Indicate clearly whether or not color or black-and-white in print is required.
- For reproduction in black-and-white, please supply black-and-white versions of the figures for printing purposes.

For any further information please visit our customer support site at <http://support.elsevier.com>.

AFTER ACCEPTANCE

Use of the Digital Object Identifier

The Digital Object Identifier (DOI) may be used to cite and link to electronic documents. The DOI consists of a unique alpha-numeric character string which is assigned to a document by the publisher upon the initial electronic publication. The assigned DOI never changes. Therefore, it is an ideal medium for citing a document, particularly 'Articles in press' because they have not yet received their full bibliographic information. Example of a correctly given DOI (in URL format; here an article in the journal *Physics Letters B*):

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.physletb.2010.09.059>

When you use a DOI to create links to documents on the web, the DOIs are guaranteed never to change.

Online proof correction

Corresponding authors will receive an e-mail with a link to our online proofing system, allowing annotation and correction of proofs online. The environment is similar to MS Word: in addition to editing text, you can also comment on figures/tables and answer questions from the Copy Editor. Web-based proofing provides a faster and less error-prone process by allowing you to directly type your corrections, eliminating the potential introduction of errors.

If preferred, you can still choose to annotate and upload your edits on the PDF version. All instructions for proofing will be given in the e-mail we send to authors, including alternative methods to the online version and PDF.

We will do everything possible to get your article published quickly and accurately. Please use this proof only for checking the typesetting, editing, completeness and correctness of the text, tables and figures. Significant changes to the article as accepted for publication will only be considered at this stage with permission from the Editor. It is important to ensure that all corrections are sent back to us in one communication. Please check carefully before replying, as inclusion of any subsequent corrections cannot be guaranteed. Proofreading is solely your responsibility.

Offprints

The corresponding author, at no cost, will be provided with a personalized link providing 50 days free access to the final published version of the article on [ScienceDirect](#). This link can also be used for sharing via email and social networks. For an extra charge, paper offprints can be ordered via the offprint order form which is sent once the article is accepted for publication. Both corresponding and co-authors may order offprints at any time via Elsevier's WebShop (<http://webshop.elsevier.com/myarticleservices/offprints>). Authors requiring printed copies of multiple articles may use Elsevier WebShop's 'Create Your Own Book' service to collate multiple articles within a single cover (<http://webshop.elsevier.com/myarticleservices/booklets>).

AUTHOR INQUIRIES

You can track your submitted article at http://help.elsevier.com/app/answers/detail/a_id/89/p/8045/. You can track your accepted article at <http://www.elsevier.com/trackarticle>. You are also welcome to contact Customer Support via <http://support.elsevier.com>.

© Copyright 2014 Elsevier | <http://www.elsevier.com>