ARABIAN JOURNAL OF CHEMISTRY

Production and Hosting by Elsevier B.V. on behalf of King Saud University

AUTHOR INFORMATION PACK

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- **Description** **p.1**
- **Impact Factor** **p.1**
- **Abstracting and Indexing** **p.1**
- **Editorial Board** **p.1**
- **Guide for Authors** **p.4**

ISSN: 1878-5352

DESCRIPTION

The Arabian Journal of Chemistry is an English language, peer-reviewed scholarly publication in the area of chemistry. *The Arabian Journal of Chemistry* publishes original papers, reviews and short reports on, but not limited to: inorganic, physical, organic, analytical and biochemistry.
The Arabian Journal of Chemistry is issued by the *Arab Union of Chemists* and is published by King Saud University together with the *Saudi Chemical Society* in collaboration with Elsevier and is edited by an international group of eminent researchers.

IMPACT FACTOR

2011: 1.367 © Thomson Reuters Journal Citation Reports 2012

ABSTRACTING AND INDEXING

Science Citation Index Expanded

EDITORIAL BOARD

Editor-in-Chief

A.A. Alwarthan, Chemistry Department, College of Science, King Saud University, Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia**, Email:** awarthan@ksu.edu.sa

Vice-Editors-in-Chief

S.T. Abu-Orabi, President of Yarmouk University, Irbid-Jordan, Jordanian Chemical Society, Arab Union of Chemists, Secretary General**, Email:** Abuorabi@excite.com
Z.A. ALOthman, Chemistry Department, King Saud University, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia**, Email:** zaothman@ksu.edu.sa
Y.M. Issa, Chemistry Department, Cairo University, Cairo, Egypt**, Email:** yousrymi@yahoo.com

Editorial Board

F.T. Abachi, Pharmaceutical Chemistry, College of Pharmacy, Mosul University, Mosul, Iraq**, Email:** farisabachi@yahoo.com
N.A. Al-Awadi, Professor of Organic Chemsitry, Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, P.O. Box: 5969 Safat-13060, Kuwait University**, Email:** eam_hc5@kuc01.kuniv.edu.kw
A.S. Al-Haddad, University of Bahrain, Department of Chemistry, Issa Town, P.O. Box 32028, Kingdom of Bahrain**, Email:** ameera@sci.uoh.bh

H.M. Al-Hazimi, Chemistry Department, Science College, King Saud University, Saudi Arabia**, Email:** hhazimi@ksu.edu.sa
H.Z. Al-Khathlan, Chemistry Department, Science College, King Saud University, Saudi Arabia**, Email:** Khathlan@ksu.edu.sa
S.S. Al-Labeia, Chemistry Department, Science College, Basrah University, Basrah, Iraq**, Email:** salah_al_labeia@yahoo.com
A. Al-Majid, Chemistry Department, King Saud University, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia**, Email:** amajid@ksu.edu.sa
A.A. AlNajjar, Applied Science, College of Technological Studies, Public Authority of Applied Education and Training, P.O. Box 34484 Adeilia 73255, Kuwait**, Email:** anajjar_55@yahoo.com
S.M.H. Ayoub, Chemistry Department, Elneleen University, Khartoum, Sudan
A.Y. Badjah-Hadj-Ahmed, University of Science and Technology, Houari Boumadiene, Faculty of Chemistry, BP 32 El Alia., 16111 Bab Ezzouar, Algiers, Algeria**, Email:** Ybadjah@hotmail.com
L. Baklouti, Laboratoire de Chimie des Interactions Moleculaires, Faculte de Sciences de Bizerte, 7021 Zarzouna, Tunisie**, Email:** bakloutilassaad@yahoo.fr
A. Bengueddach, Laboratoire de Chimie des Materiaux, Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, P.O. Box 1524 el Mnouar, 31000-Oran, Algerie**, Email:** aek-bengueddach@univ.oran.dz
A.A. Daffaalla, Chemistry Department, Science College, Sudan University of Science, Technology, P.O. Box: 407, Khartoum, Sudan**, Email:** aadafa@hotmail.com
E.S.H. El Ashry, Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science, University of Alexandria, Alexandria, Egypt**, Email:** eelashry60@hotmail.com
M. El Rhazi, Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science and Technology, Hassan II University Mohammedia, Morocco**, Email:** elrhazim@hotmail.com
M.F. Farhat, Professor of Organic Chemistry, Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science, Al-Fateh University, P.O. Box: 13494 Tripole, Libya**, Email:** mf_farhat@yahoo.com
B. Hammouti, Director, Laboratory of Applied Chemistry and Environment, Faculty of Science, University of Mohammed Premier, Morocco**, Email:** hammoutib@yahoo.com
M. Haroun, Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Umm Al-Qura University, Mecca, KSA,**, Email:** michelyneharoun@yahoo.com
M. Hourani, Department of Chemistry, Al Balqa Applied University, Al-Salt, Jordan**, Email:** mhouran@bau.edu.jo
I.A. Jibril, Chemistry Department, Yarmouk University, Irbid, Jordan**, Email:** iajibril@yahoo.com

Advisory International Board

E.K. Al-Hanash, Vice-Dean for Graduate Studies and Research, Faculty of Science, Mohram Bey, Alexandria University, Alexandria, Egypt**, Email:** ekaijac@yahoo.com
F. Al-Kharafi, Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Kuwait University, Kuwait**, Email:** chesc@kuc01.kuniv.edu.kw
J.M. Calatayud, Chemistry Department, University of Valencia, Valencia, Spain**, Email:** jose.martinez@uv.es
A.R. Castro, Department of Analytical Chemistry and Food Tech., Faculty of Chemistry, University of Castilla-La Mancha, AV. Camilo Jose Cela. 10, E–13004 Ciudad Real, Spain**, Email:** angel.rios@uclm.es
D.M. Cleveland, 18347 woodland Ridge Drive # 14, Spring Lake, MI 49456**, Email:** danielle.cleveland@uconn.edu
S. El-Shall, Department of Chemistry, Virginia Commonwealth University, Richmond, Virginia 23284-2006, USA**, Email:** mselshal@vcu.edu
P.S. Francis, School of Life and Environmental Sciences, Deakin University, Geelong, Victoria 3217, Australia**, Email:** psf@deakin.edu.au
B.R. Henry, University of Guelph, Department of Chemistry, Guelph, Ontario NIG 2W1, Canada**, Email:** Chmhenry@uoguelph.ca
J. Jin, Chemistry Department and Center for Electro- and Responsive Molecules, College of Sciences, Korea University, 5-1 Anam-Dong, Seoul 136-701, Korea, Email: jijin@korea.ac.kr, jijin@kcsnet.or.kr
J.M. Kauffmann, Free University of Brussels, Lab, Instrumental Analysis and Bioelectrochemistry, Pharmaceutical Institute, ULB 205/6 Campus Plain B-1050 Brussels, Belgium**, Email:** jmkauf@ulb.ac.be
I. Khan, Director, Materials and Chemical Synthesis Program, Department of Biological Chemical and Physical Sciences, College of Science and Letters, Room 125 E110W 32nd Street, Chicago, IL 60616-3793**, Email:** khan@117.edu
M.M. Khater, Chemistry Department, Cairo University, Cairo, Egypt**, Email:** motazakhater117@yahoo.com
M.M. Krayushkin, Head of Laboratory of Heterocyclic Compounds, N.D. Zelinsky Institute of Organic Chemistry, Russian Academy of Sciences, 119991, Moscow, Leninsky Propspect 47, Russia**, Email:** mkray@ioc.ac.ru
R.G. Michel, Department of Chemistry, University of Connecticut, 55 North Eagleville Road, Storrs, CT 06269-3060**, Email:** robert.g.michel@uconn.edu
V. Schurig, Institute of Organic Chemistry, University of Tubingen, Auf der Morgenstelle 18, 72076, Tubingen, Germany**, Email:** Volker.schurig@uni-tuebingen.de
Y. Sun, Institute of Coal Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, P.O. Box: 165, Taiyuan, Shanxi, 030001, PR. China**, Email:** yhsun@sxicc.ac.cn
A. Townshend, The University of Hull, Department of Chemistry, Hull, HU6 7RX, United Kingdom**, Email:** a.townshend@hull.ac.uk

J. Vicens, Directeur de Recherche at CNRS, Institut Pluridisciplinaire, Hubert Curien Universite, Louis Pasteur de Strasbourg, Laboratoire de Conception Moleculaire, ECPM25, rue Becquerel F-67087, France**, Email:** vicens@chimie.u-strasbg.fr
I. Yavari, Chemistry Department, Tarbiat Modarres University, Tehran, Iran**, Email:** yavarisa@modares.ac.ir

GUIDE FOR AUTHORS

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

Conflict of interest

All authors are requested to disclose any actual or potential conflict of interest including any financial, personal or other relationships with other people or organizations within three years of beginning the submitted work that could inappropriately influence, or be perceived to influence, their work. See also http://www.elsevier.com/conflictsofinterest. Further information and an example of a Conflict of Interest form can be found at: http://elsevier6.custhelp.com/app/answers/detail/a_id/286/p/7923/.

Submission declaration

Submission of an article implies that the work described has not been published previously (except in the form of an abstract or as part of a published lecture or academic thesis or as an electronic preprint, see http://www.elsevier.com/postingpolicy), that it is not under consideration for publication elsewhere, that its publication is approved by all authors and tacitly or explicitly by the responsible authorities where the work was carried out, and that, if accepted, it will not be published elsewhere including electronically in the same form, in English or in any other language, without the written consent of the copyright-holder.

Please click here to download the author agreement form. It is mandatory to submit the author agreement to complete the submission process. Authors are requested to print the form and sign at the appropriate place provided. The scanned copy of this signed form should be uploaded to confirm the agreement.

Contributors

Each author is required to declare his or her individual contribution to the article: all authors must have materially participated in the research and/or article preparation, so roles for all authors should be described. The statement that all authors have approved the final article should be true and included in the disclosure.

Changes to authorship

This policy concerns the addition, deletion, or rearrangement of author names in the authorship of accepted manuscripts:
Before the accepted manuscript is published in an online issue: Requests to add or remove an author, or to rearrange the author names, must be sent to the Journal Manager from the corresponding author of the accepted manuscript and must include: (a) the reason the name should be added or removed, or the author names rearranged and (b) written confirmation (e-mail, fax, letter) from all authors that they agree with the addition, removal or rearrangement. In the case of addition or removal of authors, this includes confirmation from the author being added or removed. Requests that are not sent by the corresponding author will be forwarded by the Journal Manager to the corresponding author, who must follow the procedure as described above. Note that: (1) Journal Managers will inform the Journal Editors of any such requests and (2) publication of the accepted manuscript in an online issue is suspended until authorship has been agreed.
After the accepted manuscript is published in an online issue: Any requests to add, delete, or rearrange author names in an article published in an online issue will follow the same policies as noted above and result in a corrigendum.

Role of the funding source

You are requested to identify who provided financial support for the conduct of the research and/or preparation of the article and to briefly describe the role of the sponsor(s), if any, in study design; in the collection, analysis and interpretation of data; in the writing of the report; and in the decision to submit the article for publication. If the funding source(s) had no such involvement then this should be stated. Please see http://www.elsevier.com/funding.

Language (usage and editing services)

Please write your text in good English (American or British usage is accepted, but not a mixture of these). Authors who feel their English language manuscript may require editing to eliminate possible grammatical or spelling errors and to conform to correct scientific English may wish to use the English Language Editing service available from Elsevier's WebShop http://webshop.elsevier.com/languageediting/ or visit our customer support site http://support.elsevier.com for more information.

Submission

Submission to this journal proceeds totally online and you will be guided stepwise through the creation and uploading of your files. The system automatically converts source files to a single PDF file of the article, which is used in the peer-review process. Please note that even though manuscript source files are converted to PDF files at submission for the review process, these source files are needed for further processing after acceptance. All correspondence, including notification of the Editor's decision and requests for revision, takes place by e-mail removing the need for a paper trail.

Submit your article
Please submit your article via http://ees.elsevier.com/arabjc.

Referees

Please submit, with the manuscript, the names, addresses and e-mail addresses of three potential referees. Note that the editor retains the sole right to decide whether or not the suggested reviewers are used.

Important notice
Multi-part papers are not to be considered. Papers that are requested by the editors to be revised must be returned within 4 weeks or they will be regarded as withdrawn. This journal has no page charges.

PREPARATION

Use of wordprocessing software

It is important that the file be saved in the native format of the wordprocessor used. The text should be in single-column format. Keep the layout of the text as simple as possible. Most formatting codes will be removed and replaced on processing the article. In particular, do not use the wordprocessor's options to justify text or to hyphenate words. However, do use bold face, italics, subscripts, superscripts etc. When preparing tables, if you are using a table grid, use only one grid for each individual table and not a grid for each row. If no grid is used, use tabs, not spaces, to align columns. The electronic text should be prepared in a way very similar to that of conventional manuscripts (see also the Guide to Publishing with Elsevier: http://www.elsevier.com/guidepublication). Note that source files of figures, tables and text graphics will be required whether or not you embed your figures in the text. See also the section on Electronic artwork.
To avoid unnecessary errors you are strongly advised to use the 'spell-check' and 'grammar-check' functions of your wordprocessor.

Article structure

Subdivision - numbered sections
Divide your article into clearly defined and numbered sections. Subsections should be numbered 1.1 (then 1.1.1, 1.1.2, ...), 1.2, etc. (the abstract is not included in section numbering). Use this numbering also for internal cross-referencing: do not just refer to 'the text'. Any subsection may be given a brief heading. Each heading should appear on its own separate line.

Introduction
State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results.

Material and methods
Provide sufficient detail to allow the work to be reproduced. Methods already published should be indicated by a reference: only relevant modifications should be described.

Results
Results should be clear and concise.

Discussion
This should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. A combined Results and Discussion section is often appropriate. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature.

Conclusions
The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section.

Appendices
If there is more than one appendix, they should be identified as A, B, etc. Formulae and equations in appendices should be given separate numbering: Eq. (A.1), Eq. (A.2), etc.; in a subsequent appendix, Eq. (B.1) and so on. Similarly for tables and figures: Table A.1; Fig. A.1, etc.

Essential title page information

• ***Title.*** Concise and informative. Titles are often used in information-retrieval systems. Avoid abbreviations and formulae where possible.
• ***Author names and affiliations.*** Where the family name may be ambiguous (e.g., a double name), please indicate this clearly. Present the authors' affiliation addresses (where the actual work was done) below the names. Indicate all affiliations with a lower-case superscript letter immediately after the author's name and in front of the appropriate address. Provide the full postal address of each affiliation, including the country name and, if available, the e-mail address of each author.
• ***Corresponding author.*** Clearly indicate who will handle correspondence at all stages of refereeing and publication, also post-publication. **Ensure that phone numbers (with country and area code) are provided in addition to the e-mail address and the complete postal address. Contact details must be kept up to date by the corresponding author.**
• ***Present/permanent address.*** If an author has moved since the work described in the article was done, or was visiting at the time, a 'Present address' (or 'Permanent address') may be indicated as a footnote to that author's name. The address at which the author actually did the work must be retained as the main, affiliation address. Superscript Arabic numerals are used for such footnotes.

Abstract

A concise and factual abstract is required. The abstract should state briefly the purpose of the research, the principal results and major conclusions. An abstract is often presented separately from the article, so it must be able to stand alone. For this reason, References should be avoided, but if essential, then cite the author(s) and year(s). Also, non-standard or uncommon abbreviations should be avoided, but if essential they must be defined at their first mention in the abstract itself.

Keywords

Immediately after the abstract, provide a maximum of 6 keywords, using American spelling and avoiding general and plural terms and multiple concepts (avoid, for example, 'and', 'of'). Be sparing with abbreviations: only abbreviations firmly established in the field may be eligible. These keywords will be used for indexing purposes.

Abbreviations

Define abbreviations that are not standard in this field in a footnote to be placed on the first page of the article. Such abbreviations that are unavoidable in the abstract must be defined at their first mention there, as well as in the footnote. Ensure consistency of abbreviations throughout the article.

Acknowledgements

Collate acknowledgements in a separate section at the end of the article before the references and do not, therefore, include them on the title page, as a footnote to the title or otherwise. List here those individuals who provided help during the research (e.g., providing language help, writing assistance or proof reading the article, etc.).

Artwork

Electronic artwork
General points
• Make sure you use uniform lettering and sizing of your original artwork.
• Embed the used fonts if the application provides that option.
• Aim to use the following fonts in your illustrations: Arial, Courier, Times New Roman, Symbol, or use fonts that look similar.
• Number the illustrations according to their sequence in the text.
• Use a logical naming convention for your artwork files.
• Provide captions to illustrations separately.
• Size the illustrations close to the desired dimensions of the printed version.
• Submit each illustration as a separate file.
A detailed guide on electronic artwork is available on our website:
http://www.elsevier.com/artworkinstructions
You are urged to visit this site; some excerpts from the detailed information are given here.
Formats

If your electronic artwork is created in a Microsoft Office application (Word, PowerPoint, Excel) then please supply 'as is' in the native document format.
Regardless of the application used other than Microsoft Office, when your electronic artwork is finalized, please 'Save as' or convert the images to one of the following formats (note the resolution requirements for line drawings, halftones, and line/halftone combinations given below):
EPS (or PDF): Vector drawings, embed all used fonts.
TIFF (or JPEG): Color or grayscale photographs (halftones), keep to a minimum of 300 dpi.
TIFF (or JPEG): Bitmapped (pure black & white pixels) line drawings, keep to a minimum of 1000 dpi.
TIFF (or JPEG): Combinations bitmapped line/half-tone (color or grayscale), keep to a minimum of 500 dpi.
Please do not:
• Supply files that are optimized for screen use (e.g., GIF, BMP, PICT, WPG); these typically have a low number of pixels and limited set of colors;
• Supply files that are too low in resolution;
• Submit graphics that are disproportionately large for the content.

Color artwork
Please make sure that artwork files are in an acceptable format (TIFF, EPS or MS Office files) and with the correct resolution. If, together with your accepted article, you submit usable color figures these will be reproduced in color at no cost. For further information on the preparation of electronic artwork, please see http://www.elsevier.com/artworkinstructions.

Figure captions
Ensure that each illustration has a caption. Supply captions separately, not attached to the figure. A caption should comprise a brief title (**not** on the figure itself) and a description of the illustration. Keep text in the illustrations themselves to a minimum but explain all symbols and abbreviations used.

Tables
Number tables consecutively in accordance with their appearance in the text. Place footnotes to tables below the table body and indicate them with superscript lowercase letters. Avoid vertical rules. Be sparing in the use of tables and ensure that the data presented in tables do not duplicate results described elsewhere in the article.

References
Citation in text
Please ensure that every reference cited in the text is also present in the reference list (and vice versa). Any references cited in the abstract must be given in full. Unpublished results and personal communications are not recommended in the reference list, but may be mentioned in the text. If these references are included in the reference list they should follow the standard reference style of the journal and should include a substitution of the publication date with either 'Unpublished results' or 'Personal communication'. Citation of a reference as 'in press' implies that the item has been accepted for publication.

Web references
As a minimum, the full URL should be given and the date when the reference was last accessed. Any further information, if known (DOI, author names, dates, reference to a source publication, etc.), should also be given. Web references can be listed separately (e.g., after the reference list) under a different heading if desired, or can be included in the reference list.

References in a special issue
Please ensure that the words 'this issue' are added to any references in the list (and any citations in the text) to other articles in the same Special Issue.

Reference style
Text: All citations in the text should refer to:
1. *Single author:* the author's name (without initials, unless there is ambiguity) and the year of publication;
2. *Two authors:* both authors' names and the year of publication;
3. *Three or more authors:* first author's name followed by 'et al.' and the year of publication.
Citations may be made directly (or parenthetically). Groups of references should be listed first alphabetically, then chronologically.
Examples: 'as demonstrated (Allan, 2000a, 2000b, 1999; Allan and Jones, 1999). Kramer et al. (2010) have recently shown ....'

List: References should be arranged first alphabetically and then further sorted chronologically if necessary. More than one reference from the same author(s) in the same year must be identified by the letters 'a', 'b', 'c', etc., placed after the year of publication.
Examples:
Reference to a journal publication:
Van der Geer, J., Hanraads, J.A.J., Lupton, R.A., 2010. The art of writing a scientific article. J. Sci. Commun. 163, 51–59.
Reference to a book:
Strunk Jr., W., White, E.B., 2000. The Elements of Style, fourth ed. Longman, New York.
Reference to a chapter in an edited book:
Mettam, G.R., Adams, L.B., 2009. How to prepare an electronic version of your article, in: Jones, B.S., Smith , R.Z. (Eds.), Introduction to the Electronic Age. E-Publishing Inc., New York, pp. 281–304.

Supplementary data

Elsevier accepts electronic supplementary material to support and enhance your scientific research. Supplementary files offer the author additional possibilities to publish supporting applications, high-resolution images, background datasets, sound clips and more. Supplementary files supplied will be published online alongside the electronic version of your article in Elsevier Web products, including ScienceDirect: http://www.sciencedirect.com. In order to ensure that your submitted material is directly usable, please provide the data in one of our recommended file formats. Authors should submit the material in electronic format together with the article and supply a concise and descriptive caption for each file. For more detailed instructions please visit our artwork instruction pages at http://www.elsevier.com/artworkinstructions.

Submission checklist

The following list will be useful during the final checking of an article prior to sending it to the journal for review. Please consult this Guide for Authors for further details of any item.
Ensure that the following items are present:
One author has been designated as the corresponding author with contact details:
• E-mail address
• Full postal address
• Phone numbers
All necessary files have been uploaded, and contain:
• Keywords
• All figure captions
• All tables (including title, description, footnotes)
Further considerations
• Manuscript has been 'spell-checked' and 'grammar-checked'
• References are in the correct format for this journal
• All references mentioned in the Reference list are cited in the text, and vice versa
• Permission has been obtained for use of copyrighted material from other sources (including the Web)
• Color figures are clearly marked as being intended for color reproduction on the Web (free of charge) and in print, or to be reproduced in color on the Web (free of charge) and in black-and-white in print
• If only color on the Web is required, black-and-white versions of the figures are also supplied for printing purposes
For any further information please visit our customer support site at http://support.elsevier.com.

AFTER ACCEPTANCE

Use of the Digital Object Identifier

The Digital Object Identifier (DOI) may be used to cite and link to electronic documents. The DOI consists of a unique alpha-numeric character string which is assigned to a document by the publisher upon the initial electronic publication. The assigned DOI never changes. Therefore, it is an ideal medium for citing a document, particularly 'Articles in press' because they have not yet received their full bibliographic information. Example of a correctly given DOI (in URL format; here an article in the journal *Physics Letters B*):
http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.physletb.2010.09.059
When you use a DOI to create links to documents on the web, the DOIs are guaranteed never to change.

Proofs

One set of page proofs (as PDF files) will be sent by e-mail to the corresponding author (if we do not have an e-mail address then paper proofs will be sent by post) or, a link will be provided in the e-mail so that authors can download the files themselves. Elsevier now provides authors with PDF proofs which can be annotated; for this you will need to download Adobe Reader version 7 (or higher) available free from http://get.adobe.com/reader. Instructions on how to annotate PDF files will accompany the proofs (also given online). The exact system requirements are given at the Adobe site: http://www.adobe.com/products/reader/tech-specs.html.

If you do not wish to use the PDF annotations function, you may list the corrections (including replies to the Query Form) and return them to Elsevier in an e-mail. Please list your corrections quoting line number. If, for any reason, this is not possible, then mark the corrections and any other comments (including replies to the Query Form) on a printout of your proof and return by fax, or scan the pages and e-mail, or by post. Please use this proof only for checking the typesetting, editing, completeness and correctness of the text, tables and figures. Significant changes to the article as accepted for publication will only be considered at this stage with permission from the Editor. We will do everything possible to get your article published quickly and accurately – please let us have all your corrections within 48 hours. It is important to ensure that all corrections are sent back to us in one communication: please check carefully before replying, as inclusion of any subsequent corrections cannot be guaranteed. Proofreading is solely your responsibility. Note that Elsevier may proceed with the publication of your article if no response is received.

Offprints

The corresponding author, at no cost, will be provided with a PDF file of the article via e-mail (the PDF file is a watermarked version of the published article and includes a cover sheet with the journal cover image and a disclaimer outlining the terms and conditions of use). For an extra charge, paper offprints can be ordered via the offprint order form which is sent once the article is accepted for publication. Both corresponding and co-authors may order offprints at any time via Elsevier's WebShop (http://webshop.elsevier.com/myarticleservices/offprints). Authors requiring printed copies of multiple articles may use Elsevier WebShop's 'Create Your Own Book' service to collate multiple articles within a single cover (http://webshop.elsevier.com/myarticleservices/offprints/myarticlesservices/booklets).

AUTHOR INQUIRIES

For inquiries relating to the submission of articles (including electronic submission) please visit this journal's homepage. For detailed instructions on the preparation of electronic artwork, please visit http://www.elsevier.com/artworkinstructions. Contact details for questions arising after acceptance of an article, especially those relating to proofs, will be provided by the publisher. You can track accepted articles at http://www.elsevier.com/trackarticle. You can also check our Author FAQs at http://www.elsevier.com/authorFAQ and/or contact Customer Support via http://support.elsevier.com.

© Copyright 2012 Elsevier | http://www.elsevier.com